MAKE AMERICA "SAFE FOR DEMOCRACY"

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Today

Johnson Radical? Certainly He Tells You So And He Will Be Elected Business Men Take Notice

—By Arthur Brisbane—

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Chicago, June 8.—"If it be radical to demand 100 per cent. service from public officials and to insist upon justice and decency and righteousness in government; if it be radical to preach that humanity have equal consideration with property, and finally if it be radical to be just American I accept the challenge."—From Hiram Johnson's speech in Chicago last night.

The once in four years has come, and one-half of one hundred million people calling themselves "most intelligent in the world" have delegates here trying one more experiment in self-government.

Everybody knows well that an overwhelming majority of citizens want Johnson for President. If the majority actually ruled, no convention would be necessary except to select a competent man to preside over the Senate, strong enough to replace Johnson and carry on his work in case of death.

But "government by the majority" in this country means majority rule tempered and controlled by minority wire pulling.

Many of the shiest politicians assert that the "big three will kill each other off and that a dark horse will get it."

The "big three" are Johnson, Lowden and Wood, of course. The Senate investigating committee told about two of them. The third, Johnson, is one that at least seventy-five per cent. of the Republican voters, millions of Democrats and Independents want for President.

Latest real political news, and the most impressive, is the voting in North Carolina. Official figures are held back by politicians. But the telegram sent by the Chicago Herald and Examiner to every county and precinct in the State show how the people of this country feel. In North Carolina as elsewhere, about Johnson.

Asa Biggs, editor of the Enterprise at High Point, N. C., expresses the situation as it comes in by wire from editors of every county in the State. This is his telegram:

"Nearly complete returns show Johnson running wild in this (Guilford) county. Thirty-one precincts out of thirty-six give Johnson a lead of approximately ten to one over Wood—Asa Biggs."

And after Wood, the others are nowhere.

The people of the United States are not interested as they ought to be in their right to select as President, the man they want. Business men of the United States, of whom many blindly oppose Johnson because they want an ivory soap candidate, or some other one warranted "to stand hitched," do not know that their attitude menaces the very business interests that they put above all other national considerations.

Present conditions in America and Europe, unrest and agitation, gutter anarchy and profiteer anarchy, make it plain that this country needs a powerful man in the White House, not a gentleman who can eat two million dollars' worth of ivory soap as a campaign hors d'oeuvre, or an heir willing to spend a million or two of his own to buy the delegates and the presidency.

Hiram Johnson is a lawyer, with a respect for the law. He is an American with respect for American institutions, for American principles of government. He is a powerful man; his rivals are political puppets compared with him. He is a courageous man. At any moment this country may need a man combining courage with power, for action at home or abroad, or both.

Republican politicians, the Old Guard, should have intelligence if not integrity to obey the plain will of the people. Never in their lives have they had the opportunity of scoring so wonderful a political victory.

For their own protection they should remember what happened in 1912.

The people wanted Roosevelt, the Old Guard wouldn't have him. He ran as an Independent. WITH HIRAM JOHNSON AS HIS RUNNING MATE.

Roosevelt and Johnson got four million one hundred and ninety thousand one hundred and one votes. Taft and Sherman got three million four hundred and eighty-one thousand six hundred and thirty-two votes. The independent ticket beat the regular Republican ticket by nearly one million votes.

And this year, with Johnson running as an Independent against any other Republican, that other Republican would be beaten in the popular vote by three to four million votes at least.

If Hiram Johnson sees the people cheated at this convention, and sees ivory soap or profiteer soap preparing to hoist its flag over the White House, he must run independent to stop that, or abandon tens of millions of American men and women that believe in him and want him.

THE WEATHER

Boston & Vicinity — Fair; not much change in temperature tonight and Wednesday; moderate variable winds, the fitting weather.

Sun rises 3:57, sets 8:26.

Moon rises 12:36 p. m.

High tide 5 p. m.

Temperature (11 p. m. yesterday, 66 degrees; minimum, 52 degrees; 8 a. m. today, 66. Temperature at 1 p. m. 8.

Light air-ships at 8:50 p. m.

10,000 READY TO STRIKE IN LYNN

LODGE'S KEYNOTE SPEECH

Senator Flays Wilson; Calls League Big Issue

CAR FARE STAYS AT 10 CENTS

Elevated Service Will Be "Poorer," Says Jackson, to Meet Wage Increase

The increase of 10 cents an hour to the Boston Elevated carmen, which will cost the company an additional $2,000,000 a year, will not be followed by a rise in fare, according to a statement made today by James F. Jackson, chairman of the board of trustees.

The public will see the effects of the increase in poorer service, according to Mr. Jackson. Needed rolling stock to replace cars unfit to be in commission will not be bought, while plans to replace miles of almost worn-out tracks will have to be postponed.

His statement follows:

"The arbitration wage award means an increase of more than $2,000,000 in the operating expense of the railway. This is a heavy blow at the program of the trustees, which is now well underway for the improvement and enlargement of the service upon a self-supporting basis and without deficits to be assessed upon cities and towns.

10 CENTS THE LIMIT.

"Ten cents as a flat fare is practically the limit. Any higher fare might well mean less rather than more net revenue. There are thousands today who cannot afford to pay the 10-cent fare. We are now carrying 19 per cent. less passengers than when the fare was five cents.

"The effect of this wage increase, however, will not, in my judgment, be felt by a raise in fare nor in any deficit at the end of the year which closes the last day of this month. The effect will be felt rather in the service, in delaying purchase of needed

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JAMES E. MAGUIRE IN FIELD FOR CONGRESS

James E. Maguire is not a liability in the Tenth Congressional District," said James E. Maguire, editor of the East Boston Free Press, when he took out papers at the State House today for the Democratic nomination few Congress. "The business interests of East Boston have asked me to be a candidate," said Maguire. "I feel that the Tenth District should have a man in Congress who is acquainted with business problems, railroad matters and commerce."

HORSE BOLTS, EVERETT GROCER IS KILLED

Martin W. Simons, sixty years old, a grocer, of No. 103 Hancock street, Everett, was instantly killed today when his horse, hitched to a delivery wagon, took fright at a passing motorcycle and bolted, throwing Simons to the street.

WHISKEY APPARATUS IS SEIZED IN CAMBRIDGE

A large still and a quantity of mash were seized by Sergeant Healy and a squad of Cambridge police in a raid on a house on Tremont street, Cambridge. The raid was under the direction of Federal prohibition agents Ford and Devanny. Leon Rogers, who the police say occupies the house, was held for arraignment before United States Commissioner Hayes today.

Little Girl Saved by Ex-Mayor Curley

Former Mayor Curley saved the life of a little girl at Broadway and Dorchester street, South Boston, today. The girl ran from the sidewalk almost in front of an automobile driven by the ex-Mayor.

Mr. Curley ran the car across the sidewalk into a building and jumped out. By that time the panic-stricken child had raced into the centre of the street, in the way of a City Point elevated car. Mr. Curley snatched her away just as the car rolled by.

'COOLIDGE MUST WIN,' NEW CRY

Unofficial Steering Committee Is Formed by Bay State Men at Chicago

Chicago, June 8.—A new steering committee for Coolidge was born today. It is composed of members of the Massachusetts convention party who are not delegates or alternates. Its advent into the world was announced through the following appeal, delivered to the world on every delegate before he was out of bed:

"COOLIDGE MUST WIN.

"If every Massachusetts man in Chicago gets busy at once, the next forty-eight hours will be the critical ones for carrying the Coolidge call.

"To every delegate to the convention —

"To push this work it is planned to have every man from Massachusetts meet in the Congress Hotel this and every morning, between 8:30 and 9:30, ready to take on a part of the work.

URGED TO "GET BUSY."

"You are urged to meet the committee promptly and to give every possible minute of the next two days to the job in hand. Be prompt at the meeting and get busy.

The call is signed by John N. Cole, chairman of the Massachusetts Public Works Commission; Edward C. Mansfield, former postmaster of Boston; M. Hexter, Gov. Coolidge's aide; Holyoke, George L. Barnes of Weymouth, Herman Hormel, chairman of the Republican City Committee of Boston, and Henry A. Wyman, former attorney general of Massachusetts.

The response was good. Practically every lay member of the Massachusetts party was present. Speeches of encouragement were made by members of the committee and some latent enthusiasm was brought to the surface.

CO-OPERATION AT LAST.

Each man is expected to win a delegate for Coolidge from some other State and bind the convert to win one himself. The best feature of this new move is the evidence it conveys that there is co-operation at last between delegates and visiting Massachusetts men here.

The Wood delegates, Root of Haverhill, Meyer of Hamilton, Keith of Bourne, Parker of New Bedford, Richardson of Worcester, Schuster of Douglas, Dunbar and Pearson of Lowell, are still sticking to their man, and, while not taking active part in Coolidge, are not doing any missionary work for his cause. And Gaspar G. Bacon of Boston has not been caught doing anything like that.

At any rate, there are two steering committees at work for Coolidge now and there ought to be a little less silence and diffidence in the Massachusetts ranks.

7 BOSTON TEACHERS ARE RETIRED ON PENSIONS

After service ranging from forty-two to more than fifty years seven Boston school teachers were retired on pensions by the unanimous vote of the school committee. They are: Emma M. Savil, assistant Edward Everett School, Dorchester, who will draw $584 a year; Emily P. Carpenter, master Wells School for Girls, West End, $600; Helen Crombie, Hull School, $584; Susan E. Mace, Hancock School for Girls, $584; Mary E. Downing, Norcross School, South Boston, $584; Emma L. Eaton, first assistant Norcross School, $600; Kate Wilson, assistant Winthrop School, West End, $584.

10,000 TO STRIKE IN LYNN

General Electric Union Employes Vote for Walkout on Thursday

Ten thousand union employes of the General Electric Company at Lynn will go on strike Thursday morning, it was announced by union leaders today.

At the same time it was announced that the strike vote, which has been in progress among the employes for several weeks was overwhelmingly in favor of a walkout.

The strike order will be given by the international organizers, it was stated today, following a meeting with local leaders and shop committees tomorrow night.

These organizers have been in Boston for some days, armed with authority to call a strike in case the strike vote indicated such a desire among the workers.

They maintained today that not only would they draw out the 10,000 affiliated with the union, but some of the 7,000 unattached employes who make up the balance of the working force.

PROTEST "STOP WATCH."

The strike vote was the climax of a series of disputes between the company and the workers over the "stop watch" efficiency system recently installed. The men objected that the system resulted in driving and "sweating."

The only other grievance so far revealed to the public was the discharge of Harry Boltts, a union employe. He was dismissed on the technical charge of profanity to a foreman. Union heads say he was "put out" because of his activity in labor organizations.

If Thursday's strike materializes, and neither side in Lynn could see any other possibility today, it is expected that the workers will formulate wage demands before they will return to work.

CLOSED SHOP TALKED OF.

The closed shop proposition may also enter into the situation. Union heads have not publicly demanded it. Company officials today declared that they would shut down the plant rather than discard the open shop idea.

The crafts that voted in favor of strike, according to today's announcement, were the Metal Trades Council, machinists, the electrical workers, the cranemen, the moulders and the wire men.

The clerks and other office employes have not yet voted, but are expected by the union leaders to join the walkout.

SEEK HARVARD STUDENT ON "WORTHLESS CHECK"

William B. Rice, a Harvard student, was defaulted and a warrant issued for his arrest when he failed to appear in the Municipal court today to answer a charge of passing a worthless check on a down town department store. According to the police he paid a bill with a check on a Dublin, Ga., bank for $61.50 and had no funds in the bank to cover it.

HELD FOR UNLAWFUL MAKING OF LIQUOR

Charged with unlawful manufacture of liquor, Leon Rogers of Tremont street, Cambridge, pleaded not guilty when arraigned before United States Commissioner Hayes today. He was held in $600 for the Federal Grand Jury. Federal agents said they found fifteen gallons of mash in the kitchen of Rogers' home.

TREMONT ST. JEWEL ROBBERY

Take $3,000 in Rings and Watches Under Arc Light's Glare—Hole Cut in Glass

One of the most daring thefts reported in Boston in a number of years came to light today when it was learned, that under the brilliant glare of an arc light, thieves had cut a hole in the window of the jewelry shop of Reagan & Kipp, No. 162 Tremont street, and escaped with loot valued at $3,000. News of the theft was suppressed by the police of the Lagrange street station.

According to the story told by the officer on the route and that related by the night watchman in the building the place was robbed sometime between 11.45 Sunday evening and 12.45 Monday morning.

That the men had a knowledge of the value of the goods is evidenced by the fact that the cheaper grades were not taken. Anyone that cost $5 or less was left behind by the men. They took with them one tray containing eight gold watches and another tray with 25 gold rings, set with various kinds of stones.

The window cut by the gem thieves is directly on Tremont street. It would have been next to impossible for one man to have done this job. The thieves armed with a diamond glass cutter, first cut a hole in the window pane, diamond shaped. It was of sufficient size to permit a man to crawl through.

Almost opposite the window on the Common, is located an arc light. Its rays fall athwart the street and practically illumine the front of the building in which the store is located. In addition there is always a light burning within the store after dark.

TWO WHO SENT PROXIES TO COURT, DEFAULTED

Samuel Smith and John Scott, two of the three men who were represented by substitutes when a case of being present where gaming implements were found, was called yesterday were ordered defaulted today and their bail of $25 each forfeited. They were also fined $1 each. Yesterday the three substitutes, John LaCivia, Abraham Zuckerman and John Goode, were fined $10 each for contempt of court.

GRANITE CUTTERS WIN FIGHT FOR $1 AN HOUR

Granite cutters in Quincy and in Barre, Vt., who have been on strike since March 1 and April 1, respectively, have won their fight for a wage of $8 a day. The agreement limits the working day to eight hours.

CLINTON MAN DIES IN CONNECTICUT CRASH

Essex, Conn., June 8.—Newton W. Kelsey of Clinton was killed and his brother, Myron Kelsey, and Emil Pedersen, were seriously injured when Endstrom's automobile collided with a motor truck on the State road at Centerbrook.

POPE SUFFERING FROM RHEUMATISM

Rome, June 8.—Pope Benedict is suffering from an attack of rheumatism. His physician has ordered complete rest and massaging for his right arm, which is chiefly affected. Otherwise the pontiff's health is satisfactory.

G.O.P. Sidelights

Coliseum, Chicago, June 8.—There was not the helter-skelter rush for the Coliseum this morning that was seen in former years. Secure in the knowledge that the precious tickets [illegible] and space protected, the delegates and visitors took their time about arriving.

When the first delegates arrived they found on each seat a dodger bearing the portrait of Samuel Adams, candidate for Vice-President. Before the main body arrived, they had been removed by ushers.

The seats contained but a small American flag and a temporary roll.

The gavel which Lodge will use was made from a discarded rafter of Independence Hall, Philadelphia. It was presented to Lodge by Mayor Moore of Philadelphia in behalf of the Pennsylvania delegation.

Myron T. Herrick, former Governor of Ohio and Ambassador to France, head of the delegation of his State, was one of the first to arrive.

"Who's going to be?" he asked.

"I have attended Republican conventions since 1888," he continued, "and this is different from any of them. Even now there is no soul who has any idea of who will be nominated."

Herrick said he was doing everything he could to "broaden the platform."

This greens he will oppose Hiram Johnson and the "irreconcilables" when the attempt is made in the committee on resolutions to insert a plank against the League of Nations.

Little sickness is expected among the delegates and visitors. Dr. John Dill Robertson, convention surgeon, made public announcement there was not a drop in the emergency hospital.

Wood boosters came in with their hats sprouting vari-colored feathers, a la Indian.

Senator Frelinghuysen, of New Jersey, one of the "early birds," quite sustained his reputation as the Beau Brummel of the Senate by appearing in a natty light checked suit.

"The situation seems to be still tangled. It hasn't stopped running yet," Frelinghuysen remarked.

Friends of "Big Jim" Watson said he wasn't a bit worried over the fight against him for the chairmanship of the resolutions committee. "Jim" will have thirty-three of the fifty-three votes in the committee, it was predicted.

Defections to Odgen Mills, of New York, Watson's opponent, included William Allen White of Kansas and Austin Colgate, of New Jersey.

G. Lechartier of the Petit Parisien, was one of the first of the European correspondents to arrive.

Five dictaphones are hung before the speakers' stand. The delegates in the rear of the hall will hear the speeches by wire.

Two electric megaphones ten feet long are hung before the platform. They can be lowered by ropes for cheer leading when the big time comes.

There are ropes and posts around the platform, giving the effect of a prize ring.

"Now that John Barleycorn is dead, so declared by the Supreme Court of the United States, I can see no reason why this Republican party should not help to bury him."

This was William Jennings Bryan's opening remark, as, slightly disguised in a fine "Cigarette" hat and black cutaway coat, he took his seat in the press section. Then, smiling broadly, he added: "I say that because for a while there was some hesitation."

Nicholas Murray Butler was the first presidential candidate to reach the Coliseum. He came in surrounded by a group of fellow-delegates from New York. He immediately became the centre of a group of handshakers and well-wishers.

At 11.20 the first cheering started. The band played "Dixie" and the crowd responded with a faint wave of yelling. Delegates rose to their feet.

STRENGTH-GIVING TONIC

Father John's Medicine builds you up.—Advt.

HARMONY PLEA AS CONVENTION OPENS

By INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE.

Coliseum, Chicago, June 8.—"We must be now and forever for Americanism and nationalism and against internationalism," declared Senator Henry Cabot Lodge of Massachusetts, delivering the keynote speech of the Republican National Convention which opened in the Coliseum today.

Senator Lodge urged the Republican party to turn its attention to domestic problems and the restoration of the "essential principles" of the American government, which have been "both shaken and invaded."

"The rise of prices, the high cost of living, is the most pressing—the most essential problem which confronts us," he declared.

Bitterly flaying the Wilson administration, Senator Lodge said the free "representative government of the United States was imperilled by the "return of the Democrats to power with Mr. Wilson or any of his disciples still the leader and master of a great party."

He demanded that the Republicans, casting aside all "past dissensions," drive from control "Mr. Wilson and his dynasty, his heirs and assigns—anybody who with bent knee has served his purpose."

Pointing to the world unrest which has followed the great war, Senator Lodge charged that the Democratic party was "in a considerable measure responsible for the perilous condition of the hour" and warned that if the Republican party failed to meet the encircling dangers, the Russian despot into barbarism would begin to draw near.

WOULD PUNISH PROFITEERS.

Urging concerted action to reduce the cost of living, Senator Lodge declared there were ample punitive laws for profiteering and these laws must be enforced and "the offenders, both great and small, should be pur-

Continued on Page 2, Column 8.

Senator Lodge's address will be found on Pages 6 and 7.

Johnson Still First in Boston Betting

Quotations among the sporting element of Boston in the Republican nomination contest assumed a somewhat softer tone today. The price of slightly better than evens asked for Hiram Johnson, the favorite, went back to 2½ to 1. Leonard Wood is quoted at 3 to 1, with Governor Lowden at the same price.

Other quotations along the Boston curb were as follows: Allen, 7 to 1; Hoover, 7 to 1; Coolidge, 8 to 1; Hughes, 10 to 1; Sproul, 10 to 1; Knox, 12 to 1, and Lodge, 12 to 1. There were few wagers being placed on any save Johnson, though Governors Coolidge, Allen and Lowden have some support.

SENTENCED FOR HITTING FORMER POLICEMAN

Charged with assaulting James J. Martin, a former p

liceman at the Charlestown station, Dennis Shea w found guilty and sentenced to eight months today Charlestown Court. He was held in $500 on an appe Shea is alleged to have hit Martin with a sledge hamm

handle as the latter was leaving his place of employmen Martin, at the time of the assault, wrenched the weap from Shea's hand and hit him with it, sending Shea to t hospital.

TODAY'S BANK STATEMENT.

Boston bank clearings, $64,876,-087.

Boston sub-treasury, credit, $66,561.

New York bank clearings, $806,-635,176.

New York sub-treasury, credit, $261,748.

WILDEY SAVINGS BANK

82 BOYLSTON ST., BOSTON

Deposits go on interest

JUNE 15

LAST DIVIDEND

4½%

UNION INSTITUTION FOR SAVINGS

216 Tremont St., Boston

Money Goes on Interest

JUNE 10

and the 10th of each month. Permanent dividend orders and mail accounts accepted. $1 to $2,000 received.

Last Five Dividends at 4%

Assets over $14,000,000

'L' FARE WON'T BE INCREASED TO RAISE WAGES,' SAYS TRUSTEE

BUT PUBLIC MUST PUT UP WITH "POORER SERVICE"

Continued From First Page.

relling stock to replace cars that are unfit to be in commission and in postponing the reconstruction of miles of track which ought to be replaced."

By a unanimous vote the Boston Carmen's Union, comprising 7,000 employes of the Boston Elevated Railway, ratified the wage award. The men have been getting 50 cents an hour maximum.

The award is retroactive to May 1, and the company is allowed until August 15 to settle the question of back pay.

Extra compensation for Sunday work and one day off in seven with pay was refused to the railway workers.

Officials of the company estimate that the raise in wages will cost the road $2,600,000 additional yearly.

HUNDREDS MORE BENEFIT.

In addition to the blue uniformed men proportional wage increases are also awarded hundreds of miscellaneous employes, such as bookkeepers, clerks, cash counters, collectors, keepers, porters, repairmen, janitors, switchmen, teamsters, watchmen, timekeepers, blacksmiths, horseshoers, etc.

The arbitrators were James F. Doherty of Springfield, chairman; H. Ware Barnum, representing the company, and James H. Valey, representing the Carmen's Union.

The opinion was written by Mr. Doherty, the neutral arbitrator. Mr. Barnum, in a brief supplementary opinion, stated that although he concurred in most of the statements of facts in the award, he could no agree with some of the principles enunciated, nor the increase in pay.

Mr. Doherty explaining why the increase in wages was given, says in part:

"The neutral member of the board, surveying the field as he observes it, with such experience as he has in the practical avenues of business and industry, is of the opinion that under all the circumstances the members of the union should have an increase in wages. He is not of the opinion, however, that the increase should even approximate the outside claims laid down by the men

Librarian Apologizes to Malden Legion

The feeling existing between the Malden Post of the American Legion and Herbert W. Fison, librarian at the Malden Library, over the removal of a memorial wreath nearly a week ago from the roll of honor on the library grounds, was cleared up today when an apology was sent by Fison to the Legion headquarters.

The wreath, which was found by Legion members in an ash barrel in the library basement after its absence from the honor roll was noticed, was carried by Fison from Legion headquarters and placed on the library grounds again today.

Fison, in his apology, explained he thought he was aiding the Legion in removing the wreath from the tablet, feeling it had outlived its usefulness.

The Legion men decided to accept his apology and allow the controversy to end.

MURDER CASE WITNESS IS BELIEVED INSANE

Reserveman Edward F. Brucker of Chelsea, who was taken into custody by his fellow officers at the request of Dr. F. H. Gunter, was sent to Danvers today as temporarily insane, after examination by Dr. John Maloney, city physician. Brucker was the star witness in a recent murder case, which is supposed to have unbalanced his mind.

STEEL STRIKE SPLITS LABOR

Bitter Fight at A. F. of L. Convention Started by Amalgamated Association

Montreal, June 8.—A bitter labor war over the steel strike menaces the American Federation of Labor. The Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers, with 300,000 members, is threatening to withdraw from the federation if the federation supports the national steel workers' organization committee, which directed the strike.

Members of the committee have warned the federation that if it is forced to disband, a movement will be inaugurated to organise all the steel workers into one big union and war will be declared against not only the American Federation of Labor, but the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers.

It is alleged by members of the committee that the Amalgamated has followed a policy of "hands off" regarding the plants of the United States Steel Corporation, and has been organising only employes of independent companies.

The federation is attempting to bring the hostile factions together.

PERSHING GOING TO CHICAGO

Resignation Accepted by Baker —May "Throw Hat Into Convention Ring

Washington, June 8.—General John J. Pershing will retire from active duty in the army within the next few months.

This announcement was contained in a letter to Secretary of War Baker, which the general made public.

Secretary Baker replied today, tendering the thanks of the War Department for General Pershing's distinguished services to the nation and asserting him there is no objection to him being relieved from active duty.

News of General Pershing's announcement immediately gave rise to speculation as to whether it was prompted by a desire to definitely enter the race for the Republican presidential nomination.

This speculation was quickened when one of his aides stated that the general was planning to leave Chicago almost immediately and would remain for "several days."

General Pershing declined to say whether or not he will "throw his hat into the ring" when he reaches the convention city. His plans are "not fully matured," he added.

Prays for Harmony, in Opening Convention

Chicago, June 8.—The prayer opening the Republican national convention today was delivered by Bishop Charles E. Woodcock, Episcopal Bishop of Kentucky, as follows:

"O God of our fathers and leader of our destinies, who dost govern all things in heaven and in earth, whose wisdom is infinite and whose power no man can resist, we acknowledge Thee as ruler of all nations and the guide of all who put their trust in Thee. Be with us, Thy children, we pray Thee. Let Thy mercy rest on this whole land, and make us know and feel that it is righteousness that exalteth a people.

"Thou knowest our necessities before we ask, and our failure, often, to ask aright; leave us not to our own course, we beseech Thee, but so direct us, by Thy mighty power, that we may be led in the way that makes for unity and peace; so enlighten our minds that we may be unashamed, before men, to seek Thy help nor unafraid to obey Thy will.

So illumine and strengthen us, we beg Thee, that we may cleave steadfastly to the right as Thou dost give us to see the truth, making no compromise of duty for fear of consequences, and nothing doubting where Thou showest us the path wherein we should walk. Fill our hearts with the desire to promote the welfare of our nation, and enable us to serve in loyalty of purpose and in singleness of mind.

"Direct us in all our doings that, in the sacred trust of citizenship, we may please Thee both in will and in deed. Let not strife divide us; banish, we implore Thee, all that is at enmity with justice, peace and right order; allay the spirit of unrest, promote the spirit of good will, call forth the spirit of unselfish service, establish a right fellowship among all men; and, of Thy great goodness, enlarge our loyal devotion to Thee and increase our unwearied, disinterested service to our beloved land.

"Be with those who are gathered here charged with the grave responsibility of nominating those whom they may nominate for the high office of leader of this nation and upholder of her welfare. Fill them with a deep sense of their accountability to Thee and to the people whom they represent; give them both insight and foresight, bestow upon them both wisdom and courage, and move them to place the welfare of country and fitness for leadership above personal desire in the fulfillment of their trust and in the opportunity for making a wise choice.

"For all Thy blessings in ages past, for the priceless heritage bequeathed unto us from our fathers, we give Thee most hearty thanks; praying Thee to be with us at this and all times, to preserve us through all the turmoil and anxieties of these troublous days, in full assurance of Thy presence and of Thy continual help wheresoever Thy people seek Thy will and keep Thy commandments; all of which we ask through Jesus Christ, our Lord. Amen."

Convention Sidelights

The first woman delegate to enter the Coliseum was Miss Byron M. Coon of Estherville, Ia. Nellie Bly got busy thus.

"Mrs. Coon is tiny and looked girlish in a modish turned back turban, faced with blue velvet. She says she is instructed to support Lowden."

Will Hays was given a rousing reception when he walked onto the platform.

Miss Bly excitedly dashed off the following:

Miss Lorene Lassell of Asheville, Alabama, with a pretty face and blue suit and banana colored hat was the fourth woman delegate to take her place.

"Mrs. Florence E. S. Knapp, in a white jersey suit and apricot hat made a charming color spot among the New York delegates."

Greenville, Mo., said to be sure to use her full name and to say she was wearing the same blue chiffon and black hat trimmed with red cherries which she has worn for on year while speaking for Lowden.

"Miss Minnie J. Nielson of Valley City, N. D., tanned and unpowdered, wore brown hat and dress. She looked serious and is waiting to be convinced."

Officials ordered the platform cleared at 11:22 and delegates in the aisles were asked to be seated.

The second woman to enter was Mrs. D. B. Boyd of Reno, Nev. "Very unassuming in a blue serge dress and red hat and open to conviction on the best candidate," Miss Bly flashed, adding:

"Your idea all women was a man delegate from Indiana. Gray white here and hair, a sunflower in his buttonhole and in his black derby a diadem of red, blue and green turkey feathers."

A colored woman, tireless and with gray hair, most efficiently filled the part of seating the delegates.

TWO MOTORCYCLISTS HURT IN COLLISION

James H. Shelton, thirty-four years old, No. 55 South Huntington avenue, Roxbury, and William Jones, thirty-five years old, No. 14 Truro street, were injured today when a motorcycle in which they were riding collided with an automobile driven by Henry Knoth, Sobier street, Cohasset. The accident occurred on Jamaicaway, Jamaica Plain, near Pond street, and the injured men were taken to the Peter Bent Brigham Hospital in the police ambulance.

SUSPENDED STUDENTS REINSTATED IN SAUGUS

Four seniors of the Saugus High School who were suspended by Supt. of Schools J. W. Lambert, for being absent from the school without leave, have been ordered reinstated by the School Committee.

The students are Florence Day, Hazel Kenyon, Edward Long and Frederick England. The quartet, it was claimed, absented themselves from school to go canoeing.

3,000 TALKING MACHINES BREAK SHORTAGE HERE

The talking machine famine in New England is about to be broken. Arrangements were made today for the docking at Battery Wharf of a barge from Philadelphia, loaded with nearly 3,000 talking machines.

CITY PRINTING PLANT HEAD MAY GET INCREASE

Charles B. Lawlor, superintendent of the city printing plant, will receive $5,000 a year instead of $4,000 if the ordinance introduced in the City Council by Councillor Edward F. McLaughlin is approved by Mayor Peters.

Best Baker of All the Lasell Girls

MISS FLORENCE SHEIT.

GOLD MEDAL FOR BAKING BREAD

Mobile (Ala.) Girl Wins First Award at Lasell Seminary Commencement

Miss Florence Sheit of Mobile, Ala., was declared the best bread maker and awarded a gold medal at the commencement exercises today at Lasell Seminary, Auburndale.

Miss Sheit, who was president of the sophomore class, was doubly honored, for she was recently elected maid of honor to the Queen of the May by popular vote.

The Congregational church was crowded with relatives and friends for the presentation of diplomas to fifty-seven seniors. The bread winners were announced at chapel exercises.

A silver medal was awarded to Miss Ingrohy Syrakis, a senior, of Wollaston, and honorable mention was given to Miss Gladys Burnet, a senior, of Madison, N. J., and Miss Bertha Phelps of Ayer, Mass. Miss Sheit's recipe follows:

One cup scalded milk, one teaspoonful sugar, one teaspoonful salt, one tablespoonful lard, one-half yeast cake softened in two tablespoonfuls of lukewarm milk, and two cups of flour. The ingredients are to be mixed as follows:

Mix sugar, salt, lard and scalded milk and then the yeast and one-half of the flour. Stir until batter is smooth and add rest of flour gradually until the whole is dough. Knead the dough on flour board and let it rise to double in bulk. Knead again and mold in loaves. Rub melted fat on the loaves and after letting it rise again, bake it in oven at even temperature of 95 degrees for three-quarters of an hour. Cool exposed to the air.

Miss Helen Files of Brunswick, Me., was awarded the gold medal scholarship for the highest average in studies for two years. The silver medal went to Miss Dorothy Balch of Marshalltown, Ia., and honorable mention to Miss Margaret Pearley of Lowell and Helen Brooks of Gardner.

The commencement address was given by President Clifton D. Gray of Bates College and prayer was offered by Rev. Thomas Chalmers of the Allen School.

AUTO NEWSPAPER EDITORS VISIT WILLIAMSTOWN

Williamstown, June 8.—Forty editors of New York automobile newspapers and nationally known automobile periodicals were the guests of Henry N. Teague, proprietor of the Greylock Hotel, who treated them to a barbecue at his farm and took them for an automobile trip throughout this section. They came here for the purpose of obtaining first-hand information of scenery and automobile routes.

LODGE SCORES WILSON'S VETO

Says President's Action on Peace Resolve Shows His Obstinacy

Continued From First Page.

sued and published, not in the headlines of newspapers, after the manner of the present attorney-general, but in the courts of the United States."

Legislation to prevent inflation of currency was recommended, but he declared that increased production was the "most potent remedy," and urged government support for every movement that would increase production.

After outlining the Senate's course in refusing to ratify the Versailles Treaty and the League of Nations, Senator Lodge said:

"We make the issue; we ask approbation for what we have done. The people will now tell us whether they think of Mr. Wilson's leadership and its sacrifice of America. We do not ask approbation that we have performed a high and patriotic duty, and we ask you, representatives of the Republican party, to support our course and stand by what we have done."

END MEXICAN CHAOS.

"We have watched and waited long enough," he said, discussing the Mexican situation. "The time has come to put an end to this Mexican situation which is a shame to the United States and a disgrace to our civilization. If we are to take part in pacifying and helping the world let us begin here at home in Mexico."

The Senator advocated the establishment of a strong government by the Mexican people, friendly to the United States and old from this country to that government in ending civil war in that country.

Government supervision and control of the railroads is necessary, Senator Lodge declared, but not government ownership, for that would mean mastery of the government by those who operate the machinery of transportation.

"Law and order must never be weakened," the speaker said. "And there must be but one law in this country, and that is the law framed by the men chosen by the people themselves to make the laws."

Economic conditions, "distorted and confused by the war," must be restored, and a start has been made by the Republican Congress, Senator Lodge said. He defended the work of the Congress just adjourned. The President was charged by Senator Lodge with blocking economic reconstruction by his veto of the resolutions passed by Congress declaring the war at an end and repealing wartime legislation.

Touching upon the President's plan for an American mandate, Senator Lodge charged it was "a plan to get us involved in the responsibilities of the League of Nations and all of the wars in which it may be engaged, without our being a member of the league."

CALLED TO ORDER BY HAYS.

The convention was called to order by Chairman Will H. Hays of the Republican National Convention, and the invocation was by Right Rev. Charles Edward Woodcock, Episcopal bishop of Kentucky. After the prayer Chairman Hays said:

"Members of the Convention:

"The Republican party has met in this open and free convention to receive from the American people a mandate for the government of the United States.

"As chairman of your national committee, I report progress. Four years ago the normal Republican majority was 600,000 minus. Two years ago it was 1,200,000 plus. Today I honestly believe it is double that number and in November it should exceed 2,000,000.

"In spirit I report more than progress. I report fulfillment. The great party of this Union has become a unit. It shall so continue. There will be no bolt from this convention.

"By direction of your national committee, I present the name of the Hon. Henry Cabot Lodge to act as your temporary chairman."

CONVENTION "UNBOSSED."

Senator Lodge was unanimously elected temporary chairman.

The convention opened with every one of the fifteen or more available candidates still in the running, and with several rousing fights in the offing.

The day broke clear and cool, with a gentle lake breeze rustling the flags that hang over Michigan avenue.

LABOR BARS TELEGRAPH WIRES FROM COLISEUM

Chicago, June 8.—Organized labor was on the fight to keep Western Union and Postal Telegraph wires out of the Coliseum during the Republican National Convention. The Republican National Committee announced after several days of waveing that the wires would be excluded. The labor unions of Chicago based their objection of the claim that non-union labor was employed to string the wires. The unions threatened to call off all union men at work in the convention building.

HOLD MAIL CHAUFFEUR ON LARCENY CHARGE

Carl E. Carr, twenty-one years old, of No. 88 Montgomery street, driver on a mail delivery truck, was arraigned in the East Cambridge court today charged with larceny of $1,200 worth of jewelry from the home of Bates College and prayer was offered by Rev. Thomas Chalmers of the Allen School.

AUTO NEWSPAPER EDITORS VISIT WILLIAMSTOWN

Williamstown, June 8.—Forty editors of New York automobile newspapers and nationally known automobile periodicals were the guests of Henry N. Teague, proprietor of the Greylock Hotel, who treated them to a barbecue at his farm and took them for an automobile trip throughout this section. They came here for the purpose of obtaining first-hand information of scenery and automobile routes.

RAILWAY EXPRESSMEN TO DANCE WEDNESDAY

Plans completed today for the annual ball of the Boston & Lynn Local Division, Order of Railway Expressmen, Wednesday night, indicate that it will be the most elaborate affair ever given by the organization. Proceeds will be devoted to the order's sick relief fund. The ball will be held in the Crescent Garden ballroom at Revere Beach.

"seconds" of men's good SHIRTS $1.65

Only 407 shirts—madras, crepes, oxfords and other cloths—tomorrow at 9.

Filene's annex to automatic bargain basement

men's fine famous name UNION SUITS $1.85

Athletic and other styles—corded madras, "silky" mull—only 246—tomorrow at 9.

tomorrow at 9 a. m. we put on sale

769 MEN'S SUITS

just bought from a well known Boston maker he lost a lot of money to give you your choice at

$22

materials at $22: unfinished worsteds, cassimeres, tweeds, cheviots, flannels, every one all wool

styles at $22: double breasters, single breasters, 2 or 3 button front, patch pockets or plain, conservative or younger

colors at $22: browns, blues, greens, grays, mixtures, checks, stripes

value at $22: where else have you heard of good all wool, hand tailored suits so low in price?

769 men's ALL WOOL suits at $22!

automatic plan: Every lot must sell quickly or take ¼ reduction after 12 selling days, ⅓ reduction after 18 selling days, ¼ reduction after 24 selling days, goods given away after 30 selling days.

hundreds of other bargain lots—no mail or 'phone orders—doors open at 9 A. M.

how we do it: very large volume of business, very quick turnover of stock, low expense, no fancy "trimmings," you pay cash, carry packages, etc., and we buy and sell only underprice.

BOSTON BREWERIES ARE NOT AFFECTED BY "DRY" DECISION

JOY AND GLOOM MINGLED IN BOSTONIANS' COMMENTS

Boston breweries with their thousands of hands and their millions of capital will not be greatly affected by the Supreme Court's death blow to John Barleycorn.

This was the only silver lining to the cloud which enveloped the once "wets" today.

Most of the local breweries have turned to the manufacture of confectionery or "one-half of one per cent," and plan to go on.

Suffering the loss of a home drink existence were without a competitor, while the advocates of sensible beer were jubilant at the final victory.

Expressions of opinion by some of the city's leaders follow:

JAMES M. G. FAY, former Deputy Consul-General to Belgium from the United States—Although I am personally I can do very well without the stuff I believe that the Volstead act is an encroachment on the freedom of the American people. I disapprove of the Volstead act just as much as I approve of the veto of the recent beer bill. Both questions are correlated and I believe that American laws against drunkenness are sufficient if properly enforced to meet the house situation. Considering these facts and the basis of my argument I must say that the decisions handed down by the Supreme Court in the beer cases are contrary to our expectations.

JOSEPH F. DUNNELL, former Congressman, and prominent attorney—The only significance of the decisions handed down by the Federal Supreme Court regarding the status of the Volstead act is that it throws itself into the campaign for the Presidency of these United States. The people will now have a chance to back up their will a change in the law as it now stands, and both big parties will have such planks in their platform.

JOHN A. KELLEHER, Sheriff of Suffolk County—It's a great surprise to me to hear of the action of the United States Supreme Court declaring valid the Volstead Act and the 18th amendment. I do not think it very beneficial for the country at large. Much of the unhealthy conditions throughout the country are caused by the fact that ordinary man the right to enjoy a social drink. I feel that they work out some way whereby the use of light wines and beer could be allowed.

PETER F. TAGUE, Congressman from Charlestown—I was always opposed to the Volstead act and to the 18th amendment and believe that it is an impudition on the people to ever have enacted them into law at the time when a great portion of our men were fighting for Democracy in France. Had the Supreme Court here to vote the people would still be permitted to drink what they saw fit under proper regulation and authority. The Volstead Act and the 18th amendment should be repealed at once.

THE REV. DR. D. M. LOCKROW, head of the Tremont Temple Brotherhood—This decision is the will see a new earth dawning. The world is certainly getting better.

J. J. McCARTHY, president of Boston Hotel Managers' Association—I expected the Supreme Court decision to be upheld but I never thought the Supreme Court would find the Volstead act constitutional. That part of the decision was a complete surprise to me. Boston hotels now have some thousand barrels of approximately 65,000 gallons of liquor in storage. There appears to be nothing left but to dispose of it to some drug or chemical firm. We would be glad to dispose of ours in that way for $2 a gallon as the storage rates are 75 cents per barrel a month. There is a tax of $2.10 in addition to that which would make the cost to the buyer, $4.10 a gallon. I understand that drug stores are charging $3 a pint and $2.50 a pint for whiskey sold on prescription.

But druggists as a rule seem inclined to keep liquor in large lots and I am informed limit their purchases to five barrels.

ALBERT P. LANGTRY, Secretary of State—I am very glad of it.

JAMES M. CURLEY, former mayor of Boston—It is unfortunate that the Supreme Court has so decided as the local elections in every part of the country have demonstrated that public opinion is opposed to absolute prohibition.

SAMUEL L. POWERS, former Congressman—The decision does not surprise me. I am all over the habit now so it doesn't disturb me. Further, I am in a training camp and I could not drink it even if I had it.

ALEXANDER LINCOLN, prominent lawyer and secretary of the Constitutional Liberty League of Massachusetts—I am very much disappointed. I was hopeful that the Volstead Act would be declared void. I know that all the officers and members of the Constitutional Liberty League feel as I do on this question.

ARTHUR L. RACE, associate manager of the Copley-Plaza Hotel—There is one very serious side to the prohibition law and this affects boozing, which is a great problem in America today. Thousands of drinks, big and small, which have been hanging on in the nose that their mainstay, liquor, would come back, will be a big help to business. A great many have gone out of operation already and a great many more going out of business will add to the complexity of the housing situation.

The hotels that survive will have to charge more for food and rooms and accommodations generally than heretofore. Home brews and illicit stills, I am afraid, will now be in order and the results will doubtless be anything but desirable from the public's standpoint.

JOHN F. FITZGERALD, former Mayor of Boston—I think it is the unfortunate thing in the development of temperance that the Volstead act was declared constitutional. A great deal of the unrest that exists throughout this country today is because of the prohibition of beer and wine. I am confident that the voters of this country, if the question of prohibition was before them, would never have voted for it.

This means that at the next congressional election, we will have prohibition as one of the issues. Every Congressman will be asked what per cent. he favors, with the result that many important issues will be dwarfed.

JOHN H. MURPHY, Fire commissioner of Boston—I have never drank intoxicating liquor or smoked, but I have not been in favor of prohibition. However, like many other good citizen, now that the question has been decided by the Supreme Court, I believe in the law's strict enforcement.

JAMES J. PHELAN, Boston banker—Now that prohibition has been upheld by the Supreme Court there is nothing left for the people but to believe in law and order but to subscribe fully to the enforcement of it.

THE REV. CHARLES FLEISCHER, Boston publicist—I really regret that the United States Supreme Court has seen fit to regard that measure as constitutional. It is not a question in judgment, but I do not think that it springs from the actual evolution and real desires of the people.

The REV. J. M. GAGE of Boston, secretary of the Methodist Conference—This is a great day. Its effect cannot be told in words. It is an epoch-making event. It will this after a few years. Those who now are regretting it will see what untold blessings lie in the wake of this action.

BRIGADIER-GENERAL JOHN W. RICHARD, commanding the North Atlantic coast artillery district—Today is excellent for the development to be upheld but I never thought the Supreme Court would find the Volstead act constitutional. That part of the decision was a complete surprise to me. Boston hotels now have some thousand barrels or approximately 65,000 gallons of liquor in storage. There appears to be nothing left but to dispose of it to some drug or chemical firm. We would be glad to dispose of ours in that way for $2 a gallon as the storage rates are 75 cents per barrel a month. There is a tax of $2.10 in addition to that which would make the cost to the buyer, $4.10 a gallon. I understand that drug stores are charging $3 a pint and $2.50 a pint for whiskey sold on prescription.

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BRIGADIER-GENERAL JOHN W. RICHARD, commanding the North Atlantic coast artillery district—Today is excellent for the development of the history of the American people that can compare with it and that will be remembered from it. The nation that promotes prohibition will be born again. I am so strongly convinced of this after my long experience in the army that I would be a coward to say otherwise.

J. FRANK CHASE, secretary of the Boston Watch and Ward Society—Nothing that I have heard for a long time rejoices me so much as the news that the eighteenth amendment is rendered constitutional. The absence of liquor has automatically settled many of our most important questions. Since January 16 vice in Boston has been greatly reduced, due wholly to stringent liquor regulations. I possess no grain of doubt that the class are now going to be all the cleaner in their morals.

SERGEANT E. M. BUESTIS of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company—I believe this is the most joyful day in every one who desires the welfare of the race, the promotion of health and of a hundred of other things that go along with it. I have sold liquor for over thirty years and I know both sides of the matter, and I am free to say this action has my endorsement.

SOLOMON LACHMAN of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company—I believe the law should be enforced and in every instance should stand for that, but I cannot conceal the fact that the personal feeling of every individual has been tampered with by this action.

JOHN J. KEARNEY, Former State Senator—The decision shows more lividly in the mind of the average citizen the necessity of bringing our governmental nearer a democracy which can be done by amending the fifth amendment to the Constitution and restore to the people the right of initiative in future amendments to the Constitution.

L. M. HOSKINS of the A. and H. Artillery Company—Thank God for this. It's the best thing that could have happened. It should have happened over forty years ago.

FREDERICK GRAHAM, of the "Starr" company, Tremont Theatre—I think this whole national prohibition business is most shocking. Statesmen smile at the idea of the illiteracy of the people being warped by men of the type of William H. Anderson of the anti-saloon league of New York who has threatened to 'pull a gun' on persons who violate the law and who has suggested physically attacked the one Church that had nothing to do with prohibition.

FRANK HOWARD of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company—I recognize the law of the land as above my thirst and I submit with dignity and grace. I would like to have a less stringent law and some compromise, but when anything becomes law, I cannot be anything else but loyal to its execution.

Wise Bees Save Honey

Wise Folks Save Money

Interest Begins June 10th

Last Dividend 4½%

DEPOSIT LIMIT INCREASED

Old accounts may now be increased to $5,000, exclusive of dividends.

New accounts may be opened in amounts from $1 to $2,000.

HOME SAVINGS BANK

Incorporated 1869

75 Tremont Street, Boston 9, Mass.

The Boston American

Published daily (except Sunday) by Hearst's International Publishing Co., Inc., 8 Winthrop Square, Boston 9, Mass.

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SUBSCRIPTIONS PAYABLE STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

Has Anyone Seen Aero? $100 for Lost Cat

Mrs. E. A. Terhune, Jr., bride of Boston aviator, and Aero, who "lost" them after their aerial honeymoon to Atlantic City.

One hundred dollars for "Aero."

This is the reward offered by E. A. Terhune, Jr., of Boston, for the little kitten named that accompanied Mr. Terhune and his bride on their aerial honeymoon trip to Atlantic City. The inducements that popular reward proved too much for Aero, who disappeared and has not been heard of since. He enjoyed the trip from Boston by air and arrived in fine condition, full of the zest of life and ripe for adventure. He disappeared at the inlet, according to a letter written by Mr. Terhune to President A. T. Bell of the Aero Club of Atlantic City, offering the reward.

'PROHIBITION IS HERE TO STAY'

"It Was Not 'Put Over' on Anyone," William Shaw Tells Pilgrims

"Prohibition is here to stay. It was not 'put over' on anyone, and it was not adopted in a hurry."

These sentiments were expressed today by William Shaw, prohibition candidate for Governor in 1916, in a discussion of the Supreme Court's decision on the 18th amendment at a luncheon of the Pilgrim Publicity Association.

"Opponents of prohibition say that the 18th amendment cannot be enforced," he said. "They say it will ruin business, yet, after six months of prohibition, we find hotels never before so prosperous, breweries and distilleries transformed into food producing plants, soft drink factories and automobile plants that will employ from five to ten times as many men as formerly.

"Nation-wide reports show that drunkenness has decreased 75 per cent. and crime 50 per cent., while jail and prison populations are diminishing month by month.

"Give us five years of prohibition enforcement and the majority of its friends and its results will be so convincing that only the small remnant that live by greed and would sacrifice their fellowmen for gain would oppose it."

GIRL THIEF IN COURT ON EVE OF WEDDING

Providence, June 8—A nineteen-year-old thief, Rosalind Irene Medler of Ruth avenue, Philipsdale, was sentenced to sixty days in the workhouse and fined $200 on two counts of larceny. She was charged with taking $500 from Cherry & Webb and $150 from Callender, McAuslan & Troup while working as cashier in each place. Her attorney, who protested the fine, arranged that she should make restitution, so that she might be placed on probation, as she intended to marry today.

EXAMINE LOCAL ARMY OFFICERS AFTER JUNE 30

Regular army officers who are to be promoted will be examined after June 30, the date of their demotion, it was officially announced at army headquarters today. Temporary officers who are seeking commissions in the regular army will also be examined. Colonels Louis E. Scherer, John A. Switzer and Louis F. Goodier will not be affected by this ruling as they are holding permanent rank.

ORIENT HEIGHTS POST INVESTIGATES ARREST

A committee of five members of Orient Heights Post, American Legion, has been appointed to investigate the alleged conduct of Patrolman Wilfred Boudreau, himself a member, charged with using his membership to bring about the arrest of thirteen Legion members for gaming on the Legion floor. The committee was appointed by Commander Stephen A. Sullivan at a meeting in the post headquarters, after oral charges of conduct unbecoming a Legion member had been preferred against Boudreau.

BABY HYGIENE CARES FOR 10,327 CHILDREN

During the past year 10,327 children were cared for at the twenty stations of the Baby Hygiene Association, according to a report just published. Nurses made 169,732 visits to the homes of sick children, and 13,835 visits were made by the dietitian. During the coming year, the officers of the organization plan to further extend its preventive work with a view to increasing the percentage of healthy, happy and well-developed babies in Boston.

SAYS PRAISE IS DUE HANNIFAN

Riley Defends Prison Guard at Hearing on Barney-Manster Escape

Eugene J. Hannifan, State Prison guard discharged following the escape of Harney, Manster and Ward, was extraordinarily alert and should have been commended instead of being condemned, his counsel, Judge Thomas P. Riley, told the Prison Commission today.

The statement was made during the testimony of Deputy Warden William Hendry, one of a number of witnesses at a hearing granted by the commission at the State House on Hannifan's appeal.

Deputy Hendry said that he learned the three prisoners were friendly before their escape, and that he had warned the guards to watch them.

Despite this friendship and rumors that the three men intended to attempt a jailbreak, they were permitted to work together in the underwear shop, Deputy Hendry admitted. He further stated that the cell of Manster, the most dangerous of the three, was in a remote part of the jail, far from the guard, who passed it only once in thirty or forty minutes.

"Flying" Tennis Girl Thrills England

PHOTO BY INTERNATIONAL

Miss E. Colyer, the eighteen-year-old girl who won the British women's tennis championship recently, is known as the "flying champion" because of her remarkable leaps after the ball.

CHAMBER ASKS CENSUS FACTS

Directors' Meeting Called; Boston Figures Protested in Telegram to Rogers

Following a meeting of officers of the Boston Chamber of Commerce who sent a telegram of protest to the director of the census at Washington, President George R. Nutter has ordered a meeting of the Board of Directors to take action on the report of the national census bureau in regard to Boston's population.

The telegram sent by the officers of the Chamber to Samuel L. Rogers, director of the census, was as follows:

"People in Boston are much surprised at census figures. According to our police list, which is the basis of our voting list, the index of twenty years and over increased from 1910 to 1915 nine per cent., and the increase in population in the same period, according to the State census was over seven per cent.

"In the last five years the police list has increased nearly 6 per cent., but the census figures given out show an increase of but three-tenths of one per cent.

"Heretofore national census has been taken by our State Bureau of Statistics as agent of the Federal government. This year our Bureau of Statistics had nothing to do in the matter. Please advise us, first, whether the returns which were given out are merely tentative; second, if they represent final results; third, if they represent final results what the explanation is of the very small increase in Boston census figures."

MEDFORD GIRL TO WED BOSTON BANK MAN

Miss Lorna B. Stowell, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank C. Stowell of No. 27 Governor's Avenue, Medford, will be wed tonight to Arvid A. Alm of Peabody. The ceremony will be performed at the bride's home by Rev. Thomas Richards of the Medford Congregational Church. Miss Stowell was graduated from Wellesley in 1916 and the bridegroom from Brown in the same year. He served as a lieutenant overseas with the 71st Artillery and at present is in the banking business in Boston. After a trip to New York the couple will live at No. 12 Marshall avenue, Medford.

CHAINEY IS REINSTATED WITH LOSS OF RANK

Lieutenant Clair P. Chainey of the Revere police, whose demotion a month ago caused vigorous protest among members of the department, was reinstated today by Chief Walsworth with the loss of his rank as lieutenant.

Sergeant Charles A. Walton, as a reprimand for some action which has not been made public, was reduced temporarily to the grade of patrolman.

Lieutenant Chainey was dismissed by the Mayor on May 7 on charges of insubordination. At a hearing he pleaded guilty to the facts, but denied improper motives.

ATTEMPT TO BUY "GAS" LANDS TWO IN COURT

Abraham H. Weene of Somerville and Gerald F. Ryan of Cambridge, arraigned in Waterham court today on a charge of attempting to break into the Edenfield garage, were discharged today in Waltham Court when they explained they were trying to arouse the watchman so they could buy gasoline. Weene, whose car contained a loaded revolver, was fined $100 for carrying a concealed weapon.

Roxbury Society to Entertain

John Albree will give an address on "The Art of Singing in the Old Bay Colony," and vocal selections will be given by the quartet of the First Church, Roxbury, at a "Ladies' Night" tomorrow of the Roxbury Historical Society in the local Municipal Court Building.

SHONTS' WIDOW SCORES RIVAL

Alleges Mrs. Thomas 'Enticed' Husband Away From Her and Detained Him

New York, June 8—Denying allegations made by Mrs. Amanda C. Thomas in her defence to the $1,000,000 alienation suit brought by Mrs. Milla O. Shonts, the widow of the Interborough president has filed a reply.

Mrs. Shonts admits she signed a document which Mrs. Thomas alleges was a general release of all claims against Shonts and herself, but she declares she knew its exact contents. She says that if it develops at the trial that the document is such a release she will allege that it was procured under duress and fraud and that it was without any consideration whatever.

She admits the existence of the separation agreement between herself and Theodore P. Shonts, but says this agreement furnishes no excuse for Mrs. Thomas's conduct. Mrs. Shonts denies that at all times after the agreement was signed she and her husband lived separate and apart because of its terms, and she avers that:

"The continued separation was caused by the conduct of Mrs. Thomas, and but for such wrongful conduct I and my husband would have come together and lived as husband and wife.

"The separation agreement did not, either by Mrs. Thomas or Shonts, alienate the affections of Theodore P. Shonts and to entice him to desert his wife and family or to withhold adequate support and protection.

"It would not justify Mrs. Thomas to deprive me of my husband's society and comfort and to take unlawfully from me the support provided in part by Mrs. Thomas. In this apartment Mrs. Thomas harbored my husband and husband against my will until Mr. Shonts's death on September 21, 1918."

HOPE TO KEEP MILK PRICES DOWN IN HUB

Milk prices are scheduled for a change the first of July, according to a statement of Richard Pierce, secretary of the New England Milk Producers' Association. No real estimation has started yet, but the price committee of the association will get busy with it after July 1.

July usually starts the upward trend of prices for milk, but through the producers' organization hope to keep the price at the same level as during the past few months.

UNIVERSITY OF MAINE HONORS SEVEN JUDGES

Orono, Me., June 8—The honorary degree of Doctor of Laws was conferred on the justices of the Maine Supreme Court at the class day and commencement exercises of the University of Maine. They are Chief Justice Leslie C. Cornish of Augusta and Associate Justices Clarence M. Hanson of Calais, Warren C. Philbrook of Waterville, Orville D. Spear of Gardiner, Charles J. Dunn of Orono, Scott Wilson of Portland and L. B. Deasy of Bar Harbor.

MEDICAL SOCIETY HAS 139TH ANNIVERSARY

The 139th anniversary of the Massachusetts Medical Society opened its two-days' observance today in the Boylston Medical Library. Among the subjects treated were: A plea for a department of tuberculosis in medical schools, by Dr. W. C. Hallman of South Boston, and the value of county tuberculosis survey with clinics, by Miss Bernice W. Hilliard, director of public health nursing of the Red Cross section.

ELECT TRUSTEES FOR BANKRUPT BROKERS

J. Mott Hallowell, Bartholomew A. Brickley and William S. Youngman were elected trustees for the James H. Crowley Company, a bankrupt State street brokerage firm, at the first meeting of the creditors today before Referee in Bankruptcy Charles J. Darling. Assets are placed at $25,000 and liabilities of the concern are listed at $250,000 and upwards.

SUICIDE'S DAUGHTER RECOVERS FROM GAS

Helen Dusiadowicz, eight-year-old daughter of Walenty Dusiadowicz of Everett, whose suicide yesterday inspired the confession of the mother of her family, is recovering at the Whidden Memorial Hospital. Today it was expected she would be able to go to her home in a few days. The girl was overcome by gas in the kitchen of her home on in the room where she and her children were sleeping.

RESTAURANT MAN HELD FOLLOWING LIQUOR RAID

Barrett Brown, proprietor of a restaurant at 34 Winnisimmet street, Chelsea, was held in $500 for the Grand Jury by U. S. Commissioner Hayes today on the charge of illegal possession of liquor. Three pints of whiskey were found in his restaurant when he was arrested. Prohibition agents said that complaints against Brown had been made by neighbors at the Winnisimmett yards, nearby.

1,200 STUDENTS DUE AT CAMP DEVENS, JUNE 17

Students of colleges in the Eastern States and Porto Rico will arrive at Camp Devens June 17 and begin their six months of Summer military training, offered by the government to those who qualify for commissions in the R. O. T. C. of the army. There will be twelve hundred at this camp, and, altogether, eleven thousand in similar training throughout the United States.

BROCKTON BABY DROWNS IN BACKYARD BROOK

Brockton, June 8—Leon W. Pentoll, three years old, was drowned in Salisbury brook when he fell into the water while playing in the back yard of his home. His body was found several hours later floating near the Newbury street bridge.

One of Lasell's "Most Perfect" Girls

MISS ANNA CRANE.

A feature of the commencement exercises at Lasell Seminary in Auburndale today was the awarding of sweaters to three girls, judged the most perfect at the school.

Miss Anna Crane of Tippecanoe City, Ohio, who was also Queen of the May, was one of those honored. The Misses Margaret Loomis of Chicago and Gladys Kennison of Sacramento, Cal., were the other two.

The 300 students were judged as to character, beauty, popularity, excellence in studies, etc.

GIRL SENTENCED 7 TO 15 YEARS

Marie Tucci, Who Killed Sister, Might Have Gone to Chair, Says Judge

New York, June 8—Maria Tucci, the little Italian dressmaker found guilty of manslaughter in the first degree for the killing on March 4 of her sister, Angelina Conti, was sentenced by Judge Charles C. Nott to not less than eight and not more than fifteen years in the State prison for women at Auburn.

Maria strove valiantly to stand up in the public court house, but Judge Sylvestro, is in jail, charged with assault with intent to kill. Sylvestro told the police that his brother-in-law attempted to assault him with a knife and that he fired at him in self-defence. Sylvestro was also arraigned in district court and the case continued, awaiting the outcome of Fononti's wound, which hospital authorities think may prove fatal.

MARLBORO HEN THIEF, A BOB CAT, IS KILLED

Marlboro, June 8—The chicken thief mystery which has annoyed residents of West Marlboro for the past few weeks was solved yesterday when William Clement and Ira Ellis exhibited a large bob cat, slain in the Ellis hen coop.

Ellis heard a disturbance in his chicken yard late Monday night and called Clement, his neighbor, for assistance. After breaking several large cubs they succeeded in ending the intruder's life.

COFFEYS, FATHER AND SON, ARE FINED

Thomas Coffey, director of elevators in the City Hall at Lynn, whose ups and downs have not been limited to his occupation, was in the East Boston police court today and, requested by his son, Thomas J. Coffey, Jr., to rescue a prisoner from an officer. His son, Thomas J. Coffey, Jr., was charged with assault and battery. The father was fined $50 and the son $10. Both appealed.

500 JOIN IN SEARCH FOR MISSING WALPOLE MAN

Walpole, June 8—More than 500 citizens, headed by members of the police and fire departments, resumed their search today through the wooded marshland on Moose Hill and the Pinnacle, near Charles F. Loring, seventy-two years old, who disappeared from his home Sunday.

Mr. Loring was last seen wandering through Purgatory meadows. It is believed he may have become temporarily affected by grief over the recent death of his wife and daughter.

K. OF C. PILGRIMS TO VISIT GENEVA

Boston Knights of Columbus today were much interested in a communication received by State Deputy William J. Day from Supreme Secretary William J. Mealey relative to the K. of C. pilgrimage to France and Rome in August. The communication announced that civic and commercial bodies in Switzerland were asking that the mission go through that country, and that it had been decided to spend two days in Geneva. The pilgrimage starts August 1.

PUSHES WAGER WINNER ABOUT IN BARROW

Westfield, June 8—Clarence Babb, catcher of the Foster Machine Company baseball team, and weighing 200 pounds, pushed F. E. Woods, a rooter for the Westfield Manufacturing Company, a quarter of a mile in a wheelbarrow through the main streets here as payment of a wager on a game between the nines.

LOCKE'S JOB IS UP TO ALLEN

Attorney-General Will Decide Veterans' Protest About His Promotion

In answer to the protest of veterans, Attorney-General J. Weston Allen is expected to decide whether Ernest L. Locke was legally promoted to the position of Assistant Secretary and Statistician of the Industrial Accident Board, and whether the Civil Service Commission was authorized in approving such promotion.

The veterans base their protest on the fact that the only five men who passed the competitive examination for this position are still in service, yet Locke has been put into the office over the heads of these men.

ONLY FIVE PASSED.

The competitive examination was held last February 27. After the examination it was announced that but five of the nineteen applicants had passed. Locke was among those who had failed to pass. The veterans who passed and their marks were: William T. Fales of Malden, 83.25; Dwight L. Allison of East Boston, 83.55; John M. Harlow of North Easton, 79.9; John J. Taylor of Cliftondale, 79.95, and Walter J. Costello of Boston, 79.60.

Under the civil service rules requiring that the first three names be certified for appointment, Fales, Allison, Harlow and Taylor were so certified.

PAPERS RE-RATED.

Meanwhile Locke requested a rerating of his papers, which was his right because of his service with the board. This was given him, and this mark made him pass, but still he was under the service men, being rated sixth. He was promoted to the position, which pays a salary of $2,500, and the promotion was approved by the commission.

Leo M. Harlow, counsel for the Massachusetts Department of the American Legion, contends Locke holds the position in direct contradiction to the spirit and the letter of the law and civil service rules. The attorney claims that Locke should be ousted and the position declared vacant.

The matter has been submitted to the Attorney-General by John M. Harlow and the Civil Service Commission.

JAILED TO AWAIT RESULT OF WOUND

Lawrence, June 8—Joseph Fononti of Oak street is in the Lawrence General Hospital with a bullet in his neck while his brother-in-law, John Sylvestro, is in jail, charged with assault with intent to kill. Sylvestro told the police that his brother-in-law attempted to assault him with a knife and that he fired at him in self-defence. Sylvestro was also arraigned in district court and the case continued, awaiting the outcome of Fononti's wound, which hospital authorities think may prove fatal.

Features of Award to "L" Employes

WHAT THE MEN RECEIVED—Increase of 16 2-3 per cent.

WHAT THEY HAVE BEEN GETTING—Sixty cents an hour maximum.

WHAT THEY WERE REFUSED—Extra compensation for Sunday work and one day off in seven with pay.

WHAT THE AWARD MEANS—Approximately ten cents an hour increase to motormen and conductors on surface lines, and motormen, guards and brakemen on rapid transit lines. Back pay for each class of employes to be allowed from May 1.

"In the Evening"

Superb for Iced Tea

Alexander T. Bill Co.

"THE NEXT PRESIDENT IS GOING TO BE HIRAM JOHNSON"

By ARTHUR BRISBANE.
Written exclusively for International Service.

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Chicago, June 8.—The news of the convention is the Johnson meeting at the Auditorium last night. The meeting was important because both Johnson and Borah, the latter talking very plain and very good English for the Ivory Soap eaters of the Republican party, made it clear, as both put it, that the Republican party has once more come to a "parting of the ways."

The question is not, whatever the old guard may think, "How can we get rid of Johnson?" but how can the Republican party hold the position that it has held for sixty years, since the day when Lincoln, who refused any kind of compromise, laid the cornerstone of the Republican party of today?

You have read already of the vast crowds that filled the buildings and cheered for twenty minutes when Johnson appeared and of the greater crowds that filled the streets for hours before the hall was opened.

One fact describes more than many adjectives.

This writer and Cal O'Loughlin, whom all American newspapermen know, went to the meeting together. They were equipped with tickets, badges, etc., but it was impossible to enter the hall at the evening hours. The fire department had long since ordered every door closed. Finally, Howie, editor of the Chicago Herald and Examiner, made a special policeman. With the captain inside the building and made it possible for two more to slip through into the reporters' seat. There were 20,000 standing outside the building.

Those that believe in the stability of the people to manage their own affairs would have been delighted with Hiram Johnson's appearance and the extraordinary reception accorded him. He talked as plainly and simply as any man talking to his children or his neighbors.

PEOPLE SHOULD DECIDE.

He said he thought the people should decide for themselves the most important question, whether the League of Nations proposition; whether Americans should be sent to settle, on the battlefield, questions about Serbian and Rumanian boundaries.

He said he knew that a coterie of Wall Street bankers were quite willing to settle all such questions for the people, but he thought it better for the people to do their own deciding.

He said it was called a league to enforce peace, but he noticed that the party in power wanted, in peace times, under the peace league, an army five times as big as the army we used to have in peace times. And the same peace league demanded the right to send troops in peace times, boys nineteen years old.

The point is not quickly that foreign nations owe this country ten billions. He had heard of a man getting himself into bankruptcy by creditors, but he had never heard of a man putting himself in the hands of his debtors.

NO TEETH GNASHING.

He compared Uncle Sam to Mr. Smith on the corner a year with eight millions dollars of debt. Mr. Smith, the neighbors said: "Mr. Smith, in the name of humanity, we, your neighbors, we have a proposition to make to you. Let us form a partnership. We'll put in all the money we have got. You'll put in all that you have. We'll have a meeting of the board of directors and we shall have eight votes, and we'll vote to decide what shall be done with each dollar." It was a simple, straightforward speech. No teeth gnashing, no fancy phrases, no effort for effect.

Johnson stands still, as he talks, with his gestures all above the waist. When he is angry he moves up and down his clenched fist, and when he is inspiring he spreads out his fingers and talks quietly.

Most of the time his fist is clenched for, while he left that part of it to Borah, Hiram Johnson does not seem to like the idea of having the Presidency of this country auctioned off by soap boilers.

A SIMPLE, PLAIN MAN.

You could not imagine a simpler, plainer man than Hiram Johnson. He **wears** conventional black, loose clothes, which his wife probably buys for him. He is very busy. His collar wilts before he has talked half an hour. He is quite on the outside, but boiling within. His voice is powerful, every word is heard by **every** one in the great crowd. There is not a man, whatever his political beliefs, that doubts Johnson's sincerity, once he has heard him.

Johnson is a man who has done good work for his country, and will do more and much greater work, if the people give him the work to do.

And they will give it him, whether or not they are allowed to do so by the powers, vague and indefinite, that are sometimes by coarse buying, and at other times by promises and abuse.

After Johnson finished talking in the great hall, he went out to see and talk to the huge crowds that blocked traffic in all directions around the meeting hall. Then Senator Borah spoke, and in some way the people of this country ought to show their gratitude to Borah, who, starting the investigation in the Senate, exposed the scheme to sell the Presidency to the highest bidder.

BORAH'S FIGHTING SPEECH.

His was a fighting speech from start to finish. And he is a natural born fighter. He talked bluntly of the men in his own party putting up a Republican Party at auction and promised to repeat, in the convention, what he said at the meeting.

The most ignorant man would understand and believe Borah. The most highly educated would appreciate his power and simplicity.

And many who heard his merciless denunciation of those league would feel more intense hatred of that miserable, un-American device of diplomatic chicanery.

He quoted with contempt the statement that under the league Congress would decide about sending our men abroad and asked, suddenly: "Who sent our men into Russia? Did Congress send them? I asked the President who sent them, there and was told that it was incompatible with public interest to reply to my question."

OLD WOMEN APPLAUD.

Old women, gray-haired, had jumped to their feet, applauding, when Johnson said: "I would not shed one drop of American blood to settle a boundary dispute between Serbia and Rumania, or any other dispute that did not concern the United States."

The enthusiasm for Borah was great as for Johnson, and the people should be grateful to Borah for the magnificent, unselfish support he has given the fighter from California.

Borah handled with remarkable bitterness the bitter, shameful revelations about huge campaign funds. He pretended to narrate the usual "funny story" with which politicians regale each other's speeches. But he described what happened in Rome, after which the Senate "sold the title of Emperor was put up at public auction. One candidate "bid in our money nine hundred thousand dollars, another bid nine hundred and fifty thousand. Finally the title of Emperor was actually bought for two and a half millions."

WILL END SOAP BOOM.

He ended the "funny story" by saying that if the Roman Emperor should he sold for two and a half millions, one million and a half was too little for the American presidency.

When Borah tells that story in the convention it will end Procter and Gamble somehow. Johnson's election ought to mean the appointment of an attorney-general, to look into Mr. Procter and find out just what other attempts he has made to buy offices for pet candidates.

The country needs a candidate like Johnson that would make the fleet-footed soap of political corruption sink to the bottom of some first-class Federal penitentiary.

The meeting last night was a warning to political bosses. If they try to put up a weak candidate through this campaign they will fail. They cannot fool the people themselves into the idea that if they fail to get the Republican they want, they will be done with with the party and quit and vote, and we shall have eight votes, and we'll vote to decide what shall be done with each dollar."

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ALL VICTIMS OF ECZEMA'S ITCH NEED POSLAM

It is Poslam's mission to relieve itching eczema's cruel distress and to restore disordered skin to sightliness and health. Comfort comes at once when applied to the sore places. Its concentrated healing power quickly shows. Instant relief marks the first treatment. So effective is Poslam for eczema, rashes, pimples, scabies that after a little of it goes far, does much and lasts a long time into the pound.

Sold everywhere. Use free sample Write to Emergency Laboratories, Dept. 17 West 47th St., New York City.

Improve your skin, become fresher, clearer, better by the daily use of Poslam Soap, medicated with Poslam.

WHEN YOUR COMPLEXION BEGINS TO FADE WITH AGE

You Can Preserve That Clear, Smooth Tint of Youth

By the Occasional Use of the BLACK and WHITE Beauty Treatment

As the years go by women lose that baby-like softness and the rose tint which they possessed in their girlhood days. Face powders, rouge and toilet creams all help and serve as a mask for their faded, sallow complexion—but such prids serve only for a few hours.

The Black and White Beauty Treatment will restore that bloom of youth so much desired—make mothers and daughters almost the best friends—for its use both safe and delightful. Before retiring, you simply wash the face with Black and White Soap, then apply the creamy Ointment and wash off the next morning. You'll be so well pleased with this delightful treatment that a package of both Black and White Ointment and Soap will always have a place on your dressing table.

Your druggist sells both Black and White Ointment and Soap, 25c each, or we will send on receipt of 50c for a set. Black and White Birthday and Dream Book will be sent you free by writing to Black and White, 756 Tremont Building, Boston.

BLACK and WHITE
OINTMENT
Cleans the complexion

REDUCE YOUR WEIGHT

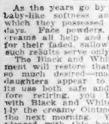
Simple, Safe, Reliable Way

If you are carrying around ten to sixty pounds of unhealthy fat you are unnecessarily weakening your vital organs and are bearing a burden which destroys the beauty of your figure.

Why continue a victim of superfluous fat? If you want to reduce your weight in a simple, safe and reliable way, without starvation diet or strenuous exercise, the Koreln way. Just as first what you should try. Spend some time daily in the open air, take seven deep breaths each morning and night and use Oil of Koreln; following simple directions that come with the bottle. You'll soon look and feel like yourself once a week. WONDERFUL!

Before and After

Oil of Koreln is absolutely harmless, is pleasant to take. Even a few days' deficiency in the Oil will cause a noticeable reduction in weight and measurements. Soon the body becomes easier; a more pleasant, vivacious feeling takes possession of your whole body and mind. WONDERFUL!


Before and After

Become attractive, look and feel younger; add years to your life! Be surprised and delighted.

Assure your friends—you'll obtain a box of oil of koreln at any busy drug store. A $1.00 package is each box that by following Koreln system you will lose 10 to 50 pounds, whatever weight you wish. A free sheet will be mailed (plain wrapper) free by **Koreln Co Station F, New York, N. Y.**

Advertisement.

"DANDERINE"

Stops Hair Coming Out
Doubles Its Beauty

A few cents buys "Danderine." After an application of "Danderine" you can not find a fallen hair or any dandruff, besides every hair shows new life, color, brightness, more color and thickness.

Bay State Delegates' Food Comes High

By CHARLES O. POWER.

Chicago, June 8.—These convention badges showing from whence we hail are all right in one way, and all wrong in another. There is a suspicion that the cafes and eating places of all kinds have an understanding to impose an additional tax according to the State one hails from.

One delegate from Boston, who claims to have made a study of the case, says the schedule is something like this: Massachusetts delegates, 20 per cent. extra; New York, 25; Maine and Rhode Island, 10; delegates from the South, no extra charge, and Vermont, 10 per cent. off.

Just think of paying $1 for a sandwich. That is the price in some places that would make a good profit on 20 cents. Beans are 75 cents and that is going some.

Taxi drivers are quoting prices on stuff that is called whiskey as follows: Pints $15.50, quarts $26. They may be getting it at that, but it is doubtful, as this crowd is a remarkably sober one so far as hilarity caused by liquor is concerned.

WARN WEEKS TO PLAY FAIR

Coolidge Men Positive He Plotted to Deliver Delegates to Lowden

By JOHN T. LAMBERT.

Chicago, June 8.—Caught in an attempt to pull the proper from under the Coolidge Presidential campaign, former United States Senator John W. Weeks was called up on the carpet and warned that he must play fair with Governor Coolidge or abandon his ambition to be elected the Massachusetts member of the Republican National Committee.

The warning was served upon Mr. Weeks by active friends of and workers for Governor Coolidge, who are positive they uncovered him in a sly campaign to deliver the Massachusetts delegation to Governor Frank O. Lowden of Illinois. Even tactful Mr. Crane is said to be among those who served notice upon the Senator that the Lowden card had been seen up his sleeve.

WHY INNES RAN.

This matter has been prevalent in rumor from among the candidates for a day or so. It seems to be no longer a mere rumor. Listen to Robert J. Bottomley of Boston, former secretary of the Good Government Association, recent candidate for the Republican nomination for Attorney-General and who was unsuccessful in the Ward campaign a month ago in Massachusetts:

"Charles H. Innes was not a candidate for election as the Republican National Committeeman from Massachusetts but he wanted to be seated for that office," said Bottomley. "He allowed his name to be used because it was found necessary to run a candidate against John W. Weeks in order to bring Mr. Weeks to his senses.

"Mr. Weeks and his friend and coworker, Edward A. Thurston of Fall River, were discovered sounding out the Massachusetts delegates in order to throw their votes to Governor Lowden of Illinois. It was then decided that a candidate should be nominated against Mr. Weeks for the office of National Committeeman.

WEEKS WAS WARNED.

"It was agreed that Charlie should stand as the candidate. I campaigned among the delegates for the election of Mr. Innes and the defeat of Mr. Weeks, and when I went to dinner last night I was sure we had enough votes to elect Charlie. While I was at dinner I was called on the phone and told that the campaign was off. They had got hold of Weeks and warned him that he must stop his campaign to pull over Coolidge votes to Lowden or that he would be defeated for national committeeman. He had agreed to stop.

"Those who know the political relationship between Bottomley and Innes will not be surprised at the latter's declining to enter the campaign against Mr. Weeks if he had not been frightened over the very threat made by his friend Charlie.

Bottomley makes no claim to superior affluence in this matter. He admits that his own particular concern would be better off than many from being yanked out along with those delegates pledged to support the Governor.

NO MORE OF LOWDEN.

Mr. Weeks has made an about face. It is evident to all. No longer are the Bay State delegates being informed of the merits of "My Friend Frank." He may be using persuasive methods upon those gentlemen who were supposed to have been brought north by Frank H. Hitchcock, but the gentlemen from the Bay State have heard Lowden's name mentioned only in whispers the last twenty-four hours.

In fact, Mr. Thurston has just informed us that he will stick to the Governor "so long as he has a chance," and if Coolidge has no choice Chairman Lodge will be next. Senator Bill Foley of South Boston says that in the Senate you can't tell how they stand even after they vote.

BAY STATE MEN LUKEWARM

Coolidge's Chances Improve Despite "Shimmying" Attitude of Delegates

By CHARLES O. POWER.

Chicago, June 8.—If the Massachusetts delegation does not quickly take a more positive and decisive tack it will become known as the "shimmying" delegation. It has been showing a sad lack of assertiveness for the candidacy of Governor Calvin Coolidge for the Republican nomination for President.

O. POWER

Whenever delegates are asked if Coolidge has a good chance or what is his chance for the nomination, they will shrug their shoulders and walk along. They will not stop and declare that the logic of the situation is all in favor of Coolidge, nor will they try to convince the inquirer that Coolidge is the ideal candidate.

This non-committal, shoulder-shrugging habit is not confined to two or three of the delegates, but is general. There has been more real sentiment shown at the Minnesota headquarters for Coolidge than at the Massachusetts.

CRANE NOT ACTIVE.

In an effort to relieve the painful tension, a dinner and get-together session was hurriedly arranged for last night at the Hamilton Club, which was attended by delegates, alternates and party leaders. Ways and means were discussed for developing more signs of life and there is a little better tone to the Coolidge talk today.

But the delegation is sadly in need of a boss. It has been assumed all along that Murray Crane would work wonders for Coolidge, but there is little surface evidence of it. He is the mysterious interrogation point of the works.

Just what he is doing nobody seems to know. One thing is certain. He is not talking out loud like a man who is confident his man is going to win.

Now who pretend to be close to him are wagging their heads and talking sagely to the effect that they "would not be surprised if Crane should announce that he had come to the conclusion that Johnson, Wood and Lowden had become undesirable by reason of their attacks on each other, that Coolidge could not quite make it and Hoover would, after all, be the most desirable."

In his talk at the Hamilton club, however, he urged all the delegates to endeavor in every way to promote the Coolidge candidacy and reminded them that it would be better if each one would appoint himself a special committee to work in earnest for the Governor every minute until the choice was made.

SPEECH UNSATISFACTORY

It was noticed and remarked that he did not give helpful suggestions of a concrete or specific nature. The burden of his talk was that if all would work just as hard as they could for Coolidge "you can't tell what may happen."

One note of cheer that came to the Coolidge camp last night was to the effect that the Brooklyn delegates would vote once for Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler and then switch to the Massachusetts man. It was also said that they would labor to convert other members of the New York delegation to swing to the Coolidge standard.

Another bit of pleasing gossip was that Senators Harrison and Frank Dunbar of Lowell, favorable to Wood, would come to Coolidge after the first ballot.

Treaty Chief Issue, Bryan Believes

By WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN.
(Copyright, 1920, by William Jennings Bryan.)

W. J. BRYAN.

Chicago, June 8.—The Johnson meeting last night was the outstanding feature of the eve of the convention. It was not a "lull before the storm." It was a storm in itself. The speeches made by Senators Johnson and Borah present as forcibly as they can be presented the issues as they see them. The audience was in sympathy with the speakers—some of them so sympathetic that they interrupted out of mere exuberance.

Johnson and Borah represent distinct styles of oratory, each a master of his style.

Johnson reminds one of Colonel Roosevelt in the emphasis which he employs and the passion which sweeps him along. His speech has the impetuosity of a mountain torrent—no pools, nothing but rapids.

His subject is not only on his mind but is in his heart as well. He speaks with an earnestness that leaves no doubt as to his convictions.

His chief issue was the treaty, and he employed all the adjectives that appeal to sentiment and stir indignation. There was not a sentence that suggested compromise; on the contrary, he invoked the history of the Republican party to rebuke any thought of concession.

The convention must choose between two alternatives—there is no middle ground. It must boldly indorse the action of the fifteen Republican irreconcilables and go to the country as the pledged opponent of the league as presented by the President and of the league as modified by the Lodge reservations, or it must repudiate the action of the irreconcilables and appeal to the country for the indorsement of the league covenant as modified by the reservations supported by thirty-four Republicans and twenty-three Democrats.

KAISER TO CONDEMN.

The irreconcilables, represented by Senators Johnson and Borah, have some advantage over the league followers in the presentation of the subject to a popular audience. It is easier to condemn in tote than to explain verbal differences, and an appeal based upon confidence in the country often fails of a response. There, too, the disparity between America's representation and the representation given to Great Britain and her colonies furnishes an excellent opportunity to arouse national pride and stir up any prejudice which may exist against the nation specially favored.

The defenders of the ratification with reservation have no spokesman who are a match for the two Western Senators and from a partisan standpoint it is unfortunate that the charge of party affairs, so far as the real bosses will let him.

work, except in so far as the reservations make a difference.

A REMARKABLE VICTORY.

It remains to be seen whether Senator Lodge will be able to call forth a team of speakers who can show the necessity for the league and explain in a convincing way the safeguard which the money which they have expended to get the nomination. But it is manifest that the idea does not prevail among the delegates generally. They not only feel that it would imperil the election, but they feel it would imperil the election of the next Congress and the members of the Senate.

Furthermore, the delegates do not hesitate to express themselves to the effect that the party should not be compelled to bear the odium which would attach to it in the campaign and follow it through the administration. The thinking, reflecting delegates are getting restive and some of them ugly in their remarks about the effort to force upon them candidates for whom they would have to apologize all the way through the campaign.

If the convention were to meet for a week or so nothing could be plainer than that neither Mr. Lowden nor Mr. Wood would stand any show of nomination.

By the time we get down to business on Thursday or Friday we will write a people's platform and nominate a people's candidate.

Those delegates are not going back to their people to tell those who are struggling with the high cost of living about how they have written a platform and nominated a candidate under the directing influence of those eager to get them to throw away the political campaign.

Wadsworth Heads New York Delegation

Chicago, June 8.—James W. Wadsworth was elected to chairmanship of the New York State delegation at the instance of "Boss" William Barnes, while other candidates were appointed to lesser offices. Charles D. Hilles succeeded Herbert Parsons as National Committeeman.

Immediately following this meeting, an attempt was made by ex-Judge Nathan L. Miller, in charge of the Hoover forces, to line up delegates for his candidate. Walter R. Stone, Mayor of Syracuse, also was active, endeavoring to forward the candidacy of Governor Calvin Coolidge.

The delegates walked out on both boosters.

Former Governor Charles S. Whitman, who is in Chicago sleuthing for the Old Guard, has taken active charge of party affairs, so far as the real bosses will let him.

'WRITE PEOPLE'S PLATFORM'

Republican Convention Will Name People's Candidate, Borah Believes

By WILLIAM E. BORAH,
United States Senator From Idaho.
Written Exclusively for International News Service.

(Copyright, 1920.)

W. E. BORAH

Chicago, June 8.—The question uppermost in the minds of the delegates today seems to be the question of campaign expenditures.

There are those who still believe that notwithstanding the expose upon the part of two of the candidates as to their campaign expend- tures, they should be nominated, and they are willing to take the risk of having them elected. Relying on what they believe to be the unpopularity of the present administration they insist that their candidate could be elected, notwithstanding the intolerable amount of money which they have expended to get the nomination. But it is manifest that this idea does not prevail among the delegates generally. They not only feel that it would imperil the election, but they feel it would imperil the election of the next Congress and the members of the Senate.

Furthermore, the delegates do not hesitate to express themselves to the effect that the party should not be compelled to bear the odium which would attach to it in the campaign and follow it through the administration. The thinking, reflecting delegates are getting restive and some of them ugly in their remarks about the effort to force upon them candidates for whom they would have to apologize all the way through the campaign.

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JORDAN MARSH COMPANY—Established 1851

Bright New Yarns for Sport Sweaters

No Summer wardrobe is quite complete without one or two, or more, Sport Sweaters. And the more vivid the color the smarter the sweater.

We are headquarters for finest quality knitting yarns of standard make, and this season's new assortment is the most varied ever as to texture and colors.

Columbia Floss
In 50 new Summer shades. A ball of 1 1/2 oz. 65c

Columbia Scotch Yarn
Fine new line of colors. A ball of 2 ounces 80c

Columbia Germantown
Complete line of staple and sport colors. A ball of 1 1/2 oz. 85c

Columbia Lustre Floss
In all the new sport shades. A ball of 1 1/2 oz 75c

Columbia Silk Wool Yarn
In 25 new Summer sport shades. A ball of 1 1/2 oz. 75c

Spanish and Heather Mixture Yarns
In all the wanted color combinations. A ball of 1 1/2 oz. 75c

Also complete new stocks of Iceland Wool, Saxony, Pompadour Lady Jane, and other popular yarns.

Knitting Needles and Crochet Hooks, All Makes and Sizes

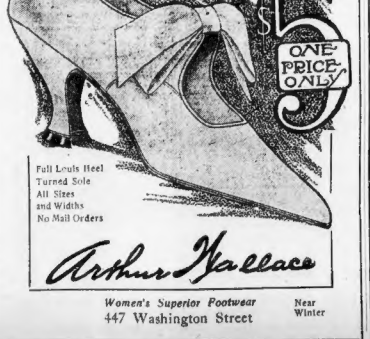
Free Instructions
Given in Knitting, Crocheting, Beadwork, Needlework and Lamp Shade making by experts. Our Instruction Section is light and airy.

Jordan Marsh Company

The Arthur Wallace IDEA

Duplicating High-Class Models in Fashionable Footwear to Sell at a Popular Price

White Satin Theo Tie
Genuine Skinner Satin
—For June Weddings



Full Louis Heel
Turned Sole
All Sizes
and Widths
No Mail Orders

Arthur Wallace

Women's Superior Footwear
447 Washington Street
Near Winter

Ulster League Pledges Convention Support

The following telegram was sent today to Senator Henry Cabot Lodge and former Senator W. Murray Crane at Chicago from the Ulster League of North America, Inc., with headquarters in Boston:

"The Ulster League of North America, Inc., representing upward of two and one-quarter million voters, heartily assures you of support in keeping aliens and enemies of our allies in the war in which we still officially are engaged, from any connection whatever with the Republican National Convention, or its platform.

"It will second any stand you take in strengthening the entente, peace and amity with our Allies, and will use every effort to prevent any step in the other direction, especially as regards interference with the domestic affairs of Great Britain.

"JAMES HAY, president.
"ARTHUR T. BUSWELL, M. D., treasurer.
"J. CALDER GORDON, secretary."

WILLARD H. CAPIN, 75, G. A. R. VETERAN, DEAD

Milford, June 8.—Willard H. Capin, a Civil War veteran and resident of Milford since his birth, seventy-five years ago, died following a shock. The Grand Army will have charge of the funeral next Thursday. Mr. Capin was formerly in the shoe business. He leaves a sister, Mrs. J. L. Mead.

SEVEN KILLED IN AUSTRIAN BREAD RIOT

Vienna, June 8.—Seven persons were killed and twenty-three wounded when the police fired upon bread rioters at Grain.

CAN THIS MAN WIN?

Figure Judge Gerard Has One Chance in Three

By I. T. JONES,
Des Moines, Iowa, National Campaign Manager.

JUDGE JAMES W. GERARD.

The San Francisco nominee will be the result of applied logic and not accomplished by preconvention instructions nor predirections. Basing an analysis on recognized and unquestioned conditions, all candidates can be absolutely eliminated except three. Two of these are Eastern men and Judge Gerard is one of them. The third is a Western man.

Both President and Vice-President will be chosen from among these three. Therefore, Judge Gerard's chances are one in three for the Presidency and one in two for the Vice-Presidency.

The next President must be far enough removed and sufficiently detached from the hopeless animosities of past consideration of the Versailles treaty and covenant to approach the question of restoring peace and normal conditions sanely and without embarrassment.

Judge Gerard is that man. He has an intimate knowledge of European and world affairs. He has world vision. His knowledge of domestic economics is unsurpassed. He has a greater appeal to the public imagination than any other man save one in public life.

He has polish, poise, energy and splendid mental courage with the physical power to sustain it. His positions on all questions which now engage public attention have been taken fearlessly and under no duress except that of justice and conscience.

His splendid Americanism while Ambassador to Germany is recognized as a masterful expression of the mind and heart of the nation and the nation is satisfied with the interpretation of its desires made by him and in administrating our diplomatic relations with Germany during the war.

He has distinguished himself in more fields of human endeavor than any other man now under consideration for first honors in all the parties. He is a distinguished jurist. On the lecture platform, in the world of letters, in finance, in agriculture, in the mining world and in economics generally, he has taken high place and won the highest order of commendation and confidence.

He is fifty-three years of age. He has lived his whole life in the atmosphere of the nation's largest affairs. He knows the ways of men and how to direct their energies into intelligent and profitable channels. He loves humanity and will serve it well, as he has always done.

The demands upon the President for the next four years, from the mental and physical standpoint, are awful to contemplate. Gerard is equipped both mentally and physically to guide the ship and endure the strain.

(Tomorrow—Champ Clark)

HOOVER OFFICES CHILL VISITORS

Fannie Hurst Says They Are Trying to Fry Egg on Cake of Ice

By FANNIE HURST,
America's Most Famous Short Story Writer.

(Copyright, 1920, by Universal Service.)

Chicago, June 8.—The curtain rose today on Act 1.

I've already seen the setting. The Coliseum looks like a huge bowl of custard after Jack the Giant Killer has eaten down into it with a spade. The Congress and Auditorium Hotels resemble a gigantic fraternity "rushing party" and though you may wear a Lowden pledge pin when you enter, it is by no means certain that somewhere there will not be clinging to you a Wood red feather as you leave.

There is a cloistered quiet about the Nicholas Murray Butler sanctum. There is something of the turn of a pretty woman's ankle to the Wood quarters. A taffeta rustle to the place; whispers of silky phrases and almost every handshake is a manicured one.

Not so at the Johnson diggings. Mrs. California leans out of her kitchen window, gingham pink, in her gingham apron and shouts you a hello. There's the smell of boiled dinner about the Senator's ranch and it's a "come in and welcome stranger, always room for one more."

Up at the Hoover, it is as if they are trying to fry an egg on a cake of ice. Both their intentions and the egg are good, but they haven't thawed out to the exigencies of the occasion.

LESSING 'TIPS' LITTLE ROLLO

Delegates Not Worried by Duty —Attend Movies and Discuss Dry Decision

By BRUNO LESSING.

Chicago, June 8.—Today 982 American citizens, more or less carefully selected by their party throughout the country, are gathered in convention to select a candidate for the Presidency. Theoretically it is an occasion second in importance and solemnity only the actual casting of the ballot on election day. It is only natural to expect that these 982 American citizens are staggering under the burden of their responsibility.

The fathers of our representative democracy, who doped out the Constitution, fondly believed that these delegates would prepare themselves for their solmen task by carefully weighing the qualifications of each candidate for the nomination.

And little Rollo in Plymouth, Mass., whose uncle has explained to him the wonderous working of our political system, imagines the following to be a typical scene in Chicago.

A dozen delegates are gathered in a room, some sitting with their heads resting on their hands, plunged in profound thought, some nervously walking to and fro, others engaged in solemn discussion.

Delegate from Alabama—"You recommend this Wood. But what is his remedy for the present, economic unrest?"

Delegate from California—"I have carefully studied his speeches, his administrative acts, and I have been convinced that he can cope with the problems that confront us."

BUY
MANAHAN'S
EST. 1860
MOTH PROOF
GARMENT BAGS

To Protect Your Clothes From Moth, Dampness and Dust

Made of Strong Duplex Paper
(Chemically Treated)

Garments are suspended from hangers and can be removed at will.
No Wrinkling.
No Offensive Odor.
These sizes have 3 hooks, will hold 3 garments

Auto Coat Size 30x5x64
Ulster Size 30x5x60
Overcoat Size 30x5x50
These sizes have 2 hooks, will hold 2 garments

Business Suit Size 24x5x37
Muff and Blanket Size 17x12x7
Muff or Stole Box 17x12x7

Patented
Sold by the leading Department and Drug Stores throughout the United States
Or we will send them direct upon receipt of price.
Catalogue upon request.
FACTORY, 370 Pearl Street, New York City.

Three Massachusetts
SHOE FACTORIES
Combine Their Stocks for a
$500,000 SALE OF WOMEN'S SHOES
Selling Direct to Public at Less Than Factory Cost

Stocks consist of High and Low Shoes and Pumps of highest grade qualities. All this season's styles—fresh from the lasts—No seconds. No factory damaged. No old styles. Grouped in three big lots, and thousands of pairs in each price range.

Sale Starts Tomorrow, Wednesday, at 10 A. M.

$2.95 Made to Retail at $5 and $6
$3.95 Made to Retail at $7 and $8
$4.95 Made to Retail at $10 and $12

No Exchanges—No Refunds—No Mail Orders—No C. O. D's—All Sales Final

A Few of the Many Styles

Leathers
RUSSIA CALF
GUN METAL CALF
BLACK KID
BROWN KID
PATENT LEATHER
SUEDE AND
OOZE LEATHER

All Sizes
All Widths
2½ to 8
AA to EE
Know your size and width to get quick service

Styles
PLAIN OXFORDS
BROGUE OXFORDS
ONE EYELET TIES
THEO TIES
FANCY PUMPS
PLAIN PUMPS
COMFORT SHOES

A Few of the Many Styles

Buy Your Needs Now for Months to Come

Reason for Sale
Cancellations of Orders Due to
Freight Embargoes
Lateness in Deliveries
Weather Conditions
We, manufacturers of Women's High-Grade Shoes, have decided to liquidate
½ Million Dollars
Worth of fine footwear
At Actual Factory Cost and in Most Instances Less Than Cost.

Remember
This is not a money-making sale—just a case of desiring to unload in the quickest possible time, so that our three factories can continue running in full swing and keep our thousands of faithful men and women employed.

Location
Owing to these enormous stocks, we needed large quarters, and this was the best location available, taking into consideration the floor space needed.
NOTE—
651 Atlantic Avenue
(Dewey Square)
Opposite South Station
N. B.—Take any car line, elevated, surface or subway, and get off at South Station.

Note our Window Displays

H. & J. Shoe Co.
(Makers of High-Grade Welt Shoes for Women)
Factory at 60 K St., South Boston

Ernest D. Haseltine Co.
(Makers of Fine Novelty Shoes for Women, Ultra Styles)
Factory at Haverhill, Mass.

Growing Girls' Shoe Co.
(Makers of Women's, Misses' and Growing Girls' Low Heel Shoes and Comfort Shoes)
Factory 23 Vale St., Roxbury

B-E Shoe Co.
Factory Agents
100 Summer Street

SALE AT 651 ATLANTIC AVENUE
DEWEY SQUARE, FOOT OF SUMMER STREET — OPPOSITE SOUTH STATION

LODGE CALLS FOR PARTY HARMONY TO DRIVE WILSON OUT

SAYS G. O. P. MUST RESTORE LAW AND ORDER IN AMERICA

Chicago, June 8.—Called States+ Senator Henry Cabot Lodge in his speech as temporary chairman opening the Republican national convention said:

"We are met here to take the first, the most decisive step in the political campaign which is to determine the party control of this great government for the next four years. It is a solemn moment, fraught with vast possibilities of either good or evil.

"Behind us lies the long, slow slow of history, now for the most part fallen silent, together with all the bridges advances of science in methods of taking human life, which battered upon it, rained and quiescent. The tempest has subsided but the ocean still heaves and rolls with crested waves, while the dead seas of the storm, which has passed, crash sullenly against the shores that shelter and sustain the vast fabric which we are wont to call our civilization.

Pays Tribute to Army and Navy Heroes

"The splendor of the achievement of our soldiers and sailors, their dauntless courage and unshrinking service will always remain one of the proudest memories in the history of the Republic. But the dead return not and the shadow of the great sorrow for those forever gone will never be lifted from the hearts of the people who sent them forth to battle.

"Great empires have been swept from the earth, ancient monarchies have crumbled in an hour and long-established governments have tottered. Fallen and passed away like a watch in the night.

"All these things stare us in the face, pierce our attention and arrest our thoughts. But this is not all and what remains, perhaps more than anything else, makes incredibly difficult the immense task which lies before us.

"In the shock of war, through long years of bitter conflict, moral restraints were loosened and all the habits, all the conventions, all the customs of life, which more even than law hold society together, were swept aside. The passion, one purpose—to save the country, to save civilization, to preserve freedom—rose supreme. It could not be otherwise.

"There could be in that hour but one question asked of men and women: 'Are you loyal to your country and her cause, ready to work and to sacrifice and if need be to die for her?' If that single demand was rightly answered nothing else mattered, not those days of stress and anguish. No one inquired further.

Allaying of Unrest Demands Patience

"So the war ended and victory came; the great adventure was over and men and women came back to find the old ways dull, the old life tame, the old restraints burdensome and they themselves possessed by a fever for excitement and a hunger for change unknown before. One word of restlessness was in everywhere.

"This state of mind born of the war is the reason why it is the essential work of restoring a shattered world and making the great victory a blessing to mankind. In order to succeed at all we must understand this mental and moral condition. We must allow for it. We must be very patient. We must steady our nerves. We must be tolerant and above all, open-minded. We must call on our courage, poise and self-restraint.

"One of our great political parties has failed to meet—nay, is in a considerable measure responsible for, the perilous conditions of the hour. The only other organized political force of strength enough to cope with the encircling dangers is the Republican party. If that too fails and breaks down, the Russian descent into barbarism will begin to draw near.

"Such an end is inconceivable with the American people but they must realize the peril and drive it back into the darkness whence it comes. We, keepers of the Republican faith, must therefore succeed. We did not fail in the Civil War. We shall not, must not fail now.

Declares Wilson and 'Dynasty' Must Be Driven from Power

"In order to render to our country the service which we desire to render, and which we can accomplish in large measure, at least, if we undertake it with all our ability and in a unified and united public spirit, we must have the opportunity for service. That opportunity can only come through our being entrusted by the people with both the legislative and the executive administration.

"To this end Mr. Wilson, his dynasty, his heirs and assigns, or anybody that is his, anybody who with him since has served its purposes, must be driven from all control, from all influence upon the government of the United States. They must be driven from office and power not because they are Democrats, but because Mr. Wilson stands for a theory of administration and government which is not American.

"His methods, his constant if indirect assaults upon the Constitution and upon all the traditions of free government, strike at the very life of the American principles upon which our government has always rested.

"The return of the Democrats to power with Mr. Wilson or one of his disciples still the leader and master of a great party, which before his advent possessed both traditions and principles, would be a long step in the direction of the autocracy for which he has labored years to create. It would be to the continuance of free representative government as we have always conceived and understood it.

"The peril inseparable from Mr. Wilson and his system goes far beyond all party divisions, for it involves the fundamental question of whether the government of the United States shall be a government of laws and not of men, whether it shall be a free representative government or that of a dictatorship resting on a plebiscite carried by repellent methods.

Defeat of Present Regime Transcends All Else

"Mr. Wilson and the autocracy he represents, and all which those who believe in his doctrines and share his spirit represent, must be put aside and conclusively excluded from any future control.

"Bear this well in mind throughout the campaign, for it is the first condition of our ability to enter upon the path which will carry us forward to true progress and to wise reform. It is the path of Washington, of Lincoln and of Roosevelt from which Mr. Wilson has sought to drag us. We can only regain it by once and for all condemning the man and his associates who have thus endeavored to turn us from the right road into the dark and devious ways which will in all nations lead to destruction.

"We therefore make our appeal for support to all who love America, to all, whatever party name they happen to bear, who are true to the faith of the fathers, to join with us in this great work of redemption.

"The defeat of the present administration and all it treats of transcends in importance every other question and all immediate and dominant issues are bound up with it. Without that defeat every chance of the right-acting element of the country and nations before us, so sorely needed now and not later, will depart.

First Duty of Party to Restore Law and Order for Nation

"The ground thus cleared, it is our first duty as Americans to re-establish certain essential principles which have been both shaken and broken —shaken by the shock of war, invaded by those who had their own selfish purposes to serve even in the hour of the country's danger.

"All the civilization ever built up and treasured by mankind has rested upon the establishment of law and order. Law and order, the supports of true liberty, the firm foundations of prosperity and progress, have always ruled in the United States and have been very dear to the hearts of the American people.

"They must never be weakened or impaired unless we are ready to see all that we have carefully built up go down in ruin and men forced once more into the struggle against chaos, followed by the slow and toilsome climb out of the darkness of anarchy to the bright light of freedom and punishment.

"To maintain law and order and a stable government where justice rules and the rights of all men, high and low, rich and poor, shall be protected, we must have a government of the people, duly chosen by the people, and never must there be permitted any government by a single man or by a group of men or by an organized minority. Tyranny lurks in them all and true freedom withers when they ascend the throne.

"There must be but one law in this country and that is the law framed by the men chosen by the people through their representatives to make the laws. The chief magistrate must understand that it is his duty not only to enforce but to abide by the laws, the laws made by the representatives of the people, and when those laws are there made their effect be obeyed until the people see fit to change them.

"Loyalty to the United States and obedience to the people's laws are the corner-stones of the Republic and must be sustained and upheld by every man and woman in every corner of our great land. Keep these principles sacred and untouched and all the rest will follow.

Calls Wilson Free Trader Favoring Socialism

"Let me turn first to the economic conditions, so profoundly distorted and confused by the war, which affect our daily life, are essential to our business and upon which our material prosperity and all the benefits, both moral and moral, which flow from it, are sought to be attained. I see but only regain it by once and for all condemning the man and his associates who have thus endeavored to turn us from the right road into the dark and devious ways which will in all nations lead to destruction.

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"High Lights" in Lodge's Speech at Convention

If the Republican party fails and breaks down the Russian descent into barbarism will begin to draw near.

We did not fail in the Civil War. We shall not, must not, fail now.

Mr. Wilson and his dynasty, his heirs and assigns, anybody that is his, anybody who with him knee has served his purposes, must be driven from all control, from all influence upon the government.

Law and order must be restored and maintained throughout the land. The chief magistrate must understand that it is his duty not only to enforce but to abide by the laws.

Vital measures to guard our industries are impossible with a Democratic Free Trader of Socialistic proclivities in the White House.

The high cost of living is the most pressing, most difficult and most essential problem which confronts us.

Profiteering offenders, great and small, should be pursued and punished, not in the headlines of the newspapers after the manner of the present attorney general, but quietly, thoroughly and efficiently in the courts.

Something more in this direction can be accomplished by proper regulation of cold storage.

Another deep-seated cause of the rise of prices is the abnormal increase per capita of the circulating medium. It should be one of the first acts of Congress to deal with this essential point.

The most potent remedy for high costs is to keep up and increase production, particularly on the farms.

The Wilson administration management of the railroads was inefficient and money was wasted with a prodigality which nothing can defend.

Over 600 Americans have been murdered in Mexico. We have "watched and waited" long enough. We need a firm hand at the helm, a man who will think not only of the rights of the United States, but of the welfare of Mexico.

Let the Mexicans choose as President some strong upright man friendly to the United States and determined to establish order and then let the United States give him a real and cordial support.

The Armenian mandate is a plan to get us involved in the responsibilities of the League of Nations and all the wars in which it may be engaged without our being a member of the league. To such a proposition the only answer is a plain refusal.

The American people will never accept the alliance with foreign nations proposed by the President.

The congressional resolution for peace was vetoed by the President in a message that furnished neither argument nor reason but which it must be admitted had a pleasant touch of humor in its allusion to the freedom of the seas.

There the story ends. We have stopped Mr. Wilson's treaty and the question goes to the people.

They will tear aside the veil of words woven to blind and deceive and come down to the vital point —Mr. Wilson's plan on one side, the independence and safety of the United States on the other.

The way to assure victory now is to remember always what Mr. Wilson and his party threaten, not only in the League but in regard to the very foundations of our government.—From Senator Lodge's speech as temporary chairman at Republican national convention.

How Republicans Plan to Reduce High Cost Living

"The estimates have been reduced over a billion dollars. The oil-shale leasing and water-power bills, two measures of large effect and high importance, which have been halting and stumbling for many years in the incapable hands of a Democratic ma+ though not all, but everything that can be effected by law should be done at once.

"Profiteering, the charging of exorbitant and unjustified prices which is stupid as well as unlawful, are subject now to ample punitive laws. These laws should be enforced, others if necessary added and the offenders both great and small should be pursued and punished, not in the headlines of newspapers after the manner of the present Attorney General but quietly, thoroughly and efficiently, in the courts of the United States.

"Something more in this direction can be accomplished by the proper regulation of cold storage, and a bill+ for that purpose has passed both Houses and is now in conference.

"Another deep-seated cause of the rise of prices, more effective in its results although less obvious than profiteering, is the abnormal increase per capita of the circulating medium. This has doubled since the war began and if in the space of a few years the amount of the circulating medium is doubled it has a most profound effect in stimulating and advancing prices.

"During the war credits have been enormously inflated and there have been large additions to the currency through the Federal Reserve banks. Here it is possible to check the advance of prices by law.

"We can provide for the control of credits in such manner as to give preference to the most essential products. We are also able to reduce the amount of circulating medium in the form of Federal Reserve Bank notes, the authority having been given during the war to increase the issue of these notes from two billions to four billions.

"It should be one of the first acts of Congress to deal with this essential point, and it would have a marked effect in reducing prices by steadying them and bringing them down to a lower and more normal level.

Urges Greater Production Especially on Farms

"The most potent remedy of all against advance in the high cost of living, however, lies in production, which cannot be reached directly by legislation. Increase in production will fall and fall off, the cost of everything will be advanced by the simple force of scarcity which inevitably drives prices upward.

"The most essential remedy for high costs is to keep up and increase

Continued on Next Page.

DECLARES PRESIDENT "FREE TRADER-SOCIALIST"

All Profiteers Must Be Thoroughly Punished.

"Two of the most important acts of any period, the shipping act for the upbuilding of the American marine and the settlement of the affairs of the Shipping Board and the law establishing the budget, a great measure of economy and sound financial administration, are conspicuous as our latest achievements.

"We have made a remarkable beginning, but we are fully conscious that it is only a beginning.

"Reconstruction must be steady and energetic but it also demands care if it is to be of lasting value.

"The rise of prices, the high cost of living which reach daily into every home, is the most pressing and is the most difficult and most essential problem which confronts us.

"Some of the sources of this trouble can be reached by legislation, al-

PIMPLES OVER FACE AND NECK

Hard and in Blotches. Skin Sore. Cuticura Heals.

"Pimples began on my face and spread all over my neck. They were hard with white heads, and they were in blotches. The skin was sore and many nights I could not rest. My face was disfigured.

"I suffered for 6 months. Then I used Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and I used four cakes of Soap and four boxes of Ointment which completely healed me." (Signed) Carlos Trestar, 18 Way St., Fall River, Mass., May 24, 1919.

Rely on Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Talcum to care for your skin.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: "Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. R, Malden, Mass." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Bathe with Cuticura Soap after we without mug.

DON'T DESPAIR

If you are troubled with pains or aches; feel tired; have headache, indigestion, insomnia; painful passage of urine, you will find relief in

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

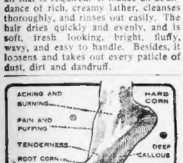
The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles since 1696. Three sizes, all druggists. Guaranteed. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation.

Be Careful What You Wash Your Hair With

Most soaps and prepared shampoos contain too much alkali, which is very injurious, as it dries the scalp and makes the hair brittle.

The best thing to use is Mulsified cocoanut oil shampoo, for this is pure and entirely soapless. It mixes with the scalp and frees anything else all to pieces. You can get this at any drug store, and a few ounces will last the whole family for months.

Simply moisten the hair with water and rub it in, about a teaspoonful is all that is required. It makes an abundance of rich, creamy lather, cleanses thoroughly, and rinses out easily. The hair dries quickly and evenly, and is soft, fresh looking, bright, fluffy, wavy, and easy to handle. Besides, it loosens and takes out every particle of dust, dirt and dandruff.



END YOUR FOOT MISERY

Cal-o-cide positively gives quick relief and lasting results. It penetrates the pores and removes the cause. (Plasters in each package for Stubborn Corns)

Cal-o-cide FOOT REMEDY

How You Can Make Hairs Quickly Disappear

Helps in Beauty

Even a stubborn growth of hair will quickly vanish from the face, neck or arms after a single treatment with delatone. To remove the hairs, make a stiff paste with a little powdered delatone and water, apply to hairy surface and after about 2 minutes rub off, wash the skin and it will be left free from hair or blemish. To avoid disappointment, be quite certain you get real delatone.—Advertisement.

Try One Bottle

On Our Guarantee

Why suffer itching torment a moment longer? A few drops of D. D. D. brings instant relief. 35c, 60c, $1.20. Try D. D. D. Soap, too.

D.D.D. THE Lotion for Skin Disease

Girls! Girls!! Save Your Hair With Cuticura

Soap and Ointment to clear Dandruff and Itching. Sc. each. Sample free of Ointment, Dept. R, Malden, Mass.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision for over 30 years. Allow no one to deceive you in this. Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments, and endanger the health of Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

JORDAN MARSH COMPANY—The Preferred Men's Store of New England

For Rough and Tumble Wear in Surf and Sand
Some Unequalled Values that You'll Appreciate

Men's Pure Worsted Bathing Suits

We're all ready for the season at the shore and you will find here this year as always what's new, what's correct and what's good in one and two-piece Bathing Suits for men at fair prices.

It's a good time to buy now, while the assortment is new; you can get a better one now, don't wait for hot weather.

Colors	*Styles*
Plain and fancy colors with contrasting stripes	One-Piece Suits with Skirt, and Two-Piece Suits

Sizes 36-50—Prices 6.50 to 9.50

Quarter Sleeve Style Bathing Suits—We are well supplied with this style in both one and two-piece skirt styles. *In this particular style we are well prepared for Big Men.*
Sizes up to 54—Prices 6.50 and 8.00

A Special Value in Men's Pure Worsted Jerseys—Colors: Navy, Gray and Maroon 3.50

Jordan Marsh Company

New Hair Growth After BALDNESS

On legal affidavit, John Hart Brittain, business man, certified to that "My head was entirely bald when I began using Kotalko. The scalp was shiny. An expert said that he thought the hair roots were entirely dead; there was a host of my friends saying a new hair growth.

"Yet now, at an age over 60, I have a luxuriant growth of soft, strong, lustrous hair! No trace of baldness. The pictures taken here are from my photographs." Mr. Brittain further testifies:

INDIAN'S SECRET OF HAIR GROWTH

Photo when bald.

"At a time when I had become discouraged at trying various hair lotions, tonics, specialists' treatments, etc., I came across, in my travels, a Cherokee Indian medicine man who had an elixir that he asserted would grow my hair. Although I had no little faith, I gave it a trial. To my amazement a light fuzz soon appeared. It developed, day by day, into a healthy growth, and my long lost hair was as youthful as in youthful days.

"I feel astonished and happy in expressing my state of mind mildly. Obviously, the hair roots had not been dead, but were dormant in the scalp, awaiting the fertilizing moisture to germinate new growth. I negotiated for and came into possession of the principle for preparing this mysterious elixir, now called Kotalko, and later had the recipe put into practical form by a chemist.

That my own hair growth was permanent has been amply proved."

After hair growth.

How YOU May Grow YOUR Hair

It has been proved in very many cases that hair roots did not die even when the hair fell out through dandruff, fever, diabetes or some certain other hair or scalp disorders. Miss A. D. Otis reports: "About 8 years ago my hair began to fall and finally my scalp in spots was almost entirely bald. I tried everything that was recommended, but was always disappointed until at last I came across Kotalko. My bald spots are being covered now; the growth is already about three inches." G. W. Mitchell reports: "I had been completely bald, over which hair is now growing since I used Kotalko." Mrs. Matilda Maxwell reports: "The whole front of my head was as bald as the palm of my hand for about 15 years. Now using Kotalko, hair is growing all over the place that was bald." Many more splendid reports from satisfied users.

For women's hair.

FREE

KOTALKO contains GENUINE KEAN OIL and other potent ingredients. No alcohol, no shampoo; but a hair elixir of wonderful efficacy. Buy a box of KOTALKO at the drug store. Remember the name, accept nothing else as "just as good." $500.00 GUARANTEE. Or if you send 10 cents (silver or stamps) for new Book on Beautiful Healthy Hair, you will receive a PROOF BOX of Kotalko FREE, postpaid. Determine NOW to eliminate DANDRUFF, to treat BALDNESS, to STOP HAIR FROM FALLING. Get a box of KOTALKO, apply once or twice daily; watch in your mirror more splendid reports from satisfied users.

JOHN HART BRITTAIN, Inc., Station F, New York, N. Y.

10c or 25c 4K TABLETS FOR All Pain

Headaches Neuralgias Colds and La Grippe

Women's Aches and Ills—Rheumatic and Sciatic Pains

Ask your Druggist for 4-K Tablets

BOSTON AMERICAN—A Paper for People Who Think—Largest Evening Circulation in New England—TUESDAY, JUNE 8, 1920 7

"WATCHFUL WAITING" ON MEXICO MUST END, SAYS LODGE

ASSERTS ARMENIAN MANDATE IS A "LEAGUE TRAP"

Continued from Preceding Page.

production and particularly should every effort be made to advance the productivity of the farms. Just how much the Government can do in this direction is uncertain, but it can aid and support, and if anything can be done it must not be omitted or overlooked. The Republican party promises to use every power in this direction.

"I have touched upon the high cost of living because it is altogether the most important domestic question now before the country. There are, of course, others, but the time allotted to me makes it impossible to touch upon them all.

"There is, however, one measure which cannot be passed over. This is the Railroad Act.

"This act declares a national policy and, so far as any law can do it, establishes that policy as a rule of action. The policy entailed in the bill concedes at the outset that it is of course impossible to return to the old system or lack of system in the management of railroads.

"They must henceforth be under thorough government supervision and also the government must have over them a large measure of control.

"But the policy also represents the principle that the government must not assume the ownership of the railroads.

"This point it is not necessary to argue because the country through the demands of war turned the railroads over to the government, and we have had the painful privilege of observing the performance which followed. The government management which ensued was inefficient, the railroads were wretchedly conducted and money was spent and wasted with a prodigality which nothing can defend.

"The experiment failed and should not be renewed.

Demands Action to Pacify Mexico and Protect Americans

"From domestic affairs, which I have only touched upon briefly, let us turn to foreign questions, to our relations with the world of nations. Look first at one of the most pressing importance just beyond our own borders. Look at Mexico.

"For seven years the United States has been pursuing under the direction of the President a policy of 'watchful waiting.' The President saw fit to intervene in Mexico. As a matter of fact he made war upon Mexico, for in the taking of Vera Cruz we lost some 126 men in killed and wounded and several hundred unregarded, incidental Mexicans were also either wounded or killed in the conflict.

"We sent there to exact an apology for the treatment of some of our sailors at Tampico. The apology has never been given, but General Huerta was driven from power, which was the President's real purpose, and Mexico then fell into a state of anarchy which, growing constantly worse, has continued to this day.

"The President saw fit to recognize Carranza, who was chosen by a military junta, as political chief. He thus furnished an essential support to the Carranza government and what has been our reward?

"Over 600 Americans have been murdered in Mexico, some under circumstances of great brutality. For these murders no reparation has been made. Decorated by endless futile and useless notes they have gone unchecked.

"To have been an American citizen in Mexico added to a man's danger. The words 'I am an American citizen,' instead of being a protection, as they ought to be, in every corner of the world, were an absolute peril to anyone who was entitled to that high distinction.

Says Mexico Teemed With German Plots.

"Mexico teemed with German plots. The Mexican Government largely the offspring of Mr. Wilson's recognition did its utmost to aid us in the war but gave aid so far as it was possible to the cause of our enemies. Yet we still continued to support Carranza.

"His government sent agents into this country to foment industrial trouble and to bring on strikes. They fitted themselves with the Bolshevist and anarchistic elements. Nothing was done by the United States. Carranza insulted the American government in every possible way and still nothing was done.

"We fell so low that when an American was seized by one of the many bands of brigands and held for ransom all that the government of the United States would do was to offer to be the channel for conveying the ransom of their citizens to the highwaymen who had seized them.

"The mere statement seems incredible, but it is the exact accordance with the facts in some cases. Still nothing was done and we watched and waited. Naturally, we lost our influence in Mexico, and what was far more important we lost the respect of the Mexican people by the manner in which we submitted to every sort of insult and outrage.

"We have watched and waited long enough. It is time that this condition, disgraceful to us and ruinous to Mexico, should cease. We need a firm hand at the helm. We need a man who will think not only of the rights of the United States, but of the welfare of Mexico.

"The Mexican people would not resent the influence or intervention of the United States if it would only help to bring them peace under a President of their own choosing. The great mass of the Mexican people wish to work and earn money. They long to be able to sleep in peace and not be subject to pillage and outrage. Thousands of them look to us for help.

Would Assist Stable Mexican Government

"Let the Mexicans choose as their president some strong and upright man who is friendly to the United States and determined to establish order and then let the United States give him a real and cordial support, and so strengthen and uphold him that he will be able to exterminate the bandits and put an end to the unceasing civil war which has well nigh completely ruined one of the finest and most valuable countries on the face of the earth.

"We must watch and wait no longer. We must have a man who has a policy and who will act.

"Nothing can ever be accomplished under the Wilson administration or any administration in sympathy with it. Their miserable record of hopeless failure in Mexico has been unbroken for seven years. The time has come to put an end to this Mexican situation, which is a shame to the United States and a disgrace to our civilization.

"If we are to take part in pacifying and helping the world, let us begin here at home in Mexico. If we assert and protect the Monroe Doctrine against Europe, as we must for our own safety, we must also accept and fulfill the duties and responsibilities which that doctrine imposes.

"The President has been unable or unwilling to do anything for Mexico. Where civil war has raged for years, where anarchy exists and where the people are suffering. But he thinks it our duty to take a mandate for Armenia, which would involve our sending an army there for an indefinite time and which would cost including the army and civil expenditures $75 millions for the first year, besides entangling us in all the quarrels and intrigues of Asia Minor and the surrounding countries. Mexico lies at our doors.

Sympathy for Armenia But No Mandate

"The American people have a deep sympathy for Armenia. They have already given over forty millions dollars for the relief of those starving and suffering people, a brave and gallant people who deserve assistance and who have established a government.

"We are anxious to help Armenia in all reasonable ways, and no doubt shall do so, but to take a mandate to control, protect and govern that country would involve not only sending our sons and brothers to serve and sacrifice their lives in Armenia for an indefinite time.

"This is a mandate which we in the Senate of the United States think should not be undertaken. It is a plan to get us involved in the responsibilities of the League of Nations and all the wars in which we may be engaged, without our being a member of the League. To such a proposition the only answer is a plain refusal.

"On the other hand what the President has neglected—a like condition among an unfortunate people at our very doors—we must take up and by a wise and firm policy restore Mexico to the position which she ought to occupy and thereby help and relieve her people and so benefit the world and extend the reign of peace.

"As the great war in Europe pushed Mexico into the background and turned the thoughts of all away from it, so there is at this moment another great question of our relations to the civilized world which overshadows every other.

"When the armistice with Germany was signed the course to be pursued was clear. It was urged by Republican Senators before the Armistice and immediately afterwards. That course was to make peace with Germany at once and then take up for reasonable consideration the question of establishing such future relations with our associates in the war as could make for the future peace of the world.

How Wilson Blocked Peace by League of Nations Scheme

"If this had been done we could have had full peace with Germany three months after the armistice.

"This Mr. Wilson prevented. He went to Europe with the greatest opportunity for large services to the world ever offered to any man. He insisted on going himself, for he trusted no one else. We then had the confidence, the gratitude and the friendship of every European nation, which thanks to the President we possess no longer. If Mr. Wilson had said:

"We came here to help you win this war in defence of civilization. The war is won. All we now insist upon is that Germany shall be put in such a position as not to be able again to threaten the peace and freedom of mankind. Our own conditions in the American hemisphere we will care for ourselves. We have interests in the Far East which we shall wish to have protected, but your own European questions you must settle and we will accept the settlement to which you agree. We are not here seeking territory or to dictate what you shall do in regard to either territory or boundaries."

"Then indeed we should have been entitled to the gratitude of the world not only for our decisive services in the war but for generous assistance in making a lasting peace.

"But Mr. Wilson did not do this. He had apparently only one aim, to be the maker of a league of which he should be the head. He was determined that there should be a League of Nations then and there and in order to nullify the powers given by the Constitution of the United States he decided to make the league an integral part of the treaty of peace with Germany.

"This he presented to the Senate, and intended to present a dilemma from which he believed there was no escape. In order to have peace with Germany he meant to compel the Senate to accept with it the League of Nations.

Surrendered Principles to England and France

"It was indeed a difficult situation which he thus created. But Republican Senators believed their duty to be clear before them and did not shrink from fulfilling it. Thirty-nine of them in March, 1919, signed a statement setting forth that the first draft of the league Mr. Wilson brought it back, announcing that it must be taken just as it stood, could not be accepted by the Senate in that form.

"The President returned to Europe with this warning before him and before the world fully informed. Only slight changes in the covenant, for the most part phraseological and some of which made the second draft worse than the first. He forced the Allied and Associated Powers to yield to his demand that the covenant of the League should be interwoven with the treaty of peace.

"To accomplish this he surrendered the principles of the freedom of the seas—whatever that may have meant to great Britain, and he made promises and concessions to France—not yet fulfilled—which brought him the French support.

"Having thus carried his point abroad he brought the treaty with Germany home and laid it before the Senate. To the great mass of the American people he said: 'This covenant of the League of Nations will bring to the world a lasting peace.'

"Everyone desired lasting peace and without pausing to consider or even to read the covenant, thousands upon thousands of good people united in the demand that the Senate ratify and take the league at once and without consideration, just as it stood.

"The Republicans of the Senate, perceiving the danger of the League, determined to ask Mr. Wilson's demand, even at the cost of delaying the treaty of peace with Germany. They felt that the one thing necessary was to have the people understand the treaty, that they might realize what it meant and what it involved. So long a debate began and it has lasted for more than a year.

Americans Almost Fell Into Trap

"At the outset that portion of the people who wished an instantaneous and unqualified acceptance of a covenant which most of them had never read had possession in large measure of the press and other methods of obtaining publicity and thus were able to keep up a continual cry for immediate ratification.

"The vocal part of the community felt almost universally, as they listened to each other's voices, that the whole country was with them, but they forgot that the great inarticulate masses of the people who went silently about their work and their business, who did not write letters to the newspapers or publish circulars or spend millions in spreading their views through powerful organs and active associations but who simply loved their country and thought first of the interests of America.

"The debate in the Senate spread to the country. They read the speeches, listened to the arguments, and, what was far more important, they began to read and discuss the covenant of the League themselves, in the street, by the fireside, where men and women meet together. They began to understand the League. They began to know what it meant.

"Then saw it was an alliance and not a league for peace. They saw that in and according the League Conventions which we all desired to have restored as foundations for further extensions, did nothing for the development of international law, nothing for a world court and judicial decisions, and nothing looking towards an agreement as to dealing with non-justiciable questions.

"These real advances toward promoting peace, these constructive measures all disregarded and the only court mentioned was pushed into an obscure corner.

"The people began to perceive with an intense clearness that this alliance, silent as to real peace agreements, contained clauses which threatened the very existence of the United States as an independent power—threatened its sovereignty, threatened its peace, threatened its life.

Will Never Accept Wilson's Alliance With Foreigners

"The masses of the people became articulate. Public opinion steadily crystallized and today the number of Americans who would be willing to accept the covenant of the League of Nations just as the President brought it back from Europe is negligible. The American people will never accept that alliance with foreign nations proposed by the President.

"The President meantime has remained inflexible. He is determined to have that treaty as he brought it back or nothing and to that imperious demand the people will reply in tones which cannot be misunderstood. No man who thinks of America first need fear the answer.

"Mr. Wilson said in a recent letter to Senator Hitchcock: 'For my own part I am not willing to trust to the counsel or diplomacy the working out of any salvation of the world from the things which it has suffered.' And he said this in behalf of an alliance whose representatives will all be diplomats and politicians. They will all act in behalf of the interests of their respective countries and they will have nothing judicial about them.

"Strip the league of every clause which involves the action of political representatives in the Assembly and the Council and you leave but one article in which the diplomats of the four great powers will have no power.

"That is the famous Article X. Most of the league covenant was prepared by General Smuts of South Africa, but Article X was the work of the President of the United States. It is true this article is free from diplomacy, but it rests entirely upon naked force. In that way peace is to be preserved and the nations freed from war by multiplying the opportunities for the use of force.

"Each individual nation is bound by Article X to go to war for the protection of the territorial integrity and the political independence of every other nation in the world at the time of signature, that is, for the protection of States some of which are not yet determined or established, for the protection of boundaries which no man can define.

"We were to give a guarantee and any of the countries in the league in the event of exterior aggression could have demanded our armed assistance, and our soldiers and sailors must then have gone forth at the command of foreign countries unless we shattered all the ideals expressed by breaking a solemn moral obligation.

League Breeder of War And Enemy of Peace

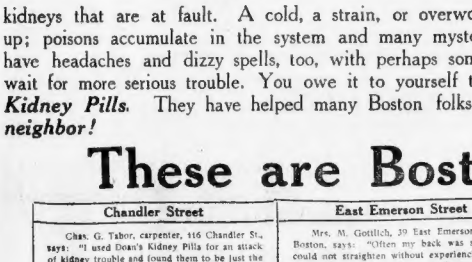
"The Republicans of the Senate, no matter what their future fate might be, were determined that the covenant containing that article unmodified should never be ratified. It became every day clearer to them that the alliance called a League of Nations, instead of being a guarantee for the world's peace, was a breeder of war and an enemy of peace.

"As we studied it—and a majority of Senators desired to have some League, if possible, which should be a genuine League of Peace—we found that it dragged us not only into every dispute and every war in Europe and in the rest of the world, but that our soldiers and sailors might be forced to give their lives in quarrels not

Continued on Next Page.

Is Backache Slowing You Up?

"Every Picture Tells a Story"



ARE you dragging along week after week with a dull, throbbing backache? Do you feel lame in the morning, tired all day; suffer sharp, torturing twinges at every sudden move? Then there's something wrong! So why not find out what it is and try to correct it? You may never have suspected your kidneys, yet often it's the kidneys that are at fault. A cold, a strain, or overwork congests the kidneys and slows them up; poisons accumulate in the system and many mysterious aches and pains result. You may have headaches and dizzy spells, too, with perhaps some annoying bladder irregularity. Don't wait for more serious trouble. You owe it to yourself to get well and stay well. Use ***Doan's Kidney Pills.*** They have helped many Boston folks. They should help you. ***Ask your neighbor!***

These are Boston Cases:

Chandler Street

Chas. G. Tabor, carpenter, 116 Chandler St., says: "I used Doan's Kidney Pills for an attack of kidney trouble and found them to be just the thing for me. My back was lame and I had pains in my kidneys that made it hard for me to bend over or lift anything heavy. The action of my kidneys annoyed me by being irregular. Doan's Kidney Pills entirely removed all these symptoms of kidney complaint and put my kidneys in a healthy condition."

Webster Street

Mrs. Fred Grant, 162 Webster St., E. Boston, says: "The first symptom of kidney complaint in my case was backache. I used to have to lie down on account of the terrible pains through my kidneys and across my loins, and I was miserable most of the time. The irregular action of my kidneys caused me no end of annoyance, and I also had headaches and specks before my eyes. Hearing about Doan's Kidney Pills, I used a few boxes, which I procured from Woodbury Co's Drug Store, and they gave me excellent relief. I was soon relieved by Doan's Kidney Pills."

East Emerson Street

Mrs. M. Gottlich, 39 East Emerson St., So. Boston, says: "Often my back was so sore I could not straighten without experiencing much pain. Sharp twinges in my back would often make me scream, and nights my rest was disturbed. I got up mornings tired and nervous, and I was caused a lot of annoyance by the irregular action of my kidneys. Nothing I took seemed to relieve the trouble until I began the use of Doan's Kidney Pills. I got instant relief from this remedy, and since then, whenever I have felt an attack of kidney trouble coming on, Doan's have always fixed me up in a day or two."

NO package of Doan's Kidney Pills is genuine unless it bears the maple-leaf trade-mark and the signature—*"Jas. Doan."*

Boston Street

Chas. E. Whiting, Fireman, 234 Boston St., Dorchester, South Boston, says: "I have used Doan's Kidney Pills at different times when my kidneys have troubled me, and they have always given me good results. Whenever I caught cold, it was sure to go to my kidneys, and then I would have severe backaches and soreness over my kidneys. The action of my kidneys would be irregular, too. I have always used Doan's at these times, and they have been sure to strengthen my back and regulate my kidneys."

Medford Court

John Kelley, 2 Medford Court, says: "I keep Doan's Kidney Pills on hand all the time, and I know they are all that is claimed for them. My kidneys were weak and whenever I took cold it caused me to have severe backaches. On stooping over, sharp pains took me in my kidneys, and it was a task for me to straighten again. My kidneys didn't act right, either. Doan's Kidney Pills soon put a stop to the aches and pains in my back and regulated my kidneys. I always depend on this medicine now for relief when I have any signs of kidney trouble."

Doan's Kidney Pills

Every Druggist has Doan's, 60c a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Manufacturing Chemists, Buffalo, N. Y.

GILCHRIST'S BASEMENT STORE

Our Self-Acting Reduction Plan Creates Bargains

No Mail or Phone Orders Filled In Basement

WEDNESDAY At 9 A. M.

2541 Pairs

WEDNESDAY AT 9 A. M.

Women's White Shoes

BOOTS—OXFORDS—PUMPS

$1.29

Several Different Styles—All Sizes

These are high grade shoes, but slight seconds, which is the reason that they are being offered at this low price.

All styles are in medium, broad or slim toes, plain or with tips; French, Cuban, military or low, common-sense heels.

Every pair represents extraordinary value.

WE GIVE MERCHANTS LEGAL STAMPS

WILSON DYNASTY DENOUNCED

Lodge Says Republicans Must Unite to Drive President from Power

Continued from Preceding Page.

their own at the bidding of foreign governments.

"It also appeared that our domestic questions, like immigration, could be interfered with, that the interpretation of the Monroe Doctrine was to be left to the decision of the League, that we were to be made participants in the outrageous disposition of Shantung, which robbed a friendly nation and gave the proceeds of the robbery to her worst enemy, and that finally we were to have in the Assemble of the League only one vote to Great Britain's six.

"These provisions were all intolerable. Reservations were adopted which relieved us from every obligation under Article X., which took all our domestic questions completely out of the jurisdiction of the league, which once and for all placed the Monroe doctrine beyond any interference by Europe or any foreign power, and which refused our assent to the cruel wrong of shantung.

"We also made it impossible to subject the United States to the proposed inequality in voting power, for we profoundly believed that the United States must never take part in any council of the nations where her vote was not equal to that of any other power represented.

"Some of us were deeply convinced that there ought to be no league at all, and that absolute safety could be obtained in no other way; others of us, more numerous, believed that the reservations I have described would protect the United States against the perils of the covenant if we joined the league.

"We were all firmly united in our determination that the league as submitted by Mr. Wilson must never pass. We were also agreed that Mr. Wilson's league with what he called 'interpretative reservations,' or with anything those obedient to him approved, was just as bad, just as menacing as the original.

"Twice his followers, obedient to his orders, rejected the treaty with the reservations I have outlined.

Wilson's Obstinacy Shown in Veto of Peace Resolution

"The Republicans of the Senate then made another effort to put an end to the state of technical war with Germany and at the same time rid the country of those measures which were adopted under the war powers of the Constitution and which are clearly unconstitutional in time of peace.

"They would thus have relieved the business and the daily occupation of the people from the burden of war legislation and at the same time have preserved to the United States under the terms of the resolution all benefits accruing to the United States under the provision of the treaty of Versailles.

"This resolution was passed by both branches of Congress and vetoed by the President in a message which furnished neither argument nor reason for the veto but which it must be admitted had a pleasant touch of humor in its allusions to the *Treaty* of the seas. The House also passed a resolution repealing all the war legislation with three exceptions. The President vetoed it. His autocratic powers must not be disturbed. Thus the President demonstrated again that unless he could have his own way exactly and without any modification he would not permit the country to be at peace, an exercise of executive power never contemplated by the Constitution.

"There the story ends. We have stopped Mr. Wilson's treaty and the question goes to the people. In 1916 Mr. Wilson won on the cry that he had kept us out of war. He now demands the approval of the American people for his party and his administration on the ground that he has kept us out of peace.

"We of the Senate believe that we have performed a high and patriotic duty and we ask you, representatives of the Republican Party, to approve our course and stand by what we have done.

"The next act will fill a larger stage and the people will decide between us and the President. The League must be discussed in every district and in every State and we desire to have the verdict so clearly given that no man who seeks to represent the people in the Senate, in the House or in any place or any degree, can have the slightest doubt as to his duty.

"We make the issue, we ask approbation for what we have done. The people will now tell us what they think of Mr. Wilson's League and its sacrifice of America.

"The people know our policy; they know Mr. Wilson's and they will choose between them. They will tear aside the veil of words woven to blind and deceive and come down to the essential and vital point—Mr. Wilson's plan on one side, the independence and safety of the United States on the other.

Urges Unity of Party to Achieve Victory

"Let us stand fast by the principles and policies of Washington and Monroe and against—utterly against—those of Mr. Wilson. We must be now and ever for Americanism and Nationalism, and against Internationalism. There is no safety for us, no hope that we can be of service to the world, if we do otherwise.

"In making our contest before the people let us thing of what the public interest, the future existence of the United States demand without any consideration of party effect.

"The way to assure victory now is to remember always what Mr. Wilson and his party literally forced on the League but in regard to the very foundations of our government.

"Let us also in the battle we are to wage make no promises which cannot be performed. Let us not imitate the Democrats, who pledged themselves to reduce the cost of living by lowering the tariff when they well knew, for even they must have known, that their pledge was impossible for fulfilment, that the high cost of living could not be relieved in that way and every day since then has proved the falsity of their position.

Make our declaration of principles so broad, so devoted to the one supreme object, that all may accept it and all work for the same dominant result.

Picture Points Moral to Adorn This Tale

On Summer street, Boston city proper.

Thus inspired, thus united, we may feel assured that when the banners are lifted and the trumpets blown we shall march forth to a victory, not for our party alone but for principles and beliefs which are absolutely vital if the American Republic is to continue on its triumphant course and the hopes of humanity, so bound up in the fortunes of the United States, are to be fulfilled."

Boom for Sproul Hits Labor Snag

Chicago, June 8.—The campaign for the nomination of Governor Sproul of Pennsylvania struck a labor snag at the outset.

Criticism was made of the selection by Governor Sproul of General W. W. Atterbury as his campaign manager. Atterbury is a vice-president of the Pennsylvania Railroad, is identified with some of the greatest corporate interests in the country, and has freely expressed his opposition to the plan of railroad labor for public ownership of the railroads.

Labor leaders who have started opposition to Sproul urge that his nomination would mean a victory for big interests, the triumph of the railroads over employes and the return of railroad magnates to political power.

The Atterbury steering committee has perfected its plans for a campaign among the delegates.

The belief was expressed at a meeting of the committee that the Wood, Johnson and Lowden booms would all flatten out in the early stages of the balloting, that the convention would swing to a compromise candidate and Sproul would be given his run then.

No, readers, it is not a street in some city subject to earthquake disturbances.

It is part of the scenario in Boston's famous comedy, "Dumping the Bumps and Dipping the Dips."

Or, in plainer words, it is a hole—one of the 19,648,732½ holes which freckle the Hub's thoroughfares like pebbles on a particularly stony seashore.

It isn't on some unfrequented byway apart from the marts of trade. It is right in the centre of Summer street, where every automobilist can take the Leap of Death across it.

You don't need to hurry if you want to see it for yourself, with the little flivvers and the growling autotrucks rocketing across it like the trains on a scenic railway.

No, don't hurry, readers. It will probably be there for quite some time.

It won't bring much joy to the philosopher who is devoting his meditations to the mystic question—"Why is Boston's Street Department?"

END OF EXETER, N. H., SHOE STRIKE IS NEAR

Haverhill, June 8.—It was stated at the headquarters of the Shoe Workers' Protective Union here that the strike in the Dale and Bates shoe factories in Exeter N. H. in progress for the past twelve weeks, will probably be terminated this week. Representatives of the union acting with a committee of Exeter's leading citizens have been able to open negotiations with firms which are expected to lead to an adjustment.

NEW APPEAL BY POSTAL CLERKS

National Association Urges Them to Put Demands Up to the Next Congress

A bulletin has been sent broadcast by the United National Association of Postal Clerks from its headquarters in Washington, declaring that the organization is keenly disappointed with the meagre increase in wages awarded postal clerks and calling upon them to appeal to their Representatives in the next Congress "to have manifest inequities and imperfections of this legislation corrected." The circular is signed by President C. P. Francioua.

The bulletin says:

"The association is keenly disappointed with the report of the Postal Salary Commission. The splendid testimony rendered by the representatives of this association and other postal employes at the hearings held at the various postal centers in the United States, the recommendation of the advisory committee of twenty-five employes, the final hearings of the representatives of all postal organizations, the briefs submitted by the undersigned, the response from a majority of members of both Houses of Congress to my letter submitting to them a copy of the statistical chart drafted by the association, and the many assurances we received from the members of the Lower and Upper House, all tended to indicate to us that when the commission reported and submitted their bill that they would submit a complete report and that they would submit a bill as nearly perfect as it is possible for any document of human construction to be.

"In our final brief we recounted the various hardships correlated to the salary question and again contended that the only fair and equitable readjustment of the salaries of postoffice clerks would be a minimum salary of $1,600, with a maximum salary of $2,600, with annual progression from the first to the fifth grade and with provision for the two grades of special clerk, with salary of $2,400 and $2,500.

"We need not recount how far short of our hopes the commission's bill has fallen. The commission's bill as enacted into law is only a makeshift and cannot afford either permanent or material relief to the postal employes.

"For all of the above reasons the association has entered vigorous protests to the salary increases provided for in other sections of the bill and accompanying such protests we have filed with both committees of Congress expressions of our dissatisfaction with and non-acquiescence in the recommendations of the salary commission. We feel that this action will enable your representative here to make a succesful effort during the next session of Congress to have the manifest inequities and imperfections of this legislation corrected."

TRIES TO SELL JEWELER HIS OWN STOLEN WATCH

Just after he had reported his store had been broken into and looted of watches and jewelry to the value of nearly $2000, Samuel Berkman, proprietor of the Metropolitan Loan Company at No. 34 Broadway, Chelsea, was surprised when a colored man stepped up to the counter and, holding one of the stolen watches in his hand, asked Herkman how much he would loan him on it.

Berkman had his wife call the police and kept the young man engaged in conversation until an officer arrived. The young man, who gave his name as Albert Butler, said he was 18 years old and gave his residence as No. 87 Pearl street, Chelsea. He told the police that he had purchased the watch a few moments before from a man for the sum of $2

CLAIMS WE ARE 'SHELL SHOCKED'

President Lowell Says Americans Are Suffering Effects of Moral Explosions

Addressing the Boston Baptist Social Union, at its annual Newton night, in Ford Hall, President A. Lawrence Lowell of Harvard, depicted the moral chaos into which he said the country is drifting and exhorted the ministers to exert every effort to raise standards of conduct and principle.

"We are all suffering from shell-shock," he continued. "Many of us who are inflicted were near an exploding shell. We are not suffering from a chemical explosion, but from moral explosions like those in Russia. It is in this respect that the Christian church comes in to distinguish and to hold on to those things that are of eternal value.

"The present conditions of materialism will pass away and a more normal state of mind will return. These psychological changes come quickly, even before we can fully realize. And the conditions into which we settle back depend very largely upon what ministers have taught us to settle back to."

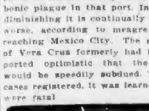
The dinner was given primarily in honor of the graduating class at the Newton Theological Seminary, many of whose members were present.

PARENTS OF BOY KILLED GET $2,500 FROM CITY

An order awarding $2,500 to William and Mary Wallace, parents of William Wallace, Jr., aged five, who was killed by a fall from city apparatus in Orchard Park, Roxbury, was passed by the city council following Mayor Peters' veto of an ordinance awarding $4,000 to the parents. The mayor indicated his willingness to pass the smaller sum.

NEAR-PANIC IN VERA CRUZ OVER SPREAD OF PLAGUE

Mexico City, June 8.—The population of Vera Cruz is on the verge of panic because the epidemic of bubonic plague in that port. Instead of diminishing it is continually growing worse, according to meagre reports reaching Mexico City. The residents of Vera Cruz formerly had been reported optimistic that the plague would be speedily subdued. Of nine cases registered, it was learned seven were fatal.



NAVAL OFFICER CLAIMS HE WAS ROBBED IN CHELSEA

William J. Marks, chief pay officer on the U. S. S. Carola, reported to the Chelsea police, that he had been assaulted and robbed of $42 by a crowd of Chelsea square young men. The robbery took place at Congress avenue and Pearl street. Marks said that the men rode up on a car from Revere Beach with him and they had a dispute, following which he was attacked.

Removes Superfluous Hair Roots and All—Instantly!
(A Marvelous New Method)

The new plucfactine process is as different from the depilatory, electrical and other methods as is night from day. It actually removes the entire hair, roots and all, from your face or neck. It does this in just a few seconds, easily and painlessly. Just try it! You can get a bottle of plucfactine at any drug store with directions, which are quite simple. There is no odor to it, no irritating poisonous constituent—you could even eat it without the least injury. It will leave your skin as soft, smooth and hairless as a baby's.

REMEMBER!

In addition to the many bargain lots, we carry full lines of **Regular Goods** in every Basement Department at prices averaging much lower than elsewhere.

Jordan Marsh Company
Great Basement Store
The Famous Store that's a Store
For the Sale of the Low Accessible Merchandise

Bathing Suits
Excellent values in all the popular styles, materials and colors, for every member of the family.

Just Received From a New York Specialty House
An Unusually Excellent Lot of
Women's Summer Dresses
Good Styles for SEASHORE, TOWN and COUNTRY
AT ABOUT HALF PRICE

Lay in a Supply Now for the Youngsters and Save Money
Important Purchase of
Children's Fancy Socks
39c
They're fashioned, with roll tops—the best top to stay up. Choice of light and dark grounds assorted. A wonderful value. Get here early for your share.

Children's Ribbed Cotton Hose, in black and white. Sizes from 5 up to 9½. First quality. Excellent value at **35c**

4.75
Voiles
Linons
Crashes
1600 dresses in this lot in a variety of neat and becoming styles; choice of plain and figured voiles, colored crashes and linons. Attractive styles for sports wear, for afternoon and for porch wear. Sizes 34 to 42.

For Your New Summer Dress
Sale of Manufacturer's Sample Taffeta Silk Petticoats
4.85
Some have silk jersey body. These are in season's newest styles and colors; also white washable silk petticoats, double panel front and back and hemstitched hem.

JORDAN MARSH COMPANY

WE BELIEVE
Our Great Basement Store
To Be the Best and Most Helpful Medium in New England
Toward Reducing the High Cost of Living
Through its offerings of the less expensive—yet reliable—lines of merchandise

—**We believe** our Great Basement Store presents the **best values** in New England in view of the fact that here we not only feature **a multitude of special lots every week** but carry in addition **complete lines of regular merchandise** in all departments **at invitingly low prices.**

—**We believe** that our Great Basement Store is a store that stands for the best definition of **Value**—namely, the Lowest Price invariably for **goods you are not ashamed to own.** (The other kind of merchandise we have no inclination to handle.)

JORDAN MARSH COMPANY

Have You a Good Supply for the Warm Summer Months?
Save Money Now on These Five Specials in
Handkerchiefs

Women's Imported Handkerchiefs, made with 1-16 inch hem. Six for..... **75c**
Women's Handkerchiefs, with threads hand drawn and ⅛ inch hem. Six for... **1.00**
Women's Handkerchiefs, all linen, made with ¼ inch hem. Six for..... **1.20**
Men's Imported Handkerchiefs, with threads hand drawn and ¼ inch hem. Six for **1.50**
Boys' Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, extra fine quality. Six for..... **75c**

New, Crisp Undermuslins
All Underpriced

Muslin Envelope Chemises, embroidery trimmed, sizes 36 to 44..... **79c**
Muslin Chemises, embroidery trimmed, straight style. Priced at..... **1.29**
Muslin Gowns, embroidery trimmed, chemise style. Priced at..... **1.29**
Cambric Petticoats, hemstitched ruffle; 37 to 41 in. lengths. Priced at..... **79c**
Muslin Petticoats, deep flounce of insertion and lace..... **2.98**
Washable Satin Camisoles, lace and insertion trimmed..... **69c**
Envelope Chemises, of flesh color crepe de crinn, lace trimmed..... **1.98**
Filipino Gowns, embroidered in floral patterns, scalloped buttonhole edge on neck and sleeves..... **3.98**

Special June Sale of
White Japanese Wash Silks
WHITE JAPANESE GEORGETTE CREPE AND NATURAL CHINESE SHANTAUG

WHITE WASHABLE HABUTAI, 36 inches wide..... 85c
WHITE WASHABLE HABUTAI, 36 inches wide..... 95c
WHITE WASHABLE HABUTAI, 36 inches wide..... 1.10
WHITE WASHABLE HABUTAI, 36 inches wide..... 1.25
WHITE WASHABLE HABUTAI, 36 inches wide..... 1.35
White Japanese Georgette Crepe, 40 inches wide **1.65**
White Wash Satin, one yard wide, sale price **1.55**
White Crepe de China, 40 inches wide **1.65**
Natural Chinese Shantung, 33 in., 17 to 18 yd. pieces. Piece, 16.50. Yard **95c**

AMOUS NOVEL AKES STRONG FILM PLAY

old Bell Wright's picturization widely-read novel, "The Shep- of the Hills," was presented for st time in Boston last night at nt Temple.

heart interest and dramatic sit- s which made the book famous which, with his later successes, e to bring the author to the fore merica's foremost contemporary ist, are faithfully portrayed on creen.

like many of the photoplays of lar novels, the screen production rue picturization of the book. author wrote the scenario, and it ected out under his direction and Ozark mountains, where the tory is laid. The story and message the author hoped to present to orld through his book and which n "The Orphan."

were later told to thousands from the stage, could be no better told than on the moving picture screen.

No individual stars are advertised to portray "The Shepherd of the Hills." The play is the thing and it is well acted and screened.

MODERN AND BEACON—It is seldom that a moving picture leaves the impression that James Oliver Curwood's "The Courage of Marie O'Donne," left with the patrons of the Modern and Beacon Theatres yesterday. "The City of Masks," the other feature, tells a photoplay story that is refreshingly "different."

MALDEN AUDITORIUM.—"Cappy Hicks" afforded new channels of enjoyment for the patrons of the Malden Auditorium yesterday when it was presented for the first times in that city by the Temple Stock Company.

CODMAN SQUARE THEATRE—Yesterday's program at the Codman Square Theatre, Dorchester, was comprised of four acts of all star vaudeville, with dancing novelties, harmony festival and hilarious comedy, followed by the first Dorchester showings of William Farnum

Plays That Remain

WILBUR THEATRE—That fascinating maiden, Law Field's "Poor Little Rita Girl," at the Wilbur Theatre, began another week of her Boston career last evening. This lively, tuneful musical farce, with its collection of dainty girls has achieved a notable success.

TREMONT THEATRE—George M. Cohan's musical comedy, "Mary," began its fifth week at the Tremont Theatre last evening with never a surcease of favor, the size of the audience betraying that this may well be termed the greatest success of the season.

COLONIAL THEATRE—Lou Tellegen, in "Undercurrents in the Rough," began his final week at the Colonial Theatre last evening. This comedy by Augustus Thomas gives the popular star a striking role.

MAJESTIC THEATRE — "Romance," the film version of the famous stage play of the love story of the Italian operatic star Cavalini, with Doris Keane in the role of the singer, originated and made famous by her, began its second week at the Majestic Theatre yesterday.

Norumbega Park

Big audiences applauded the performances of "Why Change Your Wife," the big DeMille feature drama, at the open-air theatre at Norumbega Park yesterday. Lillian Wheeler is the special musical feature for the week. Beginning Thursday, "Husbands and Wives" will be presented twice daily in the theatre.

GLOBE THEATRE—Owen Moore headed an attractive bill at Loew's Globe Theatre yesterday in a picture styled, "The Desperate Hero." The scenic effects were wonderful and the story dealt with a romance of the most thrilling and daring type. The other picture shown, Tyrone Power's latest release, "The Great Shadow."

COLUMBIA THEATRE — William Russell, the celebrated William Fox star, was shown yesterday at Loew's Columbia Theatre, in addition to Elaine Hammerstein in "Woman Alone," both of which afforded plenty of entertainment.

DAINTY REVUE FEATURES KEITH BILL

Joseph Santley and Ivy Sawyer, in a revue, pleasant for its taking and ingenious melodies, and its eye-tickling color arrangements, top the bill at B. F. Keith's this week. One is soothed alike by Stanley's gracious dancing and the shimmerous locks of Miss Sawyer.

Bert Melrose drew profound laughter from the initiate and little shrieks from the ladies who had not before seen his nonchalant teetering atop several tables. This engaging pantaloon compels marvelous agility in such of his conceits as are of antediluvian vintage.

One other claims on the bill that his name is Herschel Henlere shows piano skill worthy of something better than parodies on the masters. He met with high favor.

Claudia Coleman impersonated a number of types to the satisfaction of the audience.

Mrs. Gene Hughes presented a playlet, which was very clever, save when mush was substituted for wit.

Ed Morton, styled on the program as "Vaudeville's Pleasing Singer," also mingled pathos with songs befitting a vaudevillian.

The Clinton Sisters in their act uncovered some colorful settings and offered some angular Egyptian stepping which was effective. The Four Readings were disclosed as gymnasts of the perennial type.

GORDON'S OLYMPIA—An interesting question is raised by an unfaithful wife in "The Woman Gives," shown at Gordon's Olympia and Scollay Square Olympia Theatres, starring Norma Talmage, as to whether religion has lost its grip through a rigid condemnation of those who have not followed its precepts. Miss Talmadge, playing the part of Inga Sorderson, goes to the wife to get her to join in an effort to save her husband from a life of dissipation. Inga's appeal to her sense of righteousness brings the retort from the wife that she wants to spend the hereafter with her friends. Five big acts of vaudeville, the Olympia Weekly and a new comedy complete the bill at each theatre.

ORPHEUM THEATRE — Yesterday's program at Loew's Orpheum Theatre was brimful of good things and the appetites of amusement seekers were well satisfied. The top-line act, "Fashions a la Carte," offered many new and stunning gown creations, and the musical comedy selections were delightful. "The Four Gardeners," a harmony quartet, offered something novel in popular and classical songs. The bass solo number by Miss Mille Whyte was cleverly doe nand scored a big hit. The quartet also gives a remarkable rendition of the original Rigoletta Quartet. Bill Schoen, in "An Afternoon Off," is also on the bill.

PARK THEATRE—"Below the Surface," a thrilling drama with many of its most telling scenes laid at the bottom of the ocean, was loudly acclaimed by large audiences at the Park Theatre yesterday. Hobart Bosworth is the featured player in this unusual tale of the New England sea coast. The plot deals with Martin Flint and his son, Luther, deep-sea divers in a little New England village. Thrill follows thrill in rapid succession.

CAMBRIDGE CENTRAL SQUARE —For swift-moving, electrifying entertainment and finished, forceful acting, nothing has come to the local screen in many weeks to approach "Alias Jimmy Valentine," starring Bert Lytell, which was seen at Gordon's Cambridge Central Square Theatre last evening.

UPHAM'S CORNER STRAND—Wallace Reid is a shining example both as a cabaret artist and an up-to-date gentleman in his new screen comedy, "The Dancin' Fool," which opened a three days' run at the Upham's Corner Strand.

AUTO DRIVER JAILED AFTER WOMAN'S DEATH

Charles A. Washburn, of Newtonville, was arrested charged with manslaughter in connection with the death of Miss Florence Newman, sixty-five years, of No. 21 Hancock street, West End.

The body of the dead woman was identified early today at the City Hospital mortuary by friends whom she recently lived with at Revere. The woman was attempting to cross at the corner of Washington and Boylston streets when the auto driven by Washburn struck her. She had been employed for the past ten years by a Broad street publishing firm in the subscription department and started her vacation a few days ago.

CONNECTICUT WOMEN TO AID IN PICKETING

Hartford, Conn., June 8.—Four members of the Connecticut Woman Suffrage Association have left for Chicago to join the three that will picket the Chicago convention, suffrage headquarters here announced. The four are Mrs. M. O. Havemeyer of Greenwich, Mrs. M. Toscan Bennett of Hartford, Miss Elsie Nill of Norwalk and Miss Catherine Eanan of New York.

Before leaving Hartford Mrs. Bennett gave as the reason for the trip "the disgraceful neglect on the part of the Republican party in failing to secure the ratification of the suffrage amendment in this state and in Vermont."

WEDNESDAY • GOLD MEDAL • DAY

One of Our Big Bargain Features for June to Help Lower the High Cost of Living

Every item advertised is an extraordinary value—a value that is worthy of a gold medal for high quality and low price.

These articles are on sale Wednesday only at these prices. We do not guarantee to fill mail or phone orders on them

The Blue Sign Indicate Gold Medal Day Bargains—Look for Them in Every Dept.

Tremont and Beacon Streets Boston (9), Mass.

HOUGHTON & DUTTON Co

We Give and Redeem Legal and Profit-Sharing Brown Stamps

GOLD MEDAL DAY

Straight Sailors $1.79

In black and navy; with white underbrims.

SECOND FLOOR

GOLD MEDAL DAY

Boys' Wash or Play Suits $1.95

Values up to $3.98

Khaki play suits in soldier and scout styles, ranging in size from 4 to 16 years, but not all sizes in each style. Also Wash Suits in plain white and dark solid colors, also neat stripes, made in the best styles of very desirable materials. Sizes 3 to 8 years.

THIRD FLOOR

GOLD MEDAL DAY

Infants' Strap Slippers $1.29

Patent leather, sizes 2 to 8, replacement value $2.00

STREET FLOOR—REAR

GOLD MEDAL DAY

Girls' Middies $1.98

All white, made of the best quality Lonsdale cloth, selling regularly at $2.49; sizes 6 to 12 years.

THIRD FLOOR

GOLD MEDAL DAY

Fine French Pearl Beads $3.98

Opera length, graduated 28-inch, good lustre, was filled, solid gold safety ring clasp. This is the kind of beads which have been sold up to $10.00 a string.

STREET FLOOR

GOLD MEDAL DAY

Crumb Sets 39c

Made of heavy tin, japanned in blue. Set consists of crumb pan and brush to match, only 144 sets in this lot.

BASEMENT

GOLD MEDAL DAY

Men's Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers

Each 58c

Regular price 75c

Short sleeves and ankle length, sizes 32 to 44.

STREET FLOOR

GOLD MEDAL DAY

Middie Blouses and Smocks $3.00

Best materials, assorted styles; some are plain tailored; others are hand embroidered, in all the desirable colors and sizes.

THIRD FLOOR

GOLD MEDAL DAY

Platform Rockers $11.98

This is an exceptionally well built chair. One must see it in order to appreciate its great comfort. It does not move around the floor like most rockers when in use.

FIFTH FLOOR

GOLD MEDAL DAY

Auto Accessories

Roseford Coil Guard—A specially constructed housing to keep Ford coil protected against water, oil or dirt 39c

2.50

Ajax Jacks—A powerful, dependable jack, **1.75**

SECOND FLOOR

GOLD MEDAL DAY

9-Piece Cooking Combination $1.49

Consisting of one brown and white covered cooking casserole, 6 custard cups, 1 large blue and white cooking nappy for baking and serving, only 100 sets.

BASEMENT

GOLD MEDAL DAY

Bungalow Aprons $1.65

Of good quality percales in neat light stripes, loose and belted models.

THIRD FLOOR

GOLD MEDAL DAY

Art Embroidery Goods

Stamped Chambray Dresses—Tan, pink and blue; sizes 2 to 3 years 59c

Children's Lawn Dresses—Stamped in pretty designs; sizes 1 to 7 years 95c

Stamped Guest Towels 32c

White Poplin Rompers—Stamped; sizes 1 to 3 years $1.00

ART GOODS DEPT.

STREET FLOOR

GOLD MEDAL DAY

Dress Shields 3 Pairs for 55c

Light weight, good quality, double covered, various sizes.

Corset Garters 2 Pair for 29c

Heavy web, in white or flesh.

White Twilled Tape 8-Yard Piece, 12c

GOLD MEDAL DAY

Professional Bags $1.49

A fortunate purchase enables us to offer 1000 of these bags. They are strong, waterproof and serviceable, sewed frame and handles, 13, 14 and 15-inch sizes.

STREET FLOOR

GOLD MEDAL DAY

Women's White Skirts $1.57

Made with nainsook top, dainty hamburg ruffle and underlay.

THIRD FLOOR

GOLD MEDAL DAY

Rattan Chairs $16.50

Strongly made, guaranteed construction, seat and back upholstered in extra good grade cretonne. Rocker to match, same price.

FIFTH FLOOR

GOLD MEDAL DAY

Oak Arm Chair $4.98

All solid oak construction, guaranteed, large and roomy with comfortable upholstered seat, suitable for clubs, office or summer camps.

FIFTH FLOOR

GOLD MEDAL DAY

Scrim Dutch Curtains $1.75

Sheer quality, hemstitched, finished with wide lace edge; three-piece sets.

FOURTH FLOOR

GOLD MEDAL DAY

Boys' Blouses 79c

With attached collar, some sport styles included, in white, tan and neat stripes, regular value $1.20.

THIRD FLOOR

GOLD MEDAL DAY

Bread Boxes $1.98

Made of heavy charcoal tinplate, japanned in white, size 12x9x10 inches.

BASEMENT

Many Other Gold Medal Bargains Not Advertised Here

No Deposit

REQUIRED

$1.00 A WEEK

We have them for immediate delivery

American Supply Co., Inc.

801-803 Washington St.

Open Mon., Wed. and Sat. Eves.

Eight Live Kennedy Stores in New England

THE public mind may be somewhat confused by the recent epidemic of sales, discounts, refunds and offerings of unknown qualities at said-to-be low prices. But here's a bona-fide

Mark Down Sale of a Big Stock of Good Clothes

Choice, high grade carefully selected merchandise that has been piling in on us in tremendous quantities during the past few weeks until our stocks assumed such vast proportions that this drastic action seemed the only way for us to get out from under.

Here are the finest suits produced by The House of Kuppenheimer and other good makers. Here are high grade, all wool fabrics in exceptionally attractive patterns. Here are styles that are correct to the last detail, and tailoring that cannot be improved upon. In short—here's the very cream of America's Good Clothes.

And all except Blues, Blacks and Outings are now marked down from prices which were already nearer to actual cost than any store ever attempted to sell such goods before. "Extraordinary" seems a mild term to apply to such an opportunity as this.

$30 Suits are $25.50

$35 Suits are $29.50

$40 Suits are $33.50

$50 Suits are $42.50

$60 Suits are $51.50

$65 & $70 Suits are $54.50

No conditions—No restrictions—No extra charges

Open Saturday Evening

Kennedy's

New England's Largest, Livest, Leading Men's Store

Summer and Hawley Streets

FREE ERIN PLANK IS DEMANDED

Hub Irish Society Forwards Resolution to G. O. P. Chairman at Chicago Convention

Quoting President Wilson's pre-war speech and referring to his fourteen points as the basis of their argument for the adoption of a plank in the party's platform for recognition of the Irish Republic, the Roger Casement Branch of the Friends of Irish Freedom today forwarded a resolution to Chairman Will H. Hays of the Republican convention at Chicago calling on him to place it before the delegates.

The resolution reads:

Whereas, in entering the late World War the President of the United States declared for the self-determination and freedom of all small nations of which Ireland was one, and to this fourteen points of which we demand in this war in the following language: "It is that the world be made fit to live in, and particularly be made safe for every peace-loving nation which, like our own, wishes to live its own life, to determine its own institutions, be assured of justice and fair dealing by the other peoples of the world, as against force and selfish aggression. And

Whereas, the people of Ireland, in accordance with the declared objects of the United States and the Allies in the war, including Great Britain, set up a republic as the form of government under which they desired to live; therefore, we believe that the atrocities and stands committed to date by the people of Ireland by recognizing the government of their own choice which, they have established, namely, that of the Republic of Ireland, and

Whereas, the world interests of free government at this moment hinge on the Irish question, a safe solution of which would, we believe, open the way to international peace and good will, and because America first calls and honor and because our highest word and duty to our best and most loyal friend among the nations are involved; therefore, we appeal to the convention of the Republican party, assembled in Chicago, to declare in their platform for a Republic of Ireland. And be it further

Resolved, That we shall support no candidate or party not prepared to recognize the independence of Ireland.

FREEDOM LIKELY FOR EGYPTIANS

Paris, June 8.—Rumors of the rejected failure of the British mission, headed by Viscount Milner, to arrange for the colonies, to amicably effect the peace treaty provision for a British protectorate over Egypt and that this failure had resulted in England's decision to free the Egyptians, were given support by the hurried invitation from the British government for the Egyptian delegation in Paris to visit London.

The delegation left here en route for London, where it was reported they will sign a pact giving their country freedom from British domination.

STEAM ROLLER DIVES INTO CHARLES RIVER

Natick, June 8.—The base wall of the bridge across the Charles river at Pleasant street, South Natick, gave way under the weight of the town steam roller, and the machine, weighing ten tons, fell twenty feet into the river. The steam roller carried about forty feet of bridge and its guard railing with it when it dropped.

Harry Sanborn, the engineer, who was on the bridge giving way, climbed over the coal box and jumped just before the machine toppled into the river.

The water was not deep enough to cause serious damage to the machine, but the auto did considerable damage.

CONCRETE COMPANIES FOR DAMAGES TO STREETS

Dissatisfaction with the way the permit system, gas and electric light companies fill in the streets after excavations was expressed at a meeting of the finance committee yesterday afternoon, compelling the city engineer to call the repair work and send the bills to the guilty concerns for payment. Mr. Wilson and President Moriarity is sponsoring for it. The ordinance, mandatory in character, awaits the mayor's approval.

DANIEL J. CRONAN OF MILFORD DEAD, AGED 78

Milford, June 8.—Daniel J. Cronan, former shoe merchant and selectman, died from a complication of diseases at the age of 78. The funeral will be held probably Thursday. Cronan was born in Ireland, and came to this country in 1865. He is survived by a wife, four sons and four daughters.

AMERICAN NET TEAM IN ENGLISH CLASSIC

Led by William M. Johnson, the crack tennis team of the United States will test his strength in the Queens tournament, which begins next Monday, June 14, for the English London championship. A cable from Anthony Sabell, secretary of the English Association, officially announced the arrangements to the officials of the United States Lawn Tennis Association.

AUTO ACCIDENT ENDS IN $600 DAMAGE SUIT

Antonio Pallatto of Lowell has been awarded $600 in an action brought by Lulu L. Murphy of Waterbury, Ct. She alleges that on July 31, 1919, while riding in an automobile in Lowell, she was injured when the defendant's car struck the one she was riding in.

PAL MORAN DEFEATS TONY VIERA IN 12-ROUND BOUT

New Bedford, June 8.—Pal Moran of New Orleans defeated Tony Viera in a hard twelve-round bout. Viera was ill-dropped to the canvas just before the bell rang in the tenth round, but responded in good shape in the next round. Knockout Brown of New Bedford was victorious in eight rounds Lasgher Eddie Leary of Fall River.

Will of E. Babcock for Executor.

The will of Frank F. Babcock of Wellesley has been filed and he appointed administrator of the estate of Mrs. Caroline A. Babcock, late of Newton, who died May 7, pledge the estate is valued at $13,000, that the be effective since their death.

Make a broad, a prime object, all work for

Hovey Employes to Give Music Play

Katherine Healy and Louis Rayner, who will take leading parts in "Matador of Tucatan."

"The Matador of Yucatan," an original farce with music, and written by George R. Darling of the C. F. Hovey Company, is fast rounding into shape with rehearsals being held under the personal direction of the author. The play will be presented under the auspices of the Hovey Mutual Benefit Association at Jordan Hall, June 11 and 12.

The play is in the class of the finest amateur productions and will undoubtedly be the best seen in Boston for some time. Tickets are now selling at the C. F. Hovey Company store.

Notes About Golf.

After watching the slaughter of the American amateur golfers in the British championship at Muirfield, Walter Hagen must consider with even more gravity than before the burden he will carry when he steps to the first tee at Deal, to make the final effort of the year to show the citizens of the British Empire that there is some class to American golf.

Philadelphia boasts one golfer who can talk as fast on the course and as entertainingly as Joe Farren. The Philadelphian is Bart King. His linkx conversation is immense. If he ever meets Farren it will be an even money bet as to which can talk the other out of a win.

Miss Gordon and all the Boston District players are elated over the showing of the Providence golfer. She is determined to upset the dope of those who figure there is nothing to it but Mrs. Barlow or Mrs. Gavin. Mrs. Billstein of Bain would have had a fine card coming in but for a 9 on the terrible sixteenth. Her in card was 5 4 4 3 6 5 5 3 4—41

CLOSING DAYS AT HARVARD

Program of Commencement Exercises, Beginning Sunday, June 20, Is Announced

The program for Commencement week at Harvard is announced as follows:

Sunday, June 20—Baccalaureate sermon by President Lowell, Appleton Chapel, 4 p. m.; the President's reception to the Class of 1920, 5-6:30 p. m.

Monday, June 21—Phi Beta Kappa Day—Phi Beta Kappa exercises, Sanders Theatre, 12 noon, William Roscoe Thayer, '81, presiding; oration by Thomas Nelson Page, recently U. S. ambassador to Italy; poem by Professor Charles Eliot Norton, '61; senior spread and dance, Memorial Hall, 8 p. m.

Tuesday, June 22—Class Day services in Appleton Chapel, 9 a. m.; exercises in Sanders Theatre, 11 a. m. Class oration by Slater Washburn, class poem by James G. King, Jr., class ode by Paul R. Doolin, chorister, John V. Spalding. Tree exercises beside Holden Chapel, 3:20 p. m., Henry Sloane Harris, Jr., tree orator. Stadium exercises 4 p. m., ivy oration by Edgar Scott, Jr., '20. Dancing in Memorial Hall and gymnasium, 8:30 p. m. Singing by Glee Club on steps of Widener Library at 9 p. m. Harvard-Yale baseball game at New Haven.

Wednesday, June 23—Reunion day; Class of 1895 celebrates. Harvard-Yale baseball game at Soldiers' Field.

Thursday, June 24—Commencement exercises in Sanders Theatre. (Doors open at 9:30; seats reserved until 10 a. m.) Commencement procession forms at 10 a. m.) Alumni meeting in Sacred Quadrangle, 2 p. m. Postal ballot for overseers and directors of Harvard Alumni Association. Lower Massachusetts Ballroom.

Friday, June 25 — Harvard-Yale boat races at New London.

Saturday, June 26—Harvard-Yale baseball games at Fenway Park (In case of tie).

PLAKIAS DAIRY CO. ABSOLUTELY SOLVENT

Editor American:

In your issue of Saturday, June 5, 1920, you have reported that the Plakias Dairy Company, operating a chain of stores, were petitioned into bankruptcy, and that they were under financial difficulties.

In fairness to the Plakias Dairy Company, a Massachusetts Corporation, and the only company in Massachusetts that is operating a chain of stores, we request you to publish this notice, and to give this prominence that you did to the publication to what we deem a libel on our good name, so that the public may be informed that the Plakias Dairy Company, whose principal office is No. 14 Atlantic avenue, Boston, and who operate stores at No. 134 Broad street, Boston; No. 226 Atlantic avenue, Boston; No. 13 Atlantic avenue, Boston; No. 1138 Washington street, Boston; No. 153 Dover street, Boston; No. 2 Park Square, Boston, and No. 2 South Market street, Boston, is absolutely solvent, has never been in any court of law, has never had any difficulty with any creditor and is utterly independent of and never was connected with the Plakias Lunch Company, a bankrupt concern, directly or indirectly.

Nicholas D. Plakias, the president of the Plakias Lunch Company, was never an official, nor ever had any interest of any name or nature in the Plakias Dairy Co., the only company operating a chain of stores in Boston, Mass.

The bankrupt concern had but one store, which was located at No. 9 State street, Boston, Mass.

PLAKIAS DAIRY CO.,
By its president,
Thomas G. Plakias.

June 7, 1920.

LETTERS AWARDED TO HOLY CROSS TRACK COACH

Worcester, June 8.—Holy Cross has awarded Coach Bart Sullivan the Purple track team the varsity H. C. Tom King, the half-miler, was chosen captain of the 1921 team.

COLD WEATHER HOLDS UP BALL GAM

MORE REST TIME FOR BRAVES

Pirates the First of Western Teams to Invade Local Wigwam

By NICK FLATLEY.

The athletes from out the West invaded Braves Field today, their initial appearance of the season. They didn't get very far, however, as the cold weather put a stop to anything like a ball game. The Pittsburgh Pairates, right in the middle of the pennant scramble, were the initial representatives of the alien section of the league, and they trundle along quite a collection of baseball.

They have pitching and speed and pilfering and things like that and seem to be perfectly satisfied with the managerial methods of George Gibson, the first Smoketown skipper who seems to have a chance at giving the fans the faroff days of Fred Clarke.

They were here for four conflicts, which should give the local world champion Braves pitchers worn in form, as they should be now after all the rest our official late Spring weather has afforded.

No Double Headers on Program

There are no double headers in sight, and accordingly the program for the Wigwarmers stretches ahead much more complacently than it has since the outfit made its sensational come some weeks back.

Joseph Oeschger for the Tribe and Babe Adams for the Pirates looked like the day's pitching bill, and augured a tussle. Joseph O. is all ready to pick up things where he left off after heaving twenty-six innings one memorable Saturday. Babe Adams has been rattling along like a rosary, not a veteran of more meanings than about 1908 did member.

The news that Johnny Rawlings had been let out was no surprise to the baseball populace, as John didn't have anything in right field with any bench job. Pick has a strangle hold on second base and Horace Ford looms up as a bird who will refuse to keep out of the regular lineup.

Johnny has been a valuable chap for the Braves filling all corners at all times, and always doing a satisfactory job. He is also adolvent, has never been in any court of law, has never had any difficulty with any creditor and is utterly independent of and never was connected with the Plakias Lunch Company, a bankrupt concern, directly or indirectly.

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Trade Implies Giants' Owners Are Worried

The trade which brought Bancroft to the Giants, in exchange for Rawlings and Fletcher, tells as well as words that the owners of the Polo grounds are getting a bit worried about the popularity the Yanks have built up since B. B. Ruth started to hunt out some runs. The Giants down in the ruck don't act as much of a magnet for the fickle New York crowds, and accordingly the club's large resources have been turned loose to build up the team.

Fletcher, who was captain of the Giants, and for ten years one of their stars, has shown signs of slowing up, though he is still one of the finest short stoppers in the business. But Bancroft is a brilliant performer, with the edge of youth in his favor.

Rawlings went to the Giants by purchase, an option having been obtained from President Grant during the recent visit of the big town outfit to these parts.

K. O. MICKEY DONOVAN TO BATTLE RED ALLEN

K. O. Mickey Donovan of Brockton will have Red Allen of Brooklyn as an opponent in the feature bout of twelve rounds at the Farrington A. A., Brockton, Friday night. Gerard Fabrini of Lawrence will swap blows with Joe Adams of Brockton in the semi-final of eight rounds.

WELLESLEY SENIOR CREW VICTORIOUS

Wellesley, June 8.—The senior crew was winner of the annual crew competition at Wellesley College. The juniors, sophomores and freshmen finished in order.

School Results

B. C. High 2, St. Anselm's 1.
Brighton High 10, West Roxbury High 6.
Lindsey 3, Cambridge Latin 0.
Foxboro High 5, Sharon High 3.
Lynn English 7, Winthrop High 3.
Lynn Classical 15, Peabody High 4.

BICYCLES —ON— CREDIT

$1.00 a Week — $1.00 a Week

Ride a Wheel While You Are Paying for It

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Open Mon., Wed. and Sat. Eves.

What New Rent Laws Mean to Tenants

By MARTIN HAYS
Representative from Brighton

Representative Martin Hays of Brighton, father of the original comprehensive rent bill out of which grew the five new rent laws, has prepared for the Boston American a series of articles explaining the provisions of the new laws. In this article general questions of interest to rent payers are answered. For the solution of your own particular case apply to your local rent committee.

The most drastic of the new rent laws gives cities and towns the right to buy or take by eminent domain property to house their inhabitants. For this purpose the municipalities may borrow money and invest it in real property, improved or unimproved.

While in the House of Representatives this measure was bitterly fought by ultra-conservatives, who raised the old cry of "Socialism"; this was due in no small measure to the fact that these opponents apparently overlooked the real meaning of the law.

MAY SEIZE OLD HOUSES.

While under this law a city or town may take run-down property and improve it for habitation, or may even build new houses to provide roofs for its people, it is because it gives municipalities the power to take over the property of persistent straw bales realty owners and rent jugglers that it is of value at this time.

Under this law a city or town may take over the property of men who persist in attempting extortion in rents.

No less an authority than General John H. Sherburne, chairman of the Commission on the Necessaries of Life, in urging the enactment of such a law has stated before the Judiciary Committee that in his opinion this action need be resorted to but in one instance to end all such realty juggling in the whole Commonwealth.

MUST PROVIDE COMFORT.

Even the members of the Judiciary Committee felt that this law would seldom be called this action. But the very fact that it is on the statute books and may be used at any time will serve to put an end to much relentless profiteering.

One of the greatest possible boons to dwellers in apartment houses is the law penalizing by fines or imprisonment landlords who fail to give their tenants light, heat, water and other services expected of them. The law provides that such services need not be guaranteed in writing, but may be implied only.

In other words, if an apartment is hired with the understanding that it is a steam-heated, hot-and-cold water flat, the landlord must provide steam heat and hot and cold water, although the lease makes no mention of those commodities.

Here are some of the questions most often asked in relation to this law:

Does the new law cover cases where the landlord does not give a sufficient amount of heat? Yes.

COVERS WINTER MONTHS.

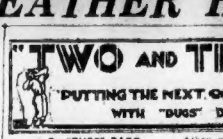
Does it cover cases where the landlord turns off the heat while cold weather prevails? Yes.

Does it cover cases where the landlord, having failed to evict a tenant, cuts off heat, water or other services through spite? Yes.

In case a tenant wants relief under this law, what should he do? Consult the local rent committee or the Commission on the Necessities of Life.

"TWO AND THREE"

"PUTTING THE NEXT ONE OVER"
WITH "BUGS" BAER



By "BUGS" BAER.

(Copyright, 1920, by Universal Service.)

Chicago, June 8.—Hoover: The delegates are with me to a man. In fact, two men.

Wood: I think that a candidate should have the best that money can buy.

Lowden: If I receive the presidential indictment I will shut all industries down and eliminate strikes. I promise that the tenement dwellers will get three dollar wheat. The farmers want the clocks put back an hour. I will do better. I will put the clocks back fifty years.

Coolidge: I am for the working man when he works. I am a workingman. As a friend of the workingman I am for myself, if you vote for me. I hope you won't live to regret it.

Johnson: As President of these glorious (as spangled United (Cow Before States my first act will be to fire Congress and put in my Boy Scouts. I will not make Woodrow's mistake. I will get 'em young and train 'em.

Phil Ponce—I will put formaldehyde, wood alcohol and turpentine within reach of the workingman. I believe in poisonal liberty.

Poindexter: I heard the country calling me. It must have been a short distance call.

Butler: Every boy has a chance to be President. I realize I am no longer a boy.

Harding: I will carry that conviction like Grant took Richmond if I have the time. It took Grant four years.

Bryan: In case of a deadlock, I accept the Republican nomination and will organize a Chautauqua circuit of White Houses. By accepting the Republican nomination I will have a chance, provided I also grab the Democratic nomination. With everybody voting for me, I shouldn't get defeated by more than two million.

Debs: If the people have enough confidence in me to put bars on the White House windows, I accept the nomination.

Riley Wilson: I am for heavy beer, light wines and medium-weight whiskey if you can get it. Vote for me and keep the championship in America.

The nominating speech:

Gentlemen and delegates in the order named.

Four years ago, before the United States started fooling with the cuckoo clocks, a devoted band of immigrant delegates stepped off at South Station their way to civilization and Chicago. Arriving here, before the fall auspices of blackjacks and lead pipes, they nominated a man to carry the banner of the Republican party. He did not fall.

Gentlemen that man is still carrying the banner.

I want to turn that banner over to a man who is known wherever England is broken. A man who has been tried and never found guilty. A man who is willing to sacrifice everything for his country at the usual rate of interest.

A man who has the entire vote of the country, including his own.

A man who is a man after your own tobacco heart. A man who is a man after everything you have. Gentlemen, what could be sweeter? You can deny that this man is not a man? Gentlemen, he stands convicted by his own statement.

There are many candidates before you today whose qualifications are unknown and as unclassified as the contents of any army soup kettle. All Fords look alike in the dark and Democrats have different rattles, but the wheelbase is the same. Gentlemen, if you want a man to carry the banner, I nominate a man whose name is as much a household word as Rozo's roach food, or Globle's rat biscuits.

This man will not only carry the banner through fire but he will also carry it through water, something that all good Republicans have dreaded since the dark beer ages. He will carry that banner throughout the country and even into the mexasine floor of Hades, which is one place where the Democrats have a huge majority. Give the banner to this man and he will swing Shed Republican for the first time since Cain bounced a triple off Abel's right field wall.

With the exception of Bill Bryan and prohibition, this man has done more to make the Republican party popular than any man who ever put his right sock on the right shoe.

His character shines like a rubber collar in the oil well district. He stands steadfast and staunch. As unchangeable and as permanent as the Rock of Gibraltar. More than that. He is as unchangeable as a Thompson or a Childs bill of fare. What man can say more?

Gentlemen, I alone have the pleasure of introducing you to the Hon. Griffer Jaxbo, the Republican candidate for anything that is loose. The Hon. is an abbreviation for honesty, which is the way Mr. Jaxbo wears his morals.

School Grid Teams in Double-Header

Football double-headers will be played next Fall by the Greater Boston schools whose athletic activities are governed by the department of physical training. This will be an innovation in high school athletics and probably marks the first time such a system has been established in the country. Under this plan of cleaning up the long schedule of games, record crowds will be in attendance at the ball parks where the games will be played, especially the mornings of Columbus Day, Armistice Day and Thanksgiving Day, when it is planned to bring together the leading schoolboy rivals.

CALIFORNIA TENNIS TEAM DEFEATED BY THE ELIS

New Haven, June 8.—The University of California tennis team is no longer unbeaten, the Coast players succumbing to Yale by a 5 to 2 score. Yale won three of the singles and one of the doubles matches.

City Regatta Entries

Entries for the city of Boston rowing regatta to be held on the Charles river, July 5, will close June 30 with officials of the N. E. A. A.

Dundee Defeats Defo

Philadelphia, June 8.—Jo... dee defeated Billy Defoe of ... in the final bout at the open... last night. Jack Britton ... points against Lew Tendler ... the latter put up a stubb... ment against the welterweig... mod...

Nuxated Iron Will Increase Strength of Delicate People In Two Weeks' Tim

In many instances, says City Physician, persons have suffered for years without knowing what made them feel tired, listless and run-down when their real trouble was lack of iron in the blood—how to tell.

If you were to make an actual blood test of all people who are ill you would probably be greatly astonished at the exceedingly large number who lack iron and who are ill for no other reason than the lack of iron. The moment iron is supplied a multitude of dangerous symptoms disappear. Without iron the blood at once loses the power to change food into living tissue and therefore nothing you eat does you good. Iron is the principal element that imparts the red color to your system that gives you that rich, red blood which means health. Without iron people's teeth, gums, lips, eyes and complexion soon show the result, their blood becomes thin, watery and almost useless, they become pale, sickly, weak, nervous, irritable, despondent, short of breath, have sick headaches, dizzy spells, sour stomach, constipation, belching gas, acid indigestion, poor appetite, coated tongue, nervous dyspepsia, bad breath, colds, catarrh, bronchitis, pimples, boils, impure blood, skin eruptions, anaemia, general debility, or are all run down and frequently develop all sorts of conditions. If your blood is not strong and rich, with sufficient iron in it, you will never have any permanent good health. Nothing like as much organic iron is required to enrich the blood and tone up the whole system as many folks imagine. Just as well try to put out a fire with kerosene as to try to overcome weakness, nervousness, lack of energy, etc., without organic iron. Nuxated Iron is a wonderful concentrated, reliable form of organic iron and is almost immediately beneficial in its effects.

MANUFACTURERS' NOTE: Nuxated Iron, which is recommended above, is not a secret remedy, but is known to druggists everywhere. Unlike the other inorganic iron products it is easily assimilated, does not injure the teeth, make them black, nor upset the stomach. The manufacturers guarantee it will make you strong and healthy in two weeks' time or they will refund your money. It is dispensed in this city by all good druggists.

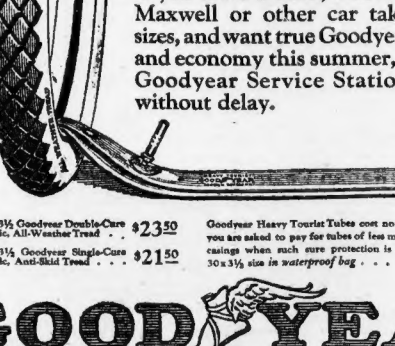
MADONNA SE... UP RECORD

Covers 30 Miles at Revo... in 39 Minutes and 41 Seconds

Vincent Madonna created a track record last night for miles when he covered the dis... in 39 minutes 41 seconds at t... were Oval, George Wiley ... hard finishing since forty ... of the speed Italian. Lew... stuyft was a poor third, ... two miles behind the lead... donna was never headed. He aged Inc. 19 2-5th for the ...

Frank Keenan defeated Fred ... their ten-mile motor-paced ... Grimm won the five-mile ... nosing out Fred Chandler.

Small-Car Owners—Get Your Goodyears While You Can



You know what it was last year, and the year before that—scarcely a Goodyear Tire in the 30 x 3-, 30 x 3½- or 31x4-inch size to be found on a dealer's shelves anywhere.

This year promises to be the same; present stocks are melting swiftly away, at a rate beyond anything in our experience.

Although we have in full operation the world's largest tire factory devoted to these sizes, we cannot guarantee to supply enough Goodyears to go 'round.

If you drive a Ford, Chevrolet, Dort, Maxwell or other car taking these sizes, and want true Goodyear mileage and economy this summer, visit your Goodyear Service Station Dealer without delay.

30 x 3½ Goodyear Double-Cure Fabric, All-Weather Tread . . $23.50

30 x 3½ Goodyear Single-Cure Fabric, Anti-Skid Tread . . . $21.50

Goodyear Heavy Tourist Tubes cost no more than the price you are asked to pay for tubes of less merit—why risk costly casings when such sure protection is available? 30 x 3½ size *in waterproof bag* $4.50

GOODYEAR

PROVIDENCE GIRL BATTLES FOR LEAD IN GOLF TITLE TOURNEY

LOW SCORES MARK THE OPENING

Miss Elizabeth Gordon Second on the List at Cricket Club Match

HOW LEADERS STAND.

Mrs. Barlow, Merion, 45, 42-87.
Miss Gordon, Metacomet, 46, 43-89.
Mrs. Gavin, Belleclair, 46, 43-89.
Mrs. A. K. Billstein, Bala, 51, 44-95.
Mrs. G. H. Stetson, Huntingdon Valley, 47, 45-92.
Miss Airey, Garden City, 47, 46-93.
Mrs. Knight, Garden City, 48, 45-93.
Mrs. Walter Page, Wilmington, 48, 47-95.
Miss May Bell, Cricket Club, 49, 46-95.
Miss H. S. Curtis, Essex, 49, 47-96.
Miss Glenna Collett, Metacomet, 47, 49-96.
Miss Eleanor Chandler, Huntingdon Valley, 48, 48-96.

By ROBERT E. HARLOW

St. Martins, Pa., June 8.—Miss Elizabeth Gordon of the Metacomet Club of Providence engaged today in a three cornered contest with Mrs. Ronald H. Barlow of Philadelphia and Mrs. W. H. Gavin of New York for the Eastern woman's golf championship at the Philadelphia Cricket Club.

These three were the only players in a field of 73 starters to break 90 [illegible] the first 18 holes of the 36 holes play for the title and while a number of others were in the low nineties Mrs. Barlow, Mrs. Gavin and Miss Gordon were expected to make the fight for the championship.

Miss Gordon played her usual [illegible] game and the Massachusetts [illegible] figures she will make the [illegible] shoot their best to beat her [illegible] championship.

Mrs. Barlow led the field for the first 18 holes with an 87, and Mrs. Gavin and Miss Gordon were tied at

Sixteenth Hole Costly to Miss Gordon

An eight at the sixteenth hole hurt Miss Gordon [illegible] and Miss [illegible] a decent drive, [illegible] second put her third into a trap and had used up six before she was on the green. Her card

Out 6 5 5 4 5 4 5 5 3 5 46
In 7 4 3 5 3 5 4 4—43—89

Miss [illegible] and Miss H. S. Curtis [illegible] the second best cards of the Boston district players. Miss Collett was out in [illegible] and started home with a fine five at the 437 yard tenth. She [illegible] eleventh. [illegible] with her second and in a brook guarding the green. She [illegible] the water and played her third shot but it was too strong and [illegible] out of bounds.

[illegible] the brook and [illegible] the green and took two putts. [illegible] figured she had a seven for the hole which was correct, but Miss Eleanor Chandler, her partner, figured she should be charged with an eight. Miss Chandler said that when Miss Collett dropped back of the [illegible] lose two strokes [illegible] six instead of five.

Miss Margaret Curtis had the unpleasant task of battling against a [illegible] when she put her [illegible] of pounds and her [illegible] to the side bank [illegible] finished with 100.

Mrs. Barlow was consistent with forty-five and forty-two in. Her in card [illegible] fours on it with a seven at the [illegible] tenth and a six at the longer sixteenth.

Victory Would Aid N. E. Woman's Golf

Mrs. Barlow is the present Eastern champion and she and Mrs. Gavin are both fighters who enjoy nothing better than winning [illegible] golf contests. If Miss Gordon succeeds [illegible] help to [illegible] New England back where [illegible] used to be a number [illegible] years ago.

Scores made by Boston District players:

Miss Gordon, Metacomet, 89.
Miss Collett, Metacomet, 96.
Miss H. S. Curtis, Essex, 96.
Mrs. E. H. Baker, Oakley, 97.
Mrs. [illegible] Rowley, Brae-Burn, 99.
Miss M. Curtis, Essex, 100.
Mrs. J. D. Woodfin, Brae-Burn, 104.
Mrs. J. B. Johnson, Brae-Burn, 105.
Mrs. F. W. Daley, Oakley, 106.
Mrs. F. H. Stone, Belmont, 112.
Miss Elizabeth Sherburne, Lexington, 113.
Miss Louisa Wells, Brookline, 114.

Mrs. [illegible] ruined her card with an 11 on the sixteenth and a 9 on the seventeenth. Miss Wells had a 10 on the sixteenth. Mrs. F. H. Fitler of Merion took 103. Miss M. S. Griscom of Merion 107 and Mrs. Caleb Fox had [illegible] card.

Outdoor Sports By TAD

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CIRCUS CLOWNS BEST FANS

Fullerton Declares Fun-Makers Are Real "Boys Behind the Game"

By HUGH S. FULLERTON.

Baseball, of course, is a game that appeals to all classes, but which class do you suppose are the greatest fans?

The waiters used to be my guess, with the printers a close second, but I have found a class which has a higher percentage of baseball bugs of the real type than any I ever have known. They are the circus clowns.

There is a little army of the funny fellows, and in my opinion there are more baseball experts among them than there are in the press boxes of the country.

In the make-up rooms on the road baseball arguments form the principal topic of conversation, and almost any clown among them can dive into his trunk and bring out the proof in the shape of statistics and averages.

The clowns have the championship ball club of the circus, and on the lots on off days during the summer they stage some real battles. Among them are two fellows who served in the minor leagues and their team this season is ready to tackle any amateur team in any town where they can play Sundays.

Slivers, the famous clown whose act did much to revolutionize clowning, was quite a ball player. His act consisted of playing an entire ball game by himself, and his touches were so true that the art of the act attracted attention.

He told me once that he got the idea and got most of his "stuff" while watching Tim Donohue, the famous old-time catcher of Chicago, working behind the bat. Much of his action was an exact imitation of Tim's, and the remainder burlesque of those actions.

JIM McDONALD SINGS PRAISES OF HIS BOXERS

Jim McDonald wasn't long back from Montreal when he burst forth with a flock of stirring remarks about his gallant warriors.

"Jack (Twin) Sullivan gave me a good laugh when he stated he wants to fight Carpentier. What a job the Frenchman would do on the venerable Cambridge boxer. Jack Renault stands ready to hand Sullivan a setback. It is highly possible that Renault will be signed to clash with Carpentier at Montreal.

OPEN GOLF TOURNAMENT AT LEXINGTON NEXT WEEK

The Lexington Golf Club will stage its second open golf tournament of the season over the club links in North Lexington next week. The tourney is under the direction of the Massachusetts Golf Association.

Vanitie Now Picked to Beat Resolute

By CHARLES E. PARKER

Newport, R. I., June 8.—By achieving her first earned victory over the Resolute, and at the same time registering the second fastest time for the distance ever made by a racing yacht, the Vanitie, New York's entrant for the honor of defending the America's Cup, started today's race a favorite.

Not since October 3, 1901, when the cup defender, Columbia, travelled a thirty mile triangular course off Sandy Hook, in three hours thirteen minutes and eighteen seconds has a racing sloop performed as did the Vanitie in the second race of her current series with the Resolute. The Columbia's time in 1901 established a new world's record. The Vanitie's time was just twenty seconds slower than that record, despite the fact it was made under weather and wind conditions that were not up to the standard of the 1901 race. Incidentally the Vanitie's time was minutes faster than the best time over such a course ever made by the Resolute.

Nobody Expected Vanitie to Win

Like the proverbial bolt from the blue came the Vanitie's victory. In the 1914 and 1915 duels between the pair on occasional, every occasion, victory came the Vanitie's way, and always through some accident or some trick of the elements. When the day dawned clear, with a spanking northwest by west wind of an 18-knot velocity, [illegible] the New York yacht a chance of winning. Even when she had led the Resolute all the way on the first leg of the race, and in the second leg had added a full minute to her advantage few thought she could maintain that advantage. Because of her greater sail spread, the Vanitie is penalized the trifle of 42 seconds over the thirty mile course and in addition had always been bettered by the Resolute when sailing against the wind and the final leg of the race found the wind from that position.

Under the skillful handling of Commodore George Nichols, however, the Vanitie tacked back and forth a full dozen times during the beat to home, and gained on the Resolute each time she was brought about, crossing the finish line three minutes and sixteen seconds ahead of Boston's pride, which, after deducting the penalty, gave the Vanitie the race by one minute and thirty-four seconds.

Vanitie First to Cross Line

Skipper Charley Adams of the Resolute did not have things so much his own way when the sloops were given the starting signal. Instead of the Resolute, it was the Vanitie which captured the windward position, and the first leg, a reach to the south-southwest, found the Vanitie walking away in grand fashion. The latter, in addition to her mainsail, club topsail and [illegible] employed a [illegible]. The latter was replaced by a reaching [illegible] topsail, however, when the Vanitie began to [illegible] her heels.

The Vanitie [illegible] the buoy marking the end of the first leg just forty-five seconds in the lead of the Resolute. [illegible] the two sloops squared away for the second leg, another ten mile reach to the northeast, [illegible] up her balloon sail and immediately appeared to gain on her supposedly superior rival. At this point the wind was streaky and first one sloop and then the other would benefit by a puff of air. Both employed large reaching jib topsails throughout the remainder of the leg and when they turned for the home stretch, the Vanitie was leading the Resolute by one and one half minutes.

New York Yacht Gained on Every Tack

To the onlookers who lined the many rocky vantage points along Newport's shore line the Resolute seemed to respond more quickly than the Vanitie when the sloops were brought about from one tack to another [illegible] it was easily apparent that the Vanitie, contrary to the general belief, was pointing much better on both the starboard and port tacks and thereby gaining greater forward progress as the sloops diagonally crossed and recrossed the homeward course. That the Vanitie would beat the Resolute to the line, but whether she would have sufficient time to overcome her penalty was a matter of considerable doubt.

Each vessel swung about for the eleventh time, however, and the Vanitie proved sufficiently in the lead to point directly toward the finish line and cross that mark with a white foam curling from her stern, while the Resolute had to tack once to port and back to starboard before she could make the mark.

Owners and handlers of the Vanitie were enthusiastic in their praise of the sloop and declared the Resolute forecasted ultimate victory for the New York boat. Resolute men, however, refuse to accept that view of the remaining races and declare the [illegible] much better today and in the future eliminating races.

The official times:

Yacht	Start	Finish	Elapsed	Allowance	Corrected
Vanitie	11 00 02	2 13 40	3 13 38	0 00	3 13 38
Resolute	11 00 06	2 17 00	3 16 54	1 42	3 15 12

GOOD FACES KIBBE ON SOLDIERS FIELD

Harvard opposing Vermont this afternoon on Soldiers Field used Eddie Goode on the mound with Kibbe flinging for the visitors. Vermont won last year's game, 1-0, with Kibbe pitching. Conlon for Harvard and Conlin for Vermont are opposing short stops and head their respective batting orders.

HARVARD	VERMONT
Goode, p	Conlin, ss
Conlon, ss	Brock, cf
Hallock, cf	Harris, 3b
Emmons, 2b	McGuinness, 1b
Jones, 1b	Kerwin, 2b
Hallowell, rf	Tryon, rf
[illegible], lf	[illegible], lf
Lincoln, 3b	Spillane, c
Blair, c	Kibbe, p

Business League Games

The following games are on schedule [illegible] Boston Business League [illegible] The Texas Company vs. McLaughlin [illegible] Field [illegible] Packard Motor [illegible] Lever Brothers [illegible] Mfg. Co. at [illegible] South Boston [illegible].

Texas Company Want Games

The Texas Company would like to arrange games with semi-professional teams for June 17 and 26 away from home. Write M. J. King, Texas Company, 221 Devonshire street, Boston, or telephone Fort Hill 4710 between 3 and 5 o'clock.

NEW PLANS FOR OLD ARENA

B. A. A. Leaders Take Up Work of Rebuilding Home for Sport

Work on the new Boston Arena on St. Botolph street started today. Albert Geiger, chairman of the B. A. A. athletic committee, is the man principally responsible for the rebuilding of the old Arena. The syndicate which will [illegible] as the New Boston Arena Company [illegible] Henry G. Lapham, president of the B. A. A.; Daniel W. Gurnett, F. I. Ames, Charles F. Adams, E. E. Babb, Fred W. Moore, Joseph F. Conway, E. L. Atkinson, Grover Burhardt, Eugene Andres, J. Gaffney and A. Winsor Weld.

BENNY LEONARD TO BOX AUSTRALIAN CHAMP

Portland, Ore., June 8.—Johnny Sheppard, [illegible] of Australia, will be the opponent of Benny Leonard, world champion, June 12 it was announced here. The bout will be a ten-round no-decision affair.

The boxing commission has signed Mike O'Dowd, former middleweight champion, and Bat [illegible] Ortega of Oakland, Cal., for a ten-round decision bout June 24.

UNION TRACK TEAM ELECTS HUGHES CAPTAIN

Schenectady, N. Y., June 8.—Chuck Hughes, a former New York schoolboy, has been elected captain of the Union College track team for next year. The prospects for the track sport are the best Union ever has had.

Collyer's SELECTIONS

AT BELMONT.

1—Normal, Wilson entry, Chow.
2—Carnarvon, Fair Gain, Armistrice.
3—Left entry, Star Court, Padraic.
4—Coo entry, Yellow Hand, Devil Dog.
5—Favor, Frank Waters, Tufter.
6—Coo entry, Adden entry, Good Bye.
Best Bet—Carnarvon.

N. Y. JOURNAL SELECTIONS.

1—Dry Moon, Normal, Remkin.
2—Service Star, Carnarvon, Feodor.
3—Star Court, On Watch, His Choice.
4—Whimsy, Devildog, American Soldier.
5—Frank Waters, Aurum, Favour.
6—Mavourneen, Good-Bye, Polythia.

CONSENSUS OF OPINION.

1—Remkin, Dry Moon, Chinco-teague.
2—Carnarvon, Service Star, Feodor.
3—Donnacona, On Watch, Star Court.
4—Shoot On, Devildog, Whimsy.
5—Frank Waters, Filiberty Gibbet, Aurum.
6—Mavourneen, Muttikens, Polythia.

AT LATONIA.

1—Portlight, Jophet, Our Birthday.
2—Marie Raphody, Camouflage, Durella.
3—Glendover, Gossip Avenue, Mamie O'Mine.
4—Blue Jeans, Louie Lou, Mable G.
5—Prince Pal, Rouleau, Kinburn.
6—Philander, Tom Norris, Tom Roach.
7—Warsaw, Ernest B, Merchant.
Best Bet—Warsaw.

AT DORVAL PARK.

1—Nevada entry, Noormel, Roseate.
2—Apple Jack, Arthur Middleton, Bellringer.
3—Salvatelle, Aconi, Sturdee.
4—Penrose, Dunn entry, Happy Go Lucky.
5—Broom Pedlar, Douglas S., Freemantle.
6—Helen Atkin, Nepperhan, Acoushia II.
7—Sky Pilot, K. Beale, Ben Hampson.
Best Bet—Salvatelle.

RED AND WHITE SOX BATTLE

Boston Opens Western Engagement With Game on South Side Grounds, Chicago

Chicago, June 8.—The Red Sox opened their first western engagement [illegible] the four games scheduled here. But [illegible] White Sox showed in Boston [illegible] was down and first base was [illegible] protected by one Ted Jourdan, recently of Minneapolis. He could not [illegible] the pinches. Jourdan sprained a toe in St. Louis a week ago and John Collins of Newton, Mass., inherited the first basing job.

By trade the said Collins is an outfielder and he operates upon the [illegible] only when necessity demands. The White Sox have [illegible] three straight from [illegible] the same Collins either [illegible] scored the winning runs [illegible] He has had some [illegible] being [illegible] to first basing but he is [illegible] upon as the regular first baseman.

Patrons of Fenway Park will recall how last [illegible] John smote the apple in Boston and he seems destined for a [illegible] similar hitting in Chicago. He's going great guns. They say that baseball is a young man's game yet John Collins is the oldest man in point of service on the White Sox team.

RECORDS MAY FALL IN UNIONTOWN AUTO RACE

Uniontown, Pa., June 8.—The wonderful speed and stamina shown by the American cars at the Indianapolis race and the performance of the new cars of 183 cubic inch piston displacement insures new speed records when the fourth annual grand opening race is run at the Uniontown Speedway on June 19.

The 225-mile race will bring together an all star field of drivers, more than half of the pilots who finished at Indianapolis have signed up for the race. Further negotiations are under way and it is expected that the entry list for the June 19th event will be by far the most attractive ever arranged for Uniontown racing fans.

WINNER AT LOWELL TO BATTLE PAPIN

The prize hung up for Johnny Downes and Finney Boyle to box for, next Saturday afternoon in the base ball park at Lowell will be for more than the purse. The matchmaker has signed Georges Papin, lightweight champion of France, to box the winner in the same ring on June 26.

Downes is at Diamond Hill working with Frankie Callahan and several other sparring partners. The weight of 135 pounds at noon is nothing to worry Downes and Boyle will have no trouble either. The winner of this battle will be in great demand by all the Eastern promoters.

Tickets for the battle can be secured at the Commerce A. C. office, No. 25 School street.

U. S. OLYMPIC RIFLE TEAM SAILS JUNE 20

While all sailing dates are tentative and contingent upon weather conditions and government regulations it is expected that the first squads of American Olympic entrants will depart June 26 when the army rifle team, the army rifle team and a portion of the trapshooting combination will sail. On [illegible] July 5 the pistol team will [illegible] over the same route.

The far largest and most important group, comprising athletes, swimmers, boxers and other entrants, will sail on Tuesday, July 30.

ALL AMERICAN STAR TO COACH FORDHAM

New York, June 8.—Joe Dumoe, the former Lafayette College football star and all American [illegible] 1919, will coach the Fordham University eleven next fall. It was definitely decided last week [illegible] the Bronx institution would be represented on the gridiron this year.

Dumoe was one of the mainstays of the Fordham football aggregation in 1917 and [illegible] playing at [illegible] was a potent factor in all of the team's victories during that season. He previously played the [illegible] the Syracuse eleven.

Boston Players Win

Wilmington, Del., June 8.—Miss Marion Zinderstein and Miss Edith Sigourney of Boston won their matches in the women's State tennis championship in progress here.

Hornsby and Speaker Are Leading Sluggers

Here are the five leading batters to date in the major leagues:

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Player, Club.	G.	A.B.	R.	H.	P.C.
Hornsby, St. L.	44	178	33	69	.388
Groh, Cin'nati	41	160	33	57	.356
Robertson, Chi	38	142	19	50	.352
Daubert, Cin	40	153	29	53	.346
Roush, Cin'nati	42	155	26	52	.335

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Player, Club.	G.	A.B.	R.	H.	P.C.
Speaker, Cleve	41	161	34	64	.390
Jackson, Chi	41	144	25	42	.378
Sisler, St. L.	42	157	21	61	.371
Johnson, Cleve	42	152	14	46	.368
Hendryx, Bos	41	156	26	55	.351

BASEBALL SUMMARY

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Standing of the Clubs

	W.	L.	PC.		W.	L.	PC.
Brooklyn	26	15	.634	St. Lo.	22	22	.500
Cinc.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Boston	18	22	.450
Chi.	24	21	.533	N. Y.	18	[illegible]	.419
Pitts.	[illegible]	19	[illegible]	Phila.	[illegible]	27	[illegible]

Games Today

Pittsburgh at Boston.
Cincinnati at New York.
Chicago at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at Brooklyn.

National League Results

		R.	H.	E.
New York	0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0	2	9	1
Brook	0 2 0 1 1 0 0 0 x	4	10	0

Batteries—Toney, Hubbell and Snyder, Marquard and Miller.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Standing of the Clubs

	W.	L.	PC.		W.	L.	PC.
Cleve.	28	16	.636	Wash.	[illegible]	20	[illegible]
N. Y.	[illegible]	17	[illegible]	St. Lo.	17	[illegible]	.405
Boston	22	18	.578	Phila.	14	29	.326
Chi.	[illegible]	19	.568	Detroit	14	29	.326

Games Today

Boston at Chicago.
New York at Detroit.
Philadelphia at Cleveland.
Washington at St. Louis.

American League Results

FIRST GAME.

		R.	H.	E.
Phila	0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0	1	5	0
New York	0 0 1 0 0 1 1 x	3	12	0

Batteries—Naylor and Perkins; Quinn and Hannah.

SECOND GAME.

		R.	H.	E.
Phila	0 0 0 0 0 0 2 4 0	6	8	4
New York	0 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 2	5	11	4

Batteries—Harris, Myatt and Collins, Shawkey and Ruel.

		R.	H.	E.
Detroit	0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0	3	10	1
Chicago	0 2 0 0 0 2 3 3 x	10	15	3

Batteries—Leonard, Ayres, Alten and Woodall, Faber and Schalk.

Eastern League

Springfield 3, Worcester 2.
New Haven 8, Bridgeport 2.
Hartford 5, Pittsfield 1.
Albany 5, Waterbury 3.

Southern Association

Memphis 9, New Orleans 8 (first game). New Orleans 6, Memphis 5 [illegible] by agreement.
Atlanta 7, Chattanooga [illegible].
Birmingham 6, Nashville 5.
Mobile 9, Little Rock [illegible] (game forfeited by Little Rock in fifth inning).

International League

Baltimore 9, Jersey City 3.
Syracuse 8, Reading 4.
Akron 7, Rochester 4.
Toronto 7, Buffalo 1.

American Association

Minneapolis 8, Columbus 4.
Toledo 4, Kansas City 3.
Louisville 10, St. Paul 5.
Milwaukee-Indianapolis not scheduled.

Tunney Kayos Madden

Jersey City, June 8.—Gene Tunney, the A. E. F. light heavyweight champion, knocked out Jeff Madden of [illegible] in the second round.

SHEVLIN READY, SO IS SIEGAL

Master Boxer and Coming Ring Star to Battle 12 Rounds in Triple A Ring

By JACK CONWAY.

[illegible] and Nate Siegal are [illegible] round battle [illegible] will stage at [illegible] tonight. Both [illegible] below the [illegible] pounds and that [illegible] at their best when fed [illegible] underway.

[illegible] be the third man in the ring. He will render a hair-line decision if necessary, so that the question of supremacy between the rivals will be settled.

When Siegal and Shevlin clashed at the Grand Opera House last Winter the tussle was declared a draw. [illegible] some mighty fine boxing. [illegible] gained a lot of supporters by his aggressive style of milling. It was probably natural that the admirers of the [illegible] warriors should [illegible] for their favorite.

[illegible] contest with Shevlin, Siegal has improved a great deal, as he [illegible] decision over [illegible].

Contest Between Master Boxer and Comer

It [illegible] a contest between a master boxer and one of the best ring prospects in this part of the country. There are few glove wielders who are as skillful as Shevlin. Young Kloby and Jack Britton are the only men who have been able to hand him any serious reverses.

Eddie once had Siegal as a pupil. He taught the Beachmont youth many of the things he knows about the ring game. Shevlin, however, [illegible] has a few tricks which [illegible] surprises to his opponent tonight.

Siegal [illegible] his aggressiveness and punching ability to win. He says he will force the issue from the time the bell sounds in the first frame and that he will be well out in front when the [illegible] ends.

The winner will be in line for bouts with the best welterweights in the country.

There will also be two eight-round bouts. Harry Martin of Providence will meet Tommy Marks of the North End while Larry Ma[illegible] of South Boston will clash with Johnny McIntyre of the same street. Young Kelley of South Boston and Russell Berry of Cambridge will go over the jumps in a six round contest.

Twilight Boxing Show Planned for Marlboro

Jack Leonard will conduct a twilight boxing show at Marlboro tomorrow night. Pal Reid will have Johnny Wolgast as an opponent. It has been necessary to postpone this match twice because of rain, but Leonard feels confident he will be able to pull it off tomorrow night with a little assistance from the weather man. Festivities will start at 7:30.

Lawlor to Box Kloby at Lawrence June 19

Johnny Cuddy announces he has signed Jack Lawlor to meet Young Kloby in a twelve-round bout at the open air arena of the Atlas A. A. of Lawrence on June 19. Lawlor made a great showing against Dundee at Lawrence [illegible]. The verdict was in favor of Dundee, but many of the fans who witnessed the conflict were of the opinion that Lawlor was entitled to at least a draw. Lawlor looks like one of the best boxing prospects in the country and has a fine chance of beating Kloby.

Saturday Afternoon Bouts Also

Marlboro will also have a ring show Saturday afternoon. Three twelve-round contests have been arranged. The feature bout will be between Paul Doyle and Louis Bogash [illegible]. Tommy Shea and Johnny [illegible] of New York will meet in another twelve-rounder while Johnny Gray of Chelsea and [illegible] of Brockton will also appear for twelve rounds.

Tillo Kayos Gould in Fifth Chapter

The boys who have been rooting for some noble son of swat to pin a kayo punch on the chin of Young Gould of Brockton are happy today as Frank Tillo of the North End performed this feat at the Commonwealth A. A.'s show. The big smash, a right-hand blow to the jaw, went over just as the fifth round started.

At the bell Tillo dashed from his corner and let drive with a full right-hand swing. Gould went to the canvas. He was up at the count of nine but was in no condition to continue. Another right-hander to the jaw knocked him through the ropes. Referee Noah Perry then stopped the bout.

Joe Adams of Brockton defeated Larry Costello of Charlestown in eight rounds. Willie Green of the South End and Young Dempsey of Newark went eight rounds to a draw, while Kid Julian and Young Rova also engaged in an eight-round fifty-fifty whirl.

Overland

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FREE ERIN

This Day in Our History—June 8, 1920

THIS is the anniversary of the departure of General Braddock for Fort Duquesne, in 1755. His defeat by the French and Indians brought into fame the name of George Washington, whose advice he refused to follow.

Largest Evening Circulation In New England

Magazine Page

Mercury Reappears on the Evening Stage

THE little planet Mercury, which passed behind the sun on April 25, is now low in the evening sky at sunset, moving from between "the golden horns of Taurus" into the rich star-strewn region surrounding the feet of Gemini, the Twins.

When Hearts Are Trumps

Interesting Romance With a Young and Beautiful Orphan as Heroine

By Virginia Terhune Van de Water

CHAPTER XX

MARY JAMESON [illegible] walked a [illegible] with Miss Paige and Barbara.

"I am not in a [illegible] and as the weather [illegible] for me to want to go [illegible] going to [illegible] you [illegible]"

[illegible] Barbara [illegible]

"I hope it [illegible] tomorrow for the picnic," Mary continued. "Daisy tells me you are to chaperon us, Miss Cynthia."

"Yes," the older woman replied, "I have decided to—since Daisy wants me."

"I wish that Robert Elliot could have stayed over for the picnic," Mary remarked. "By the way, Barbara, did he get to your house in time yesterday?"

"In time?" Barbara repeated, puzzled and confused by the question.

"Yes—he dined with us at noon, you know. Didn't he tell you? When he informed me that he had promised to stop and see you before his train left I [illegible] him stay—although we were [illegible] and he was evidently enjoying [illegible] He sang several delightful songs—and I was almost vexed with you because he had to go so soon."

Mary Jameson was not unkind. She was only flattered that Robert Elliot had accepted the invitation given him by her mother and her [illegible] when they [illegible] him Sunday [illegible] after he had parted from the [illegible] She admired Robert and had been slightly piqued because he had walked home from the Greenwoods' with Barbara without suggesting that he might act as an escort to anyone else.

If Barbara Paige fancied she owned Robert [illegible] it was well to remind her that there were other girls in Summerfield to whom he paid attention. Moreover, Barbara allowed John Brandon to take her out and to wait on her. [illegible] not be satisfied with a rich old bachelor and leave a young chap like Elliot for less [illegible] maidens?

Youth must be served [illegible] count its petty triumphs regardless of possible wounds to others.

Another Blow

Yet Mary felt a sudden pang of compunction as she saw an expression of incredulous surprise come into her friend's eyes, then fade. But before Barbara could reply her aunt spoke quickly.

"You might just as well have kept Robert longer, Mary, for his coming when he did was rather inconvenient for us. If it had not been for the fact that he had asked to be allowed to call on his way to the train we would have been able to take our drive as early as we had planned."

"Oh [illegible] Robert invited himself to call, did he?"

"He certainly did," Miss Cynthia answered brusquely. "Not of course, that he was to blame for that for [illegible] that Mr. Brandon [illegible] and [illegible] up [illegible] he had a beautiful drive. Mr. Brandon very kindly took Robert as far as the station, so after all we got off almost as promptly as we [illegible] to. You know I [illegible] Brandon [illegible]

[illegible] to her [illegible]

[illegible] was [illegible] what ashamed. The [illegible] matters were as Miss Paige said, her remarks to Barbara had been very foolish. If, on the contrary, Barbara had wished Robert to come sooner it hardly was kind to suggest that he only came because she (Mary) had reminded him that he must.

Barbara's [illegible]

Are the [illegible] in a garden they were just passing.

The owner of the garden [illegible] down the front steps of her house and addressed Miss Paige [illegible] this parcel [illegible] a moment [illegible] that Mary [illegible] Barbara.

An Apology

[illegible] she said in a low [illegible] I didn't mean to hurt you, dear."

"Hurt me?"

The voice [illegible] was calm and the [illegible] steady [illegible] "I do not understand. What do you mean, Mary?"

"Only that I had known [illegible] I supposed that Robert had explained to you how he happened to be at our house to dinner yesterday noon."

She got no farther for Barbara's sudden [illegible] checked her.

"My dear Mary, what are you driving at? Do you fancy that I care [illegible] Robert [illegible] possess any particular [illegible] him, that he should [illegible] where he goes or what he does? Well, I do not, nor to he [illegible] do I want to. He is a nice [illegible] of course, and, as you [illegible] otherwise."

"But because he and I are pleasant friends does not mean that I need know any more about his affairs than he does about mine."

She stopped, her cheeks crimson, her head high. She was conscious of a thrill of pride in her own spirit. She had not shown a sign of what was in her heart.

Mary was relieved. Her moment of triumph had been brief, but she had not [illegible] wounded a girl of whom she was fond.

"I might have known you did not care," she said, giving Barbara's arm an affectionate squeeze. "And," teasingly, "I also might guess some other things about someone else if you don't mind."

"But I do mind," Barbara retorted.

Cynthia returning at this instant, Mary said good-by and retraced her steps, [illegible] to her own satisfaction that Barbara Paige was "as good as engaged" to John Brandon.

To Be Continued.

Show Windows

DRAWN BY C. D. BATCHELOR

ABOUT OUR GOOD FRIEND Pickett

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PICKETT

VARIATIONS—Pigotti, Pigot.

SOURCE—Personal characteristic.

RACIAL ORIGIN—French.

IT would be hard to pick a more English sounding family name than Pickett. Yet its origin is not English at all, but French.

Those who bear the name of Pickett, however, can be sure of one thing, that the name has spent two or three centuries in England before being brought to this country, for while the origin of the name is not English, its spelling certainly is. This points very strongly to the probability that it was transplanted from France to England at some period before the spelling of names and indeed of all words, settled down into what we might call a standardized rut.

There's nothing new about "simplified spelling." Most of the complexities of the English language today are the result of periods of "wide open" simplified spelling in past centuries. And the name of Pickett is an example.

It comes from the French adjective "picote," meaning pitted, as from smallpox. At the time of the Norman invasion family names had barely begun to develop, and were confined at first to the nobility. By the time such an adjective could have settled down into a family name virtually everybody had ceased speaking French in England. Hence it must have come over later. The pronunciation of "picote," with the final syllable "e" dropped, was very naturally represented by the spelling Pickett. The surnames Pigott and Pigot show every evidence of having developed in France, and of being brought to England, or straight to this country, at a later period.

Adam Pickett, the first American settler of his name, came to New London from England as early as 1656, and was joined a year later by his brother, Christopher, and his family of five children. Both men became soldiers during the picturesque days of the Indian peril, when the "home guard" were in truth the protectors of their little communities.

Christopher Pickett was named among the first selectmen of New London, and later became mayor of the city when it received its charter. He had twenty-one grandchildren, who settled in and around New London, and later migrated to the Middle West during the hardy frontier days of Daniel Boone and his following.

Tomorrow—Palmer

Resorting to Subterfuge

"Why do you insist upon telling me these horrible stories of ghosts and [illegible] while you are cutting [illegible] a [illegible] customer [illegible] a talkative hair dresser.

"[illegible] very sorry, sir," replied the barber, "but, you see, when I tell [illegible] hair stands on end [illegible] makes it ever so much easier to [illegible]"

Quite Evident

"You are a very backward pupil," remarked a schoolmaster, "of the [illegible] that takes one's pa[illegible] It seems to me that you are never able to answer one of my questions. Why is it?" "Well, sir," the pupil replied, "if I knew all the things you ask me, I suppose my father would not go to the trouble of sending [illegible]"

Advice to the Lovelorn

By BEATRICE FAIRFAX

Inviting a Young Man

DEAR MISS FAIRFAX:

Do you think it proper for a girl to invite a young man to her home if she has only met him home from a party or theatre?

LOUISE M.

UNLESS it is very late it is quite proper to ask the young man into your home for a few minutes. At any rate, if you like him, ask him to call and introduce him to your parents.

He Calls It "Nagging"

DEAR MISS FAIRFAX:

I have been going about with a man for a year and a half who, when I complain because he is late, says I nag him. Now, Miss Fairfax, I always tell him in a nice way, but he says I shouldn't tell him at all. We parted for a couple of weeks. We are now friends again but he comes less frequently. He says he still loves me. Kindly let me have your view of this.

M. J.

I DON'T see what you can do but accept the situation. Evidently your friend intends to do as he likes. Why don't you do the same? He says you "nag" him. If you are sure you don't, then he is evidently making excuses to see you less often.

Waiting for a Career

DEAR MISS FAIRFAX:

I am a Spanish girl twenty-one, and not bad looking. I have been engaged for two years and we are very much in love. We would like to marry this Summer, but his family, although they are rich people and very fond of me, want us to wait until he has made a career. We are both very unhappy and my health is almost broken from worrying so much. Please tell me what you would do in my place.

LILY

WHAT you mean by the young man's career isn't at all plain? If the boy's parents want him to be self-supporting before he takes a wife, they are acting wisely with the idea of having their son guard his own self-respect. If they want him to take some long course of professional training they are forgetting that "youth must be served."

Wedding for Money

DEAR MISS FAIRFAX:

Will you kindly give us your opinion on the following subject, which has caused much discussion among several of us girls. Should a young girl marry an old man for his money?

DOUBTFUL.

YOU know perfectly well what the answer is—and the only reason you ask is in the half-hearted hope that it—ISN'T. But I'll say the obvious truth once again for [illegible]. No girl should marry any man for money. No very young girl should marry an old man. The things don't work. Now if you combine the two bad effects you have tragedy, indeed.

He Doesn't Propose

DEAR MISS FAIRFAX:

I have known a young man five years my senior for four months and we seem to care a great deal for each other. However, there is no definite understanding between us. My people object to my going with him, since he has said nothing. I do not agree with them, my argument being "Rome was not built in a day."

DISCOURAGED

IF the young man wants to marry you he will ask you. You are right in not trying to hurry matters, but even if he does not ask you, is there any reason why you cannot treat him as a friend?

A Girl of Good Sense

DEAR MISS FAIRFAX:

I have been going about with a girl for a year. During that time when asking for a kiss I have been refused. She states that she does not care to kiss any man but the one to whom she becomes engaged. She tells me that she loves me, and in return I love her. But I am puzzled to know how could a girl love you and when asking for a kiss be refused.

H.

INSTEAD of being puzzled you ought to congratulate yourself that you have won the affections of a girl of high ideals. She is perfectly right.

A Case of Pride

DEAR MISS FAIRFAX:

I have been going about with a young man for six months and lately we had a quarrel over a mere trifle. He has often told me that he cares for me, and I care for him, but now when we meet, he merely smiles and passes on.

Would you consider it proper for me to call him on the phone, as it was partly my fault, or do you think it is up to him to give in?

ANXIOUS.

IF you value your pride more than the friendship which seems to be slipping away from you, do nothing. But if the man's friendship seems worth it, sacrifice that silly thing known as pride and make some effort to regain what may be yours for the asking. Perhaps he feels just as you do, but isn't generous enough to do anything about it.

Household Suggestions

A great deal of soap is often wasted for want of a simple provision of the cheapest kind. The housewife finds she loses much time by her soap slipping from the wet bench, and so she keeps it in the water, where it is of course wasted. A little wooden bowl is very inexpensive, and the saving of soap will soon pay for the cost of the bowl.

• • •

To wash a dish cloth with soap is apt to make it slimy and unpleasant. A better plan is to boil it in a solution made as follows: Have a bag of bran, place it in a pan, pour boiling water over it, then strain, and add to the water equal parts of alum and powdered chalk. Boil the soiled dish cloth in this, then rinse well and dry.

• • •

The water in which eggs are boiled should be at boiling point before the eggs are put in. Before placing them in, wet each thoroughly with cold water. This will go a long way towards preventing them from cracking. Never drop them into the water; place carefully with the aid of a dessert spoon.

• • •

Don't be in too much of a hurry when you seal an envelope. [illegible] the moisture on the flap time to soften the gum. If you run it over the sponge and instantly seal it, half the moisture strikes into the dry paper of the envelope and very likely the letter comes unsealed in the mail.

• • •

To renovate blue serge, brush and shake clothes to free them from dust, then apply with a sponge the liquid made from boiling a good double handful of large ivy leaves in about one pint of water. When the clothes are dry the shiny look will have disappeared, and they will look like new.

• • •

If a lemon is put in a warm oven for a few minutes before squeezing, much more juice can be extracted than in the ordinary way; but the oven must not be too hot or the lemon left in too long, as it would dry up.

Do You Know That—

A giraffe tongue averages two feet in length.

• • •

Peter the Hermit was a Frenchman, born in Amiens.

• • •

Nearly 70,000,000 wild animals are killed yearly for their fur.

• • •

Sugar is found in the sap of nearly two hundred plants and trees.

• • •

Alcohols, when pure, are greenish in color, while water is distinctly blue in shade.

• • •

In China, English has been adopted as the second official language.

• • •

The costliest watch in the world is a jeweled timepiece in the possession of the Pope, estimated to be worth $300,000.

• • •

Bracelets have been worn by almost every nation, savage or civilized.

• • •

An acre was originally the amount of land which a yoke of oxen could plow in a day.

• • •

The first successful aerial photograph taken [illegible] was one of Neuve Chapelle [illegible] 1914.

• • •

The first Englishman to settle in Japan was a sailor named William Adams, who died there in 1620.

• • •

Most animals live five times as long as they take to reach maturity. Man should do the same.

• • •

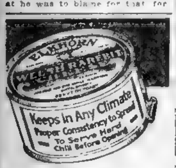
Achill, or Eagle Island, the largest island belonging to Ireland, is connected by railway with the mainland.

• • •

Polish women are renowned for the beauty of their hands; they place gracefulness of the hands above all other charms.

• • •

Wordsworth, who succeeded Southey as English laureate, held the unique honor of being the only poet to [illegible] never wrote an ode in [illegible] official capacity. He was also the most elderly poet to [illegible] appointment.



Eat
Kraft Cheese
Cut Meat Bills

MEAT is the heavy item in all domestic households. You can [illegible] this big item by substituting delicious cheese dishes.

Cheese has been called "waste-less meat." It takes the place of meat. A pound of Kraft Cheese is equal in nutriment to three pounds of lean beef. It is the concentrated food of a gallon of milk.

Cheese is delicious uncooked, but can be prepared in scores of different dishes.

Our book of recipes is free. Ask your dealer for a copy. Kraft cheese in tins is cleaner, more wholesome and better in quality than bulk cheese. Cheese in tins is the new sanitary way to sell cheese. Keeps in any climate.

KRAFT CHEESE

So Attractive!

Little white slip-ons or sport sweaters take on fresh beauty when Tintexed a new, fashionable color. And it is accomplished so simply—Tintex tints as you rinse, you know.

14 Fashionable Colors

You will find Tintex at all Drug, Department and 5 & 10c. stores. Remember to buy a few packages of your favorite colors, today.

Tintex
Tints as you Rinse

Thayer McNeil Company
AN ADVANCED SUMMER
Mark-Down Sale
10% to 40% Reduction

UNPRECEDENTED
Sale of White and Sport Shoes

BY far the largest and most comprehensive stock of White Shoes in our history is reduced from 10% to 40% in price. Moderate priced originally, the extra discount of 10% to 40% makes these shoes extremely rare values right at the height of the season.

A Few of the Remarkable Values

450 pair Women's White Canvas Low Shoes, low heels, medium toe, white leather soles, white heels. An ideal all-around Summer Shoe. Now......... $7.85

900 pair Women's White Canvas Turned Sole Pumps, high and low; full Louis heels. Now.............. $7.65

850 pair Women's White Canvas Low Shoes, turned sole, high and low; full Louis heels. Now.............. $8.50

600 pair Women's White Canvas Low Shoes, welt soles; suitable for Summer walking shoes; made on our "Elastic Last." Now.............. $8.50

350 pair Women's White Buck Sport Shoes, black and tan trimmed. Now..... $12.50

175 pair Women's Black Kid Two-Eyelet Ribbon Tie, turned sole, full Louis heels. Now........... $11.85

MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT

Children's and Misses' White and Brown Canvas Play Oxfords with Neolin Soles, light, cool and comfortable.
Sizes 6 to 10½ 2.25
Sizes 11 to 2 .... 2.50

Children's and Misses' Washable Leather Barefoot Sandals, light sole, for country and beach wear.
Sizes 5 to 10½ 4.75
Sizes 11 to 2 .... 5.50

Growing Girls' Tan Play Oxfords, suitable for hard play. Sizes 2½ to 7. Widths A to E $7.25

Children's Socks
Plain and color top. Sizes 5 to 9½.
45c and 50c

No Returns, No Refunds, No Exchanges

15 West Street — Thayer McNeil Company — 47 Temple Place

BRINGING UP FATHER

A MOVING PICTURE COMEDY, NOT AN ANIMATED CARTOON

ALL LEADING THEATRES

POLLY AND HER PALS

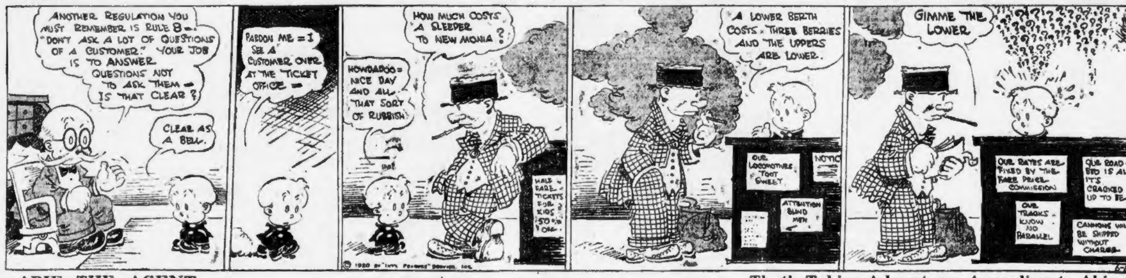
Registered U. S. Patent Office.

Pa Forgot the First Law of Nature

JERRY ON THE JOB

Registered U. S. Patent Office.

All of Which Is Clear as Buttermilk



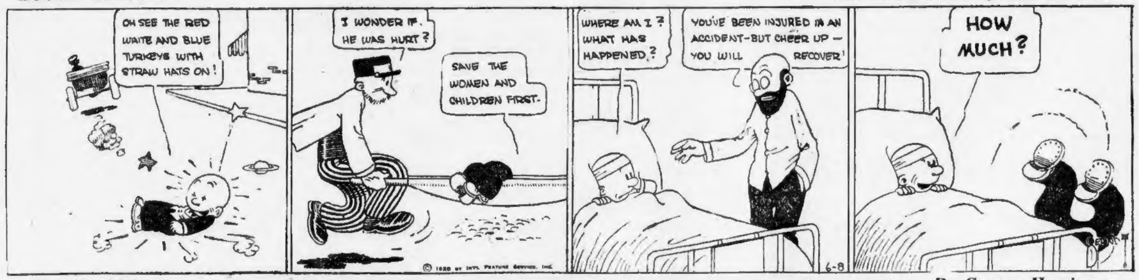
ABIE THE AGENT

Registered U. S. Patent Office.

That's Taking Advantage, According to Abie

BOOBY HATCH

The Lad Has an Eye for Business



KRAZY KAT

By George Herriman

Mexico in Revolution

—BY—

Vincente Blasco Ibanez

(Copyrighted by The Foreign Press Service.)

II. THE MEXICAN ARMY (CONTINUED).

After the soldier has eaten, he gets up, tightens his belt, and takes his gun. The little ones wipe their mouths and noses with their knuckles, and devotedly kiss their dady's hand.

He pats them on the head in benediction. "God keep you," is his stock phrase of farewell in revolutionary times, "and here's hoping they don't kill your papa!" The youngsters do not understand, but the lean copper-colored woman, standing there in her black shawl, lowers her head in fatalistic resignation. Death! It is so easy to die in a country of revolutions! That was what her other "man" said as he went away never to come back. That was the way also with the "man" before that one.

For the "soldierette," or "hard-tack," as she is also called (the actual word is "galleta") is faithful beyond reproach to her "man"; but she goes to another, without the slightest hesitation, the moment her husband is killed or throws her over. What good is a "soldierette" without a soldier? Neither passion nor beauty figure in these unions. The quality the Mexican soldier most values in his "old woman" is her skill in finding something to eat and in spreading the meal on the ground, her ability to "stand up" under hard work.

When a soldier fails he wills his woman to some more fortunate comrade-in-arms. Since the Mexican army takes men of all ages, fifteen-year-old boys may be seen living with "hard-tacks" old enough to be their mothers or grandmothers. And there are wrinkled old men with white stubble on their chins who get their meals from girls in their teens, whom they have inherited from soldiers killed in some previous skirmish.

WIVES AID WOUNDED.

It is during actual fighting in the field that the "soldierette" gives proof of her powers of endurance and self-sacrifice. Many Mexican generals have thought of abolishing her, but in the end they have had to compromise with her and finally to seek her support. What else can be done in an army destitute of a supply and sanitary corps? The sick and wounded cannot be abandoned to chance. The "soldierette" makes up for more than one deficiency in the Mexican military system.

Not only does she look after the soldier. Sometimes her attention is needed by the chief.

"Have you a bite to spare?" the captain asks one of his men, during a halt on march. The officer, not provided as a rule with "hard-tack," is much worse off than the private. "No, captain, but the Indian will be back soon and she'll be sure to have something." "The Indian" is another pet name used by the soldiers when they get tired of "the old woman."

WOMEN ADVANCE GUARD.

When the troops are on the march, the "soldierettes" form the advance guard. They keep several miles ahead, so that when the men arrive, the fires will be burning and the meal ready. The towns and villages are more afraid of the women than of the soldiers themselves, though the latter have only the vaguest notions of property rights and the value of human life. The "soldierette" will march for whole days with a brat clinging to either hand, another invisible one awaiting its call into the world, a pack of clothes and bedding on her head, and often, to top off the outfit, a parrot. With so much impedimenta, you would think that woman had trouble enough.

In point of fact, she passes over the country like a scourge of God. Along her path not a tree remains with a piece of fruit, not a garden with a turnip, not a coop with a chicken, not a barnyard with a pig. She sweeps everything before her, and the landscape behind has the parched barren aspect of the desert. It is as though a plague of locusts had settled on the land.

That woman can pick up a good meal in sterile places where any ordinary human being would starve. A village may have been sacked seven times in one week. Give her the chance for an eighth time over and she will turn you out a regular Sunday dinner.

MARCH LONG DISTANCES.

Sometimes as they march long distances ahead of their husbands, the "soldierettes" of one regiment will meet the "hard-tacks" of another troop which is advancing to give battle. If both bodies of women are not specially hungry, if some previous pillage has satisfied all immediate needs, the passions of patriotism and politics find occasion to express themselves in noble animosity. The women and children throw sticks, stones and epithets at each other till the males come up and start the real show.

More often, however, both crowds of "soldierettes" are short of provisions of one kind or another. Then they get together on friendly terms. "People have got to live. Why should civilians have to scratch each other's eyes out?" And the ones who have food share it with those who have only money. But Mexican money is often worthless. They much prefer to sell supplies for cartridges.

The men of the "soldierettes" are running low on ammunition. The government troops, on the contrary, have just received afresh and lavish supply. The Federal "soldierette" will walk back several miles looking for her "man." They won't take money," she reports. "They say you get nothing to eat unless you can pay in cartridges." Her "man" expresses no particular interest in the matter. He has been in the same fix himself. "Well, here you are, then!" And he passes over a handful of 44s, one of which may kill him two hours later in the day. The one thing certain is the dinner. Death, at the worst, is only a possibility!

(Continued Tomorrow.)

Reports 24 Convictions

A total of 765 cases were investigated last month by the Massachusetts Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, according to a report just issued. Examination of 6,362 animals was made and 25 prosecutions in the courts with 24 convictions were made by the society. The membership of the Jack London Club, the society's protest against cruelty in training animals, has reached 129,937.

Marriage Intentions

Francis W. Doane, 41, clerk, 108 Lexington st., East Boston, and Mabelle N. Ferrin, 41, dressmaker, divorced, same address.

Herbert A. Campbell, 44, printer, 37 W. Newton st., divorced, and Elizabeth Chapman, 44, at home, 98 Vernon st., Roxbury.

Ornig Aganajanian, 28, diamond cutter, 160 Pembroke st., and Seranoush H. Kavaian, 19, 39 Bernard st., Dorchester.

Jasper Inserro, 22, barber, 5 Battery st., and Theresa De Gregorio, 20, at home, 90 Poplar st., Roslindale.

Arthur D. Johnson, 22, chauffeur, 108 Paris st., and Lillian F. Jollimore, 20, inspector, 180 Princeton st., both East Boston.

Frank W. Quimby, 48, ch. clerk, 309 Summer st., Somerville, and Hattie C. Orrall, 35, 29 Bradwood st., Roslindale.

Edward D. Kraft, 23, clerk, Babylon, N. Y., and Alice H. Hunter, 24, clerk, 19 Levant st., Dorchester.

Onefrio Caico, 31, laborer, 101 Norfolk av., Roxbury, and Lina Gaciela, 24, Quincy.

Rosario Polido, 26, electrical engineer, 20 Prince st., and Blanche Giglio, 26, at home, 375 Hanover st.

Eben N. Westhaven, 51, carpenter, 740 Tremont st., and Eva M. Sawlor, 44, W. Townsend.

Raphael Hillson, 23, manufacturer, 44 Powder House blvd., Somerville, and Dora E. Weinstein, 22, saleswoman, 200 Norwell st., Dorchester.

Harry W. Anderson, 22, printer, 8 Auckland st., Dorchester, and Thelma E. Boles, 24, at home, 62 Sydney st., both Dorchester.

John Voselis, 29, range repairer, 24 Paris st., widowed, and Josephine Pleiulo, 27, housework, 59 Chelsea st.

Louis Cohen, 20, leather bags, 22 Davis st., and Esther Kinstein, 20, 3 Davis st.

Markas Der Hovhannesian, 38, fruit grower, Fresno, Calif., and Pergrouhie Kavalijan, 33, nurse, 543 E. 8th st., south Boston.

George L. Schwartz, 24, bookkeeper, Melrose, and Anna M. Murphy, 24, clerk, 1 Carlisle st., Roxbury.

Robert W. Sykes, 25, saleswoman, 30 University rd., Brookline, widowed, and Mertie M. Harding, 27, stenographer, 1030 Commonwealth av.

Lemuel O. Dagle, 30, salesman, 732 E. Fifth st., and Elizabeth F. Kennedy, 29, stenographer, 45 G. st., both South Boston.

Ernest Krasman, 34, auditor, Springfield, and Folrence B. McWilliams, 25, stenographer, 77 Spring Park av., Jamaica Plain.

William H. Montgomery, 25, cook, 11 Dilworth st., and Elleene N. Mason, 18, dressmaker, 87 W. Rutland st.

Charles Silverman, 24, printer, 15 Johnston rd., Dorchester, and Rosalind E. Ratfarb, 19, bookkeeper, same address.

Fred J. Watson, 26, shoe cutter, 8 Heath pl., Roxbury, and Blanche V. Kelley, 25, shoe worker, same address.

Lawrence M. Washington, 22, postal emp., 12½ Whitman st., Dorchester, and Marion L. Underwood, 21, at home, Everett.

Edward J. Carr, 26, clerk, Hopkinton, and Adelaide F. Good, 23, stenographer, 23 Dorr st., Roxbury.

Roy F. Wood, 29, draftsman, 363 Quincy st., and Ethel I. Thomas, 24, at home, 11 De Wolf st., both Dorchester.

John J. O'Hern, 29, chauffeur, 214 W. Fourth st., South Boston, and Catherine E. Stanley, 28, clerk, same address.

Patrick J. Lennon, 33, iron worker, 11 Alden pl., Jamaica Plain, and Theresa N. Mahoney, 23, cashier, 147 Highland av., Malden.

Francis L. Cronin, 29, manager, 746 Saratoga st., East Boston, and Wilhelmina R. Pargle, 24, telephone operator, 7 Germania st., Jamaica Plain.

Luigi Mucci, 26, barber, 262 Broadway, and Antoinetta Pescione, 24, housekeeper, 582 Somerville av., Somerville.

Leonard J. Aikon, 24, manager, 11 Hansborough st., and Anna Eyges, 23, 23 Hansborough st., both Dorchester.

H. Leroy Burnside, 24, mech. engineer, 1285 Commonwealth av., and Helen R. Hook, 24, clerk, same address.

Giuseppe Seminatore, 21, leather worker, 23 Prince st., and Assunta C. Marino, 18, 100 Charter st.

Robert M. Godfrey, 27, production engineer, Bridgeport, Ct., and Olga M. Godfrey, 24, at home, 33 Farquhar st., Roslindale.

Donald F. Gillespie, 22, machinist, 483 Columbia rd., Dorchester, and Anna B. Walleston, 19, clerk, 25 Dorr st., Roxbury.

William J. McIntosh, 27, conductor, 17 Emmons st., East Boston, and Agnes L. Chaloner, 25, at home, 1627 Dorchester av., Dorchester.

Harry C. Coughlan, 29, engineer, 87 Fenwood rd., Roxbury, and Frances A. Clary, 26, clerk, 27 Pemberton st., Cambridge.

Giovanni Voine, 57, shoe maker, 185 Beach st., Revere, and Antonetta D'Angelica, 54, at home, 35 Porter st., East Boston, both widowed.

John J. Campbell, 35, lineman, 124 Staniford st., and Debby Lamkey, 25, waitress, Salem.

Anthony A. Bicchieri, 32, grocer, 46 Nesman st., and Josephine Caloggero, 35, at home, 108 Merrimac st.

Marinos J. Habrilles, 32, glazer, 58A Blue Hill av., Roxbury, and Penalope Katchively, 17, shoe worker, Saugus.

Rhomas P. Raynes, 23, clerk, 111 Queensberry st., and Olga P. Seuffert, 20, at home, 10 Museum rd.

James H. Sullivan, Jr., 22, chauffeur, 54 Kenwick st., and Margaret F. Callahan, 17, clerk, 202 Market st., both Brighton.

George Simpson, 58, insurance, 2161 Washington st., widowed and Theresa Brennan, 45, clerk, 40 Mapleton st., Brighton.

Charles Sachs, 28, salesman, 3 Hazelwood st., Roxbury, and Matilda Wolf, 30, secretary, Lowell.

Eugene D. Murphy, 39, carpenter, and Lena K. Lea, 31, divorced, both Portland, Maine.

Harry D. Barr, 25, bank teller, 199 Chelsea st., and Gertrude Langenthal 23, at home, 194 Callender st., Dorchester.

Fred E. Dunham, 36, brass moulder, 62 Warrenton st., and Albina A. Ross, 39, paper boxes, 66 Warrenton st., divorced.

Howard W. Churchill, 22, conductor, 75 Bloomfield st., Dorchester, and Lucy I. Enslow, 23, clerk, 3 Louise pk., Roxbury.

Jacob Levin, 40, tailor, 68 Fayston st., Roxbury, and Bessie Rudkin, 31, dressmaker, 11 Rose st., both widowed.

Paul B. Cheney, 52, salesman, Yonkers, N. Y., and Anna M. Flynn, 42, 52 Murdock st., Brighton.

Israel Mirsky, 37, florist, 30 Dorne st., and Gertrude Levine, 27, at home, 36 Lucerne st., both Dorchester, both widowed.

Melville R. Rowman, 23, chauffeur, West Falmouth, and Mary Joyce, 22, waitress, 120 Regent st., Roxbury.

Carmine Montuori, 24, machinist, 18 Hull st., and Elina Castaldo, 21, at home, 38 Prince st.

Emerson L. Russell, 28, auto mechanic, 78 Fairbanks st., Brighton, and Evelyn Huston, 25, at home, 28 Dunreath st., Roxbury.

Samuel M. Obelsky, 27, building contractor, 131 Woodrow av., Dorchester, and Bessie Toby, 20, clerk, 38 Bradley st., Somerville.

Roland M. Baker, Jr., 25, salesman, 70 Chestnut st., and Mary Royce, 20, at home, Common st., Dedham.

James D. Davis, 31, plumber, 170 Bennington st., East Boston, and Mary R. Gordon, 28, cashier, 23 Elm st., Charlestown.

Edgar C. MacNutt, 28, locomotive engineer, 656 Huntington av., and Florence L. Bailey, 26, 61 McLellan st., Dorchester.

Arie Dezeeluv, 25, cigarmaker, 183 Seventh st., divorced, and Catherine Fleming, 25, waitress, same address.

James W. Torgerson, 22, gunner's mate, U. S. N., and Dorcas M. Barber, 22, dental worker, 11 Durham st.

Leslie P. Clow, 26, marine machinist, 131 Orange st., and Louise E. Wagner, 25, stenographer, 109 Orange st., both Roslindale.

Henry M. Ducey, 27, express business, 24 Washburn st., and Mary A. Welch, 27, at home, 108 Boston st., both Dorchester.

Richard D. J. McLaughlin, 23, packer, 9 Boston pl., and Anna M. Webb, 22, stenographer, 472A Broadway, both South Boston.

Henry Voges, 33, mechanic, Warren, Ohio, and Lillie Davis, 25, cook, 824 Washington st., widowed.

Benjamin W. Johnston, 30, motorman, Salem, N. H., and Evangeline L. Miller, 22, shoe worker, 11A Islington st., Allston.

Michael Moschella, 21, shoe worker, 140 Revere st., Revere, and Catherine Indrisano, 20, at home, 17 Everett st., East Boston.

SOMERVILLE.

Wilton E. Peters, 22, accountant, 61 Spring st., Medford, and Elizabeth F. Joyce, 21, telephone operator, 65 Evergreen av., Somerville.

Samuel M. Obelsky, 27, building contractor, 131 Woodrow av., Dorchester, and Bessie Toby, 20, clerk, 38 Bradley st., Somerville.

Richard J. Corbett, 34, claim adjuster, 17 Columbus av., Somerville, and Lillian M. Gratton, 24, telephone operator, 5 St. Paul st., Cambridge.

Clarence P. Crowell, 24, salesman, 18 Vermont av., and Martha E. Ledwidge, 24, bookkeeper, 101 Rogers av., both of Somerville.

Herbert L. Lillis, 28, engineering office, U. S. N., 3842 Flora av., Kansas City, Mo., and Roberta L. Flagg, 21, stenographer, 37 New Hampshire av., Somerville.

Daniel W. Sullivan, 30, clerk, 124 Tyndale clerk, 13 Spring st., Somerville.

Emile S. Benjamin, 23, salesman, 78 Walnut st., and Marion E. Allen, 21, at home, 205 Pearl st., both of Somerville.

Raphael Hillson, 23, waist manufacturer, 44 Powder House blvd., West Somerville, and Dora E. Weinstein, 22, saleslady, 200 Norwell st., Dorchester.

Stocks Move Up and Down in New York; Money Renews at 7%

READING HIGH AMONG RAILS

Trading Very Quiet All the Morning; Liberty Bonds Recede and Rally

By W. H. ROSS,
Financial Editor.

Stocks were irregular all the morning in New York, moving up and down within a narrow range. By noon prices were on about the highest level that had been attained. Trading was very quiet, first hour transactions totalling less than 100,000 shares. Liberty Bonds receded in the first hour, but rallied in the second. Call loans renewed at 7 per cent. There was a rather strong tone to foreign exchange.

Reading was the leading rail, being up more than three points at its forenoon highest. Among other strong stocks at the end of the morning were Tobacco Securities and Royal Dutch. They had advanced a point or more. Weak ones included General Motors, Studebaker, U. S. Food Products and Middle States Oil. They were off from fractions to a point.

MIXED MOVEMENT AT START.

The price movement was mixed when the exchange opened and the majority of shifts were losses. A little more demand existed that at the preceding opening and a number of issues advanced quickly. The market verged on strength at the end of a half-hour. Covering of shorts was the main support. Uncertainty as to the kind of a candidate Republicans will select for President is making professional traders cautious as to commitments.

The nomination of a Wall Street favorite would, it is believed, send stocks up. If a "radical" is named a drop would be expected. As a class rails showed the most strength around the start. They did not rise, but almost all the carriers made small gains. Reading made a big gain and was the market feature. Steels and oils soon advanced, but the tendency of motor, equipment and shipping was indefinite.

MONEY OUTLOOK VAGUE.

The money outlook is vague and the present situation generally unsatisfactory. The advance of the call rate to 10 per cent. yesterday when demand was meagre was disconcerting to operators who had been hoping for more market activity after the political conventions. It is indicative of what will happen if stock speculation should become lively. Wall Street is sceptical about the duration of the deflation process. It is believed there that deflation will be neither salutary nor permanent until it is wholly natural. The support rendered Liberty bonds yesterday was buying by banks. They were weak this morning. Some cynical remarks have been provoked by the decline in the reserve ratio of the Federal Reserve system, although the commercial rediscount rate has been raised. The slowing down of certain industries amid a clamor for increased production is confusing to those who have been guided by theories. The credit strain is still so tense as to cause fears for business in the Autumn.

Twenty Billions in Rails

It is claimed by railroad authorities that $20,616,000,000 has been invested in railroads in this country, and it is believed by appraisal experts that their aggregate value will be found more than $2,000,000,000 in excess of capitalization and more than $6,000,000,000 greater than the present stock market valuation.

Corporation Earnings

For the past four year earnings on common by the International Paper Company are figured as aggregating $88 a share.

Gross sales of the American Wholesale Corporation for May were $2,097,849, against $2,244,061 for May, 1919, a decrease of $146,211 or 6.51 per cent. For the five months ending May 31, 1920, gross sales were $16,708,296, an increase of $5,069,138, or 43.55 per cent.

The May consolidated gross earnings of the New Orleans, Texas & Mexico Railway Company are estimated at $1,012,700, against actual returns in May, 1919, of $741,329.

The May gross of V. Vivaudou, Inc., exceeded $750,000 and indicates net profits, before deductions and taxes of more than $140,000, or at the approximate rate of $5.60 per share.

Cotton Market Opening

New York, June 8.—Opening prices on the New York Cotton Exchange were: July 38.50, up 1; October 35.60, off 7; December 34.47, off 16; January 33.90, off 18; March 33.35, off 20.

Are You Watching The Oils?

Do you wish you knew which shares might be the very next to go up?

Study the interesting Facts in our new booklet, "Independent Oils." Observe which of the 27 going concerns it discusses are drilling in rich territory or otherwise increasing their profits. An impartial guide for investors and traders. Call, phone or write at once.

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(Massachusetts Corporation)

QUARTERLY DIVIDENDS.

Notice is hereby given that the regular quarterly dividends of One Dollar and Seventy-Five Cents ($1.75) per share on the Preferred Stock and One Dollar and Seventy-Five Cents ($1.75) per share on the Common Stock of this Company will be paid on July 15, 1920, to stockholders of record June 17, 1920.

Transfer books will be closed at the close of business June 17, 1920, and will be reopened at the opening of business June 28, 1920.

WILLIAM H. DWELLY, Treasurer.

Boston, Mass., June 7, 1920.

New York Stocks

Prices on the New York Stock Exchange from the opening until 11:15 o'clock had the following range:

Stocks	Open	High	Low	Latest
Am Bosch Mag	116½	116½	116½	116½
Ajax Rubber	67	67	67	67
Allis-Chalmers	37¾	37¾	37	37
Am Can	39	39	39	39
Am Car & Fdy	138¾	139	138¾	139
Am Cotton Oil	43	43	43	43
Am Hide & L	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞
Am Hide & L pf	82	82	82	82
Am Linseed Oil	80¼	80¼	80¼	80¼
Am Locomotive	97½	97½	96½	96¾
Am Safety Razor	15½	15⅞	15	15
Am Ship	24½	24¾	24⅝	24⅝
Am Smelt & Ref	59½	59½	59¼	59¼
Am Sugar	124	124½	124	124½
Am Tel & Tel	94½	94½	94¼	94¾
Am Tob Sec	57½	58⅞	57¼	58⅞
Am Woolen	97	97¾	96¾	97⅜
Rts	½	½	½	½
Anaconda	56½	57	56½	57
Atchison T S F	79½	80	79½	79½
Atlantic G W I	165	165¼	163	163
Austin Nichols Co	24	24	24	24
Baldwin Loco	114¾	115½	114¾	114¾
Balt & Ohio	31⅝	32⅛	31⅞	32⅛
Barnsdale	42	42	42	42
Barrett	125⅛	125⅛	125⅛	125⅛
Beth Motors	20⅞	20⅞	20⅞	20⅞
Beth Steel B	89½	90	89¼	89⅝
Booth Fisheries	9	9	9	9
Brooklyn R T	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞
Butte Copper	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
Butterick	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞
Can Pacific	113	113	112¾	113
Central Leather	65¼	65⅝	65⅛	65⅛
Cerro de Pasco	44	44	44	44
Certain-teed	52⅛	52⅝	52⅛	52⅝
Chandler	129	131	129	130½
Chi R I	36¾	37⅛	36¼	37
Chi R I 7 pf	73½	73½	73½	73½
Chi M St Paul	33⅛	33⅛	33	33
Chi M St Paul pf	51⅛	51⅛	51⅛	51⅛
Chi & N W	79⅞	79⅞	79	79
Chi Pneu Tool	86	86	86	86
Chile	16	16	15⅞	15⅞
Col Gas & Elec	55½	56	55½	56
Columbia Graph	30¾	30¾	30¾	30¾
Con Textile	33	33½	33	33½
Corn Products	93¼	93½	93⅛	93⅛
Crucible Steel	136¼	137⅛	136	136¾
Cuban Am Sugar	56	56⅞	56	56⅞
Cuba Cane Sugar	49⅛	49⅛	49⅛	49⅛
Del Lack & W	180	180	180	180
Denver R G	4½	4½	4½	4½
Denver R G pf	10¼	10¼	10⅛	10⅛
Domes Mines	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛
Erie 1st pf	19⅜	19⅜	19⅜	19⅜
Fam Players Corp	77¾	77⅞	77¾	77¾
Fisk Rubber	32½	32½	32½	32½
Freeport Tex Co	22⅞	23¼	22¼	23⅛
Gen Cigar	65⅝	65⅛	65	65
Gen Electric	144	144	144	144
Gen Motors cts	26¾	26¾	26	26
Rts	1⅛	1⅛	1	1
Gray & Davis	22	22½	22	22½
Gt Nor Ry pf	72	72	72	72
Haskell Barker	68	68	67½	68
Hendee Mfg Co	32	32	32	32
Ill Central	84	84	84	84
Interboro Cons	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
Interboro Cons pf	12	12	12	12
Int Harvester	132	133⅛	132	132
Int Motor	55¼	55¾	54¼	55⅛
Int Paper	77½	77½	76	77½
Kennecott	27	27⅛	27	27
Mer Marine	32	33	32	32
Mer Marine pf	85⅞	87½	85⅞	85⅞
Mex Petrol	175½	176¼	175	175½
Middle-States Oil	28	28½	28	28
M K T	6⅛	6⅛	6¼	6¼
Mo Pacific	25	25½	24¾	24⅞
Mo Pacific pf	42⅞	43	42¾	42⅞
Nevada Cons	12⅞	13¼	12⅞	13¼
New Haven	30	30½	30	30
N Y Central	69	69¼	69	69¼
No Pacific	73¼	73¼	73¼	73¼
Ohio Cities Gas	37⅞	37⅞	37⅞	37⅞
Oklahoma P & R	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾
Pan-Amer P & T	96	96	96	96
Pan Am Petrol	100½	101½	100½	100¾
Penn R R	39¼	39¼	39¼	39¼
Pere Marquette	23⅝	24	23⅝	23¾
Philadelphia Co	37½	37½	37½	37½
Pierce Arrow	48⅞	49¼	48⅞	48⅞
Pierce Oil	16	16	16	16
Pitts & W Va	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛
Pressed Steel Car	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞
Pullman	110¾	110¾	110¾	110¾
Punta Sugar	100½	100½	100½	100½
Ray Consolidated	17	17¼	17	17¼
Reading	83¼	86⅞	83¼	85⅞
Repl & S	89½	89⅞	88½	89½
Repub Motor Tr	43	43¼	43	43¼
Royal Dutch	111½	115¾	114½	114¾
Saxon Motor	10½	10½	10½	10½
Shell T & Tr Co	75⅛	76½	75⅛	76¾
Sinclair Con Oil	31¾	31½	31⅛	31¾
So Pacific	93	93¼	92⅞	93
So Railway	22⅛	23⅛	22¼	22¼
Stromberg	72¾	72¾	72¾	72¾
Studebaker	68	68	67	68
Texas Co	47	47½	47	47
Tex & Pacific	41½	42¼	41	41½
Tob Products	70	72	69¾	70
Trans Con Oil	14½	14½	14¼	14¼
Union Oil	27¼	27¾	27⅜	27¾
Union Pacific	114¼	114¼	113¾	114¼
United Drug	129	129	129	129
U S Food Products	62¼	63	62¼	62¼
U S I Alcohol	83¼	83¼	83½	83¼
U S Retail Stores	82	82	81⅛	81⅛
U S Rubber	93⅛	94	93⅛	93⅞
U S Smelting	59	59	59	59
U S Steel	92½	93	92	92¾
U S Steel pf	105⅞	105⅞	105⅞	105⅞
Vanadium Corp	75	75	75	75
Westinghouse	49½	49½	49½	49½
Western Union	83⅜	83⅜	83⅜	83⅜
White Motor	51¾	51¾	51¾	51¾
Willys Overland	18½	18½	18½	18½
Worth P & M	67⅛	67½	67⅛	67⅛
GOVERNMENT BONDS				
Lib 3½s	91.32	91.40	91.32	91.32
1st 4s 1932-47	86.40	86.40	86.30	86.30
1st 4¼s 1932-47	86.80	86.80	86.74	86.80
2nd 4s 1927-42	85.10	85.50	85.10	85.10
2nd 4¼s 1928	85.10	85.60	85.10	85.54
3rd 4¼s 1927-42	89.40	89.68	89.30	89.40
4th 4¼s	85.50	85.90	85.44	85.80
Victory 3¾s	95.60	95.77	95.70	95.70
Victory 4¾s	95.70	95.82	95.60	95.76

Boston Curb

Opening prices on the Boston Curb today were:

	Yesterday's close.	Today's opening.
Alcmy	2 1-16	2
Allied Oil	25c	29c
Alvarado	14	14
Arizona Silver	62c	61c
Arizona Tip Top	7c	7c
Boston & Montana	72c	72c
Can Mex	10⅞	10⅞
Crystal	30c	30c
Daddy	1	1
Denbigh Mis	18c	19c
Eureka	73c	72c
First National	95c	1
Gulfport	7c	6c
Hecla Div	5c	7c
Imperial	18c	16c
Manhattan	77c	76c
Mex Silver	9c	7c
Mutual Trust	55c	53c
Okla Boston Oil	2½c	2c
Pilgrim	11c	10c
Pore Premier	3c	2c
Silver Reef	7c	7c
Superior Oil	4c	4c
Texana	10c	9c
Universal Silver	5c	4c
Verde Mines	20c	18c

May Copper Outputs

Copper production by mining companies in May as compared with their outputs for the corresponding 1919 month were as follows: Miami, 4,054,760 pounds, against 4,989,580; Phelps-Dodge, 7,902,000, against 8,555,000; Arizona, 3,000,000, against 2,400,000; Cerro de Pasco, 6,590,000, against 4,034,000; Calumet & Arizona, 3,840,000, against 3,848,000, and New Cornelia, 3,720,000, against 1,866,000.

TRADING INERT IN BOSTON

Local Market Dull and Narrow, With Movement Irregular; Curb Is Weak

The Boston market was inert at the opening and initial price changes were small and without significance. Aside from Agricultural Chemical, which moved up a point, and United Fruit, which declined two, all first fluctuations were fractional. During the first fifteen minutes all the transactions were of the odd lot variety and totalled considerably less than a thousand shares. Boston Elevated was more in evidence than usual and gained half a point in the first hour. The latest wage increase for employes of this corporation are said to have exercised no market influence. The market was irregular throughout the forenoon.

Among issues to make small gains were Island Creek, New Haven, Swift & Co., New England Telephone, Simms Magneto and Arizona Commercial.

Fractional losses were sustained by Bigheart, Libby, Eastern Manufacturing, National Leather, Stewart, Mayflower-Old Colony and American Woolen preferred.

CURB MARKET OPENS WEAK.

While a little more active than at the opening yesterday, the Curb market was weaker at the start today. Most of the active issues on this exchange were lower at the outset or early in the day. As usual activity trading was largely confined to silvers, although a little was done in a few low-priced oils. Weak stocks at the opening were Canada Mexico, Eureka, Imperial, Manhattan, Universal Silver and Mexican Silver Metals. Among strong issues were Denbigh, Hecla Divide, Texana, First National and Allied Oil.

At the end of an hour Arizona Silver was up 2 cents at 64 cents and Mutual trust at 69 cents. Among declines were Denbigh 2 cents at 16 cents, Boston & Montana 2 cents at 70 cents, Manhattan 6 cents at 71 cents, Universal Silver 1 cent at 3 cents and Verde Mines 4 cents at 60 cents.

FINANCIAL NOTICE.

The 40,000 Greenfield Tap and Die common shares issued as a stock dividend of 50 per cent. will be listed on the Boston Stock Exchange on July 1, when the dividend is payable. They make Greenfield Tap listed shares total 120,000.

The International Trust Co. has declared a regular quarterly dividend of $4 and an extra of $1 per share, payable July 1 to stock of record June 15.

United Fruit Company directors are to meet for dividend action today. It was stated yesterday that only the regular quarterly disbursement of $3 a share would be authorized. This corporation is in a very strong financial position, however. Its present cash balance is said to exceed $15,000,000.

TRADERS ARE AWAITING THE NOMINATIONS

By BROADAN WALL.

New York, June 8.—Evidence contained in the bank reports that the campaign of the Federal Reserve Board for deflation is proving a failure, except among unfortunate owners of Liberty bonds, caused some selling in the stock market yesterday in spite of the strength of several specialties. This selling carried the whole list down. Declines were small, but the market closed at about the low prices of the day. Call money went to 10 per cent. just at the close.

Liberty bonds fell sharply, but recovered, because there was most excellent buying of them for banking account.

Business was on a small scale as most traders are waiting for the nomination at Chicago before taking a decided stand. The feeling among professionals is that if a conservative man wins there will be a sharp advance.

When the Supreme Court declared the Volsted act valid, United States Food Products, which has millions of gallons of whiskey, held firm, while Industrial Alcohol, which never made a gallon of beverage, fell nearly three points. Wall street evidently thinks people drink denatured alcohol. The Food Products Company is the largest producer of alcohol in the country, and it, as well as the Industrial Alcohol Company, is getting prices greater than those that prevailed during the war.

Fuel for Electricity

A vast amount of fuel is required for the production of electricity. The Geological Survey reports that for the first three months of this year public utility power plants in this country consumed 10,427,747 tons of coal, 3,481,742 barrels of petroleum and derivatives, and 4,553,228 cubic feet of natural gas.

Boston Stocks

Prices on the Boston Stock Exchange from the opening until 11:30 a. m. had the following range:

Stocks	Open	High	Low	Latest
Am Ag Chem	85	85	85	85
Am Pneu Serv pr	7	7	7	7
Am Tel & Tel	94¾	94¾	94½	94¾
Am Woolen pr	95	95	95	95
Am Woolen rts	50	50	50	50
Arizona Com	10½	10½	10½	10½
Big Heart Oil Co	11	11	10¾	10¾
Boston & Albany	125	125	125	125
Boston Elevated	61½	62¼	61½	62¼
Cal & Hecla	320	320	320	320
Centennial	12	12	12	12
Daly-West	4½	4½	4½	4½
East Butte	13	13	13	13
East Mfg Co	34¼	34¼	34¼	34¼
General Electric	144	144	144	144
Greenfield T & D	39½	39½	39½	39½
Int Cotton Mill pr	92	92	92	92
Island Creek	50	50	50	50
Kerr Lake	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼
Libby-McNeill	13	13	12½	12½
Libby rts	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
Loew's Theatre	10	10	10	10
Mass Gas Co	76¾	76¾	76	76
Mass Gas Co pr	58	58	58	58
Mayflower-O C	5¾	6	5¾	6
Michigan Copper	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼
Nat Leather	11¼	11¼	11¼	11¼
New Haven R R	30¼	30¼	30¼	30¼
N E Telephone	87¼	87¼	87¼	87¼
Old Colony R R	75½	75½	75½	75½
Osceola Mining	40½	41	40½	41
Quincy	50	50	50	50
Simms Mag Corp	20	20	20	20
St Mary's Land	40	40	40	40
Stewart Mfg Co	40½	40½	40½	40½
Swift & Co	110¼	110¼	110¼	110¼
Swift International	37	37	36¾	36¾
U Shoe Machine	43¼	43¼	43	43
U S Smelting pr	44	44½	44	44½
Utah Metals	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
Waldorf System	21	21	21	21
Waltham Watch pr	73	73	73	73
W E R R	39	39	39	39
Western Union	84	84	84	84
W H McElwain	95½	95½	95	95
Winona	40	40	40	40c
Wolverine	17	17	17	17
GOVERNMENT BONDS				
1st 4¼s 1932-47	86 24	86 90	86 24	86 90
2nd 4¼s 1927-42	85 30	85 74	85 30	85 74
3rd 4¼s 1928	89 50	89 90	89 24	89 90
4th 4¼s 1938	85 60	86.	85.60	86.
Victory Notes 4¾s	95 90	95 90	95 70	95 90
BONDS				
W Tel & Tel 5s	78	78	78	78

DEFICIT AFTER GAS COMPANY DIVIDENDS

Consumers who complain of high bills for gas will be astonished at figures showing deficits for producing companies after dividends in spite of increased rates. The operating revenues of the fifty-nine companies reporting to the Massachusetts Department of Public Utilities, show for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1919, an increase of about 20 per cent., or $24,425,785, against $20,650,987 in 1918. Expenses were similarly increased, totalling $20,495,820 compared with $16,979,031 in previous year.

The fifty-nine companies showed a deficit of $570,325 after dividends and all fixed charges. The 1918 deficit was $517,656. But only eight of the companies are failing to meet dividend requirements.

PIG IRON PRODUCTION IS LARGE THIS YEAR

While there is general complaint concerning decreased production of basic materials and staple products, this does not apply to pig iron, which is considered a very accurate trade barometer. This country's pig iron production of first five months of 1920 exceeded that of corresponding periods of 1919 and 1918, and was surpassed by that of 1917 period by less than three-quarters of a million tons.

Production to the end of May was 15,108,645 tons against 13,928,945 in five months of 1919, 14,678,876 tons in the 1918 period and 15,799,837 in 1917. The output in the 1920 period was 1,179,700 tons larger than in five months of 1919 and nearly 500,000 larger than in the 1918 period, despite pressure at that time for maximum output for war purposes.

Dividend Declarations

Sears, Roebuck & Company declared quarterly 1¾ per cent. preferred dividend, payable July 1 to stock of record June 15.

Willys-Overland Company declared quarterly dividend of $1.75 a share on preferred, payable July 1 to stock of record June 21.

Seaman's Oil Company declared quarterly dividend of 5 per cent. payable June 30 on stock of record January 15.

American Woolen declared quarterly dividends of $1.75 a share on preferred and common, payable July 15 to stock of record June 17.

Quarterly dividend of $2 on preferred stock of Pierce-Arrow Motor Car Company has been declared, payable July 1 to stock of record June 15.

New York & Harlem Railroad Company declared dividends of $2.50 a share on common and preferred, payable July 1 on stock of record June 15.

Quarterly dividend of $1.25 a share on stock of the New York, Lackawanna & Western Railway will be paid on July 1 on stock of record June 14.

William Carter Company declared quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent. on preferred, payable June 15 to holders of record June 10.

S. S. Kresge Company declared quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent. on preferred, payable July 1 on stock of record June 15.

It's White and $1.30

NEW SAFETY PAPER is a chemical discovery of the greatest importance to the public welfare. Its purpose is to prevent the yearly loss of $30,000,000 which was recently exposed by the Saturday Evening Post. It's WHITE. It interests everybody who investigates it. It is called wonderful by paper experts.

All shareholders please take notice that negotiations for a plant are now under way, machinery is purchased, and equipment will begin at once for turning out the product in commercial quantities. Until then don't look for frequent advertising.

Meanwhile, a limited allotment is being sold at $1.30. You have seen the price increase 7% a month for the last five months. As soon as production begins the price of the shares will be fixed by the earning power. According to the facts, the demand and the estimates, the intrinsic value of the shares should THEN increase by leaps and bounds.

When you use the same degree of intelligence in making investments that you do in buying a pair of shoes, you will be able to MAKE MONEY. We cordially invite you to investigate this offer.

For further information call, write or phone.

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79 Milk St., Room 911, Boston 9, Mass. Lynn Office: 305 Talbot Bldg.

PASSAIC MILLS ON 4-DAY WEEK

Market Conditions and Cancellations of Orders Given as Curtailment Cause

Six large Passaic, N. J., woolen mills are to run on a four-day-a-week schedule because of market conditions and cancellation of orders. Fifteen thousand workers are affected. These mills were recently running night and day. They are the Botany Worsted Mills, the Forstmann-Hauffmann Company, the Gera Mills, the Garfield Worsted Mills, the Passaic Worsted Spinning Mill and the New Jersey Worsted Spinning Mill.

According to a Troy, N. Y., statement, the collar plants of Cluett, Peabody & Co., George B. Ide & Co. and Earl & Wilson will be closed from July 31 to August 16.

American Oil Statement

President H. Hobart Porter has made a statement as to earnings of the American Oil Engineering Corporation, most of whose stock is Boston owned and which is building the first oil pipe line in Continental Europe, for the six months ended with April last. Receipts from engineering construction, reports and appraisals amounted to $83,733, interest on balances to $25,310 and receipts from oil sales to $278,096. The total is $367,141. Operating expenses amounted to total $100,645. Harvey D. Gibson, president of the Liberty National Bank of New York; Richard F. Hoyt, of Hayden, Stone & Co.; Louis J. Horowitz, president of Thompson Starrett Company; Grayson M. P. Murphy of J. P. Morgan & Co., and H. Hobart Porter of Sanderson & Porter are directors.

LEE FARMER BURNED IN RESCUING A COW

Lee, June 8.—Thomas Connelly, a farmer, was badly burned today when he rushed into a burning barn on his farm to rescue a cow. The barn and its contents of hay and farming implements were destroyed.

COUNCIL BALKS ON STATION 2

Unmoved by Curtis' Threat, Will Report on Revere House Site

The threat of Police Commissioner Curtis to invoke authority given him under the statutes to compel quick action in the erection of a building for Police Station 2 and the traffic squad failed to move the City Council, which placed his communication on file.

Commissioner Curtis' letter was termed "evasive" by Councilor Hagan as far as indicating any site preference. The latter introduced an order asking Mayor Peters' opinion as to the old Revere House site for Police Stations 2 and 3, the traffic squad and for the use of municipal courts of Suffolk County. It was the request for Commissioner Curtis' opinion of the same that provoked his outburst.

The Station 2 site has proven a hardy perennial during three administrations, and the council proceeded to get into a spirited debate that was ended only when Hagan's order was referred to the executive committee for report at the next meeting. President Moriarty left the chair long enough to say that he was willing to appropriate money to build on the site at Arch street and Hawley place, now owned by the city, but not to purchase the Milk and Sears streets site, favored by the Mayor, declaring he "would not be led around by anyone in the real estate business who was trying to pick a site."

MRS. VIRTUE GRANTED DIVORCE AT LOWELL

The marital troubles of John F. Virtue of Lowell and his wife, Agnes L., have been settled by Mrs. Virtue being awarded a decree for divorce in the Superior Court at Lowell. Mr. Virtue filed a cross libel, but did not press the suit.

BREAD RIOTS MENACE THE ITALIAN CABINET

London, June 8.—The Italian cabinet is threatened with overthrow as a result of the decree fixing the price of bread, said an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Rome today. Riots have broken out at Milan and elsewhere.

Silver Falling East

The price of bar silver is falling fast. At the beginning of this week it was quoted as low as 91¾ cents an ounce in New York, as compared with $1.37½ on November 25 last.

GERMAN BONDS

	Cost Last February Marks 1.02	Present Price Marks 2.55	Normal Value Marks 23.8
For Immediate Delivery		*Prices Subject to Change*	
Berlin 4s	$12.00	$29.50	$238.00
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A First National Attraction
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THE COURAGE OF MARGE O'DOONE
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Wm. Farnum in "THE ORPHAN"
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OWEN MOORE in "The Desperate Hero." TYRONE POWER in "The Great Shadow." Latest News and Comedy.

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Refreshments Popular Music
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THE COURAGE OF MARGE O'DOONE
CITY OF MASKS
MACK SENNETT'S "BY GOLLY"

BOSTON THEATRE-Continuous
ROY STEWART in "The Lone Hand"
Crawford & Broderick, Kharum, Parish & Peru, Sully & Thornton; Santry & Norton, Mack Sennett Comedy—"By Golly!"

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WM. FARNUM in "The Orphan."
DOROTHY DALTON in "The Dark Mirror."
5 VAUDEVILLE ACTS

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COMEDY VAUDEVILLE NEWS

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APARTMENTS SOMERVILLE
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WANTED—Cook for small lodge, Nantucket, good pay. Tel. Back Bay 58799 before 1 p. m.

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HOURS 7 to 4. Apply WOMEN'S CITY CLUB, 40A Beacon st., Boston.

WANTED
KITCHEN WOMAN. Apply QUINCY CITY HOSPITAL, Quincy, Mass. Tel. Quincy 3240.

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Experienced Tennis Makers
Inexperienced girls to learn the trade of rubber shoe making. Paid well while learning.
Girls for general factory work.
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EXPERIENCED OPERATORS on Union Special and Singer 18 by 5 cylinder machines; steady work and good wages. A. G. WALTON & CO., 2 West St., Lawrence.

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MARKERS and sorters on starch and flat work. ARLINGTON STEAM LAUNDRY, 91 Mystic st., Arlington.

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FEEDERS and folders and bosom press operators at once. Apply CITY LAUNDRY, 98 Lenox st., Roxbury.

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WANTED—Capable woman for general housework in a family of five, three children. Telephone 539-W Wellesley.

WARD MAID, good living accommodations and good pay. Apply personally from 7 a. m. to 5 p. m., RHODE ISLAND HOSPITAL, Providence, R. I.

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Laundry Help
Best Pay
Best Hours
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Take Cambridge Tunnel to Central Sq., transfer to any surface car going Prospect St., get off at Hampshire St.

SHOE FACTORY
WANTED — Experienced top stitchers on women's shoes.
VICTORIA SHOE CO., 16 New St., East Boston

Stenographer Wanted
Neat young lady; state age, experience, if any, and salary desired. Hours 8:30 to 5:30, Saturday to 1; good chance for advancement. Address R 162, Boston American.

500—WAITRESSES—500
FOR most exclusive resort hotels, from Maine and New Brunswick to New Jersey and Michigan, mountains, lakes or seashore; must be over eighteen years of age, of good character and appearance, with or without experience. Meet head waiters from 10 to 4, Tuesday and daily. Apply INTERNATIONAL BUREAU, 241 Tremont st., room 4.

Mangle Room Help
FEEDERS, folders and shakers; also girls to learn. WOOLLEY'S LAUNDRY, 187 Condor st., East Boston.

LAUNDRY HELP
FOLDERS wanted. Apply VICTORY LAUNDRY, 592 Beach st., Revere.

LAUNDRY HELP
FEEDERS, folders and shakers on mangle; also markers and sorters on flat work. COMMONWEALTH LAUNDRY, 348 Franklin st., Cambridge.

FEMALE HELP—MISCELLANEOUS

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN—We will train you for the movies, dramatic or vaudeville. Call or write, inclose stamp. 100 Boylston st., room 402.

MALE HELP WANTED

HOUSEMAN
WANTED. Apply QUINCY CITY HOSPITAL, Quincy, Mass.; tel. Quincy 3240.

CHAUFFEUR wanted on 5 ton truck. Apply STANDARD CONTRACTING CO., 1251 Centre st., Jamaica Plain.

ERRAND BOYS, 16 yrs. JOHN A. LOWELL BANK NOTE CO., 147 Franklin st., city.

EXPERIENCED egg candlers, reliable house, steady employment, good wages. Apply JAMES H. WEEKS, 235 Canal st., Providence, R. I.

FIRST CLASS engineer wanted at once. ATLANTIC WET WASH LAUNDRY, Atlantic, Mass.

HELPERS for structural department; excellent chance for advancement; bring reference from last employer. See MR. LERNER, the A. L. Smith Iron Works, 217 Everett av., Chelsea.

THREE young men who are willing to work; this is a good steady job with good chance for advancement; if you do not want to work steady do not waste our time. Apply BOSTON BLACKING CO., Third and Potter sts., near Kendall sq., Cambridge.

WANTED—Two first-class mechanics on automobiles, experienced men only. GARDNER GARAGE CO., 127 So. Main st., Gardner, Mass.

1,500 LABORERS wanted for Maine, New Hampshire, New York State, Pennsylvania, Vermont and Massachusetts, fares and boarding houses advanced. Hire and ship today with Mac at UNITED LABOR AGENCY, 22 Kneeland st., Boston.

FEMALE HELP WANTED

WE CAN TAKE 40 MORE GIRLS

TO MAKE RUBBERS UNDER NEW METHOD

Our Wages and Conditions Are RIGHT

Boston Rubber Shoe Company
183 Commercial Street, MALDEN — Washington Street, MELROSE

MALE HELP WANTED

Knights of Columbus Employment Bureau
Is Now Located
—IN—
Park Square
Jobs of Every Description for Former SOLDIERS, SAILORS AND MARINES
SERVICE FREE TO ALL
Telephone Beach 5775

Wood Pattern Makers
Good Positions Open
GOOD RATING AND BONUS
COFFIN VALVE CO.
Neponset, Mass.

VAMPERS
EXPERIENCED OPERATORS on Union Special and Singer 18 by 5 cylinder machines; steady work and good wages. A. G. WALTON & CO., 2 West St., Lawrence.

EXPERIENCED J. & L. OPERATORS
Milling Machine Operators and Assemblers
If writing, state experience and wages expected.
EASTON MACHINE CO.
South Easton, Mass.

WANTED
MACHINISTS for maintenance work. Apply in person at MERRIMAC CHEMICAL CO., North Woburn, Mass.

WANTED PORTERS
Apply to Supt's Office
R. H. WHITE CO.

Automobile Engine Men AND Testers Wanted
A1 men only. Good pay. Apply in person with tools; ready for work. Mr. Bouchard.
JACKSON MOTOR SERVICE CO., 280 Washington St., Brighton

WANTED
Draftsman, experienced all around plant man. Pay according to results delivered.
MERRIMAC CHEMICAL CO., Everett, Mass.

BRAKEMEN
WANTED—Yard Brakemen, Freight Brakemen, for service at Harlem River, N. Y., and Maybrook, N. Y. 8-hour day.
Permanent Positions
Apply N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R., Room 459, South Station, Boston

MEN WANTED
For General Work
APPLY
286 Commercial St.

Experienced Ford mechanic wanted. See Mr. Roe. BURNETT & SHERMAN, 1019 Commonwealth av., Brighton.

STABLEMAN
to clean harness and horses; night work, good wages. Apply MARSHALL STABLE, 561 Warren st., Roxbury.

MACHINIST
LATHE HAND wanted. Apply J. F. KEMP & CO., 232 Water st., Quincy.

Elderly Service Elevator Man
HOTEL SOMERSET, Commonwealth av.

MALE HELP WANTED

Butler's
ESTABLISHED 1864
Elevator Operators
ALSO
PORTERS WANTED
Apply at Superintendent's Office, 3rd floor.
90 Tremont St.

WANTED AT ONCE
Owing to the completion of several new factory buildings here we can place 500 additional men between June 1st and August 1st. Many mechanical operations of high class work on which experience not absolutely necessary but preferable. Large variety of general factory work. If interested write us at once. NEW DEPARTURE MFG. CO., Employment Bureau, Bristol, Conn.

WANTED
Draughtsman, experienced on plant layout work, piping, etc. Apply to MERRIMAC CHEMICAL CO., North Woburn, Mass.

ARE you satisfied with your present position? Are you being advanced as rapidly as you wish? We have positions open at all times for high-grade men in our sales department, both on securities and truck; as we are expanding very rapidly we are in need of men who can be promoted to heads of different departments; also, branch managers. For further information write to the WALKER-JOHNSON TRUCK COMPANY, Woburn, Mass., attention Mr. Walker.

Wanted—Laborers
For general work; good wages and living conditions; board and room can be procured at plant at rate of $8 per week.
MERRIMAC CHEMICAL CO.
No. Woburn, Mass.

WANTED
TWO FIXERS
for Crompton & Knowles and Draper Jacquard looms; no labor troubles; full work; only efficient men need apply, by letter.
THE SCRANTON LACE CO., SCRANTON, PA.

WANTED
TIGHT WORK COOPER
Apply in person,
MERRIMAC CHEMICAL CO., No. Woburn, Mass.

MEN AND BOYS
TO PACK
WHITE FOAM
Apply to Mr. Noonan. AMERICAN AMMONIA CO., 78 West Second st., South Boston

1 Melter for brass foundry.
Sheet Metal Workers, experienced on blower and flue work.
Several rugged men as helpers.
Radial drill hands.
Turret lathe operators on chuck work.
2 assemblers on motor work.
Apply
B. F. STURTEVANT CO.
Hyde Park, Mass.

Experienced automobile painter. See Mr. Roe. BURNETT & SHERMAN, 1019 Commonwealth av., Brighton.

Auto Mechanics
WANTED—Good all-round men; best pay in Boston. FRANK GROW, 162 Columbus av., Boston; tel. Beach 156.

MALE STENOGRAPHER
One with experience preferred.
Apply
B. F. STURTEVANT CO.,
Hyde Park, Mass.

GREEN HANDS
WANTED to go on 3 months' cruise whaling. Call 3 Lathrop pl., off Hanover st., Boston.

PAPER BALER
MAN who has had experience in folding paper box factory. Apply P. R. WARREN, 210 Broadway, Everett.

100 LABORERS
FOR all kinds of construction jobs, woods and railroads and tobacco farms. Hire GOLDEN-LARGAY AGENCY, 57 Washington st., Boston.

WANTED AT ONCE
MEN to work in brickyard. Apply AMERICAN BRICK CO., 65 Devonshire st., room 408.

MALE HELP WANTED

TUG BOAT MEN

WANTED—Licensed engineers and pilots; for New York harbor. Pilots $190, engineers $180 per month, 8-hour day, time and a half after 8 hours, 6 days per week; all the year round permanent positions. Places to be filled vacated by men who quit service without making any demand whatever. This is not a strike-breaking advertisement. Apply R. D. FITZMAURICE, Gen'l Superintendent.

N. Y. N. H. & H. R. R. CO.
ROOM 446, SOUTH STATION, BOSTON

YOUNG MEN
Between the ages of 18 and 25, under 5½ feet tall, to learn good paying, steady trade. Pay while learning, $19.25 per week; piece work basis after six weeks, averages from $26.00 to $34.00 a week. Only those willing to go to a small town in Connecticut located 165 miles from Boston, need apply. Fare and board advanced to serious workers. Call today between 10 and 1 at the
Beacon Falls Rubber Shoe Co.
241 Congress St., Boston.
See Mr. Schmid.

MALE HELP—MISCELLANEOUS

BEAR IT IN MIND
Headlight's, Carter's, Sweet Orr's Union-Made Overalls
Our Prices Always the Lowest
UNION HAT CO.
189 Hanover St.
Don't Forget the Number

AUTOMOBILE LESSONS
DRIVING and repair lessons, practical (not book taught), genuine satisfaction and square deal; license assured; private classes for ladies. MR. REID, formerly instructor Y. M. C. A., 91 Church st., near cor. Columbus av.

8 AUTO LESSONS $5
FULL AUTOMOBILE COURSE $15. 8 CYL. CAR, license guaranteed. VINCENT, 4 Appleton st., near Castle sq. Open eves.

DO YOU want to learn to operate a motion picture camera? Call or write COLONIAL FILM PRODUCING CO., 100 Boylston st., room 403.

FIREMEN AND BRAKEMEN, for nearby Mass. railroads, $200-$250 monthly; experience unnecessary. RAILWAY ASSOCIATION, Desk 337, Brooklyn, N. Y.

MOVING PICTURE operators taught. EASTERN M. P. AGENCY, 18 Boylston st., room 45.

MALE SITUATIONS WANTED

SECOND CLASS engineer wants position; competent, reliable. Address N 132, Boston American.

AGENTS, CANVASSERS, SALESMEN

SALESMEN—Write for list of lines and full particulars; earn $2,000 to $10,000 yearly; big demand for men; inexperienced or experienced, city or traveling. NAT'L SALESMEN'S TR. ASSN., Dept. 173, Chicago.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

SUMMER DANCE HALL
HOLDS 500 couples, will let for season. P. J. GALLAGHER, 28 School st., Boston, 9, Mass.

SODA AND CANDY STORE
CONNECTED with large dance hall, big profits this Summer, come and see the place. P. J. GALLAGHER, 28 School st., Boston, 9, Mass.

BOWLING AND POOL
PROFITABLE PLACE, 8 alleys, 6 tables, rent $125 month, long lease; price $9,000. P. J. GALLAGHER, 28 School st., Boston, 9, Mass.

WANTED $25,000
MONEY SECURED, liquor dealer preferred; profits $250,000 yearly, look this up. P. J. GALLAGHER, 28 School st., Boston, 9, Mass.

SHOE REPAIR SHOP, Brighton, fully equipped, bargain at $850. BURNES & CLOUGH, 682A Tremont st.

FOR SALE—8-room suite, furnished, bath, con. hot water, a bargain at $275. BURNES & CLOUGH, 682A Tremont st.

LODGING HOUSE for sale, income $50 per week, $1,000, and many others from $1,000 to $2,500, cash or terms. BURNES & CLOUGH, 682A Tremont st.

PHONOGRAPH STORE, doing big business, finely equipped, look this up. BURNES & CLOUGH, 682A Tremont st.

TO SELL your business or to buy a business see us; many good chances waiting. BURNES & CLOUGH, 682A Tremont st.

WE HAVE several good customers looking for lodging houses, list yours with us. BURNES & CLOUGH, 682A Tremont st.

BIG sacrifice, 20-room house, nicely furnished, quick sale; $300 cash. 672 Tremont st.

Bakeshop with 3-room suite, same owner 18 years, bargain. KELLEY, 617A Tremont st.

CLOTHING

MARKS & CHESTER
The Wage-Earners' Friend
43 YEARS OF HONEST DEALING
The largest variety of custom made, slightly worn or misfit clothing in New England; suits and overcoats from $5 to $12; coats and pants $1 to $8; coats and vests from $1 to $3; far better than cheap new stuff.
GET WISE TO THIS
Highest Grade Dress Suits for sale and to let.
105 Dudley St., Cor. Dudley Sq.
LOOK FOR THIS NUMBER
Near DUDLEY ST. STA.; OPEN EVENINGS TILL 8; SATURDAYS TILL 10.

BIG SALE ON STUDENTS MISFIT CLOTHING
Big bargains on all kinds of leading brands of misfit men's overcoats and suits as low as $4.98; pants, $1.98; hats, underwear, shirts, raincoats, gloves, sweaters, trunks, bags, suit cases.
WOLF COHEN & CO.
2073—Washington St.—2079
Open 8 A. M. Till 10 P. M. Sat. 12 P. M.

WHY PAY MORE
For cheap new clothing when you can get high grade students' misfits and slightly worn clothing? Suits $6 up; coats and vests, $3 up; pants $1.50 up.
Terminal Clothing Co.
110 Dudley St., near Dudley St. Sta.

SAVE 60c ON THE DOLLAR
Sam's Bargains—Students' Clothing.
123 Eliot St., Next Plymouth Theatre.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES AND JEWELRY

ROY PAYS CASH
Full Value for Diamonds
Gold, Silver, Platinum, Collateral Loan tickets bought, large loans on same, low interest. ROY, 453 Washington St., Room 801. Tel. Beach 54515.

CASH PAID
ALSTERLUND
OLDEST, LARGEST, RELIABLE FOR DIAMONDS, GOLD, PLATINUM AND SILVER. Collateral Loan Tickets.
56 BROMFIELD ST., ROOM 208

$1 DOWN Diamonds and Watches. Large stock, lowest prices. L. M. BURACK & CO., 5 Bromfield St.

MISCELLANEOUS

We Buy Junk
MIXED RAGS, 4c lb.; books, $2.00 hundredweight; iron, 60c.; paper, $1.10. Also metal. Phone Roxbury 3164-M for truck.

WE BUY JUNK
MIXED RAGS, 4c lb.; books, $2 cwt.; paper, $1.10 cwt.; iron, 60c cwt.; highest prices for old metal. Tel. Rox. 2101; will send truck.

DENTAL

DR. MARK ROMANOW,
Dentist,
18 School St.

SEWING MACHINES

USED MACHINES, all makes, lowest prices in Boston; cash or terms; repairing, renting, supplies. 4 Warren av., Boston. (Cor. Berkeley st.)

SELLING out, big discount, $60 Singer, good as new, $5. 383A Somerville av., Somerville.

$65 SEWING machine, $7. 295 Green st., Central square, Cambridge.

ICE CHESTS, STORE FIXTURES

FOR GROCERS, MARKETS, RESTAURANTS BUY HERE AT OUR BIG FACTORIES.
Tel. Chas. 70. WHITMAN CO. Sullivan sq.

PRINTING

1,000 BUSINESS CARDS, $3.75
1,000 BILL HEADS, $4.75; statements, $4.75. HEFFERNAN PRESS, 21 Bromfield st.

MOTORCYCLES AND BICYCLES

Ride a Bicycle

The Popular Henderson
Pay as You Ride Plan
$10 Down
$1 a Week
General Motorcycle Sales Co.
793 Boylston St., Boston
Tel. Back Bay 7151
Do Not Pass Us By—Come In and Buy

MACHINERY AND TOOLS

BOX MACHINERY FOR SALE
1 Hobby Double Scorer
2 Robinson Single Scorers
1 National Ender
1 Knowlton Duplex Corner Cutter
UNITED PAPER BOX MACHINE CO., 2904 Washington St., Boston. Phone Roxbury 932-J

PIANOS AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

NORRIS 181 TREMONT STREET
HEADQUARTERS FOR PLAYER PIANOS
WE WILL PAY CASH FOR YOUR PIANO
Our representative will call and make estimate free of charge. Write to CHAS. S. NORRIS, 181 Tremont St., or Tel. 656 Beach. Pianos to rent for the Summer. All makes to select from. Delivery made to any point. Liberty bonds taken as cash. Open evenings.

25 used pianos taken in exchange for player pianos, lowest prices in Boston. CHAS. S. NORRIS, 181 Tremont st. Open evenings.

RIGHT PIANOS—RIGHT PRICES
Best Values in Boston
$60, $75, $135, $190 and up
New and Used Pianos and Players
DURRELL'S 2306 Wash. St. Roxbury
Opp. Woolworth's. Open Mon. & Sat. Nights.

BEST BARGAINS PIANOS AND PLAYERS NEW AND USED
BEST piano bargains in Boston; used Chickering uprights, $50, $65, $75; used Hallet & Davis, Steinway and others, $100, $125, $150; several new upright pianos, $125, $150, $175; terms as low as $5 down, $1 a week. J. P. COLLINS, 100 Summer st., cor. Devonshire.

$5 DOWN, $1 A WEEK.
Pianos from $75 up; renting, repairing. BROOKS, 32 Boylston st., 1 flight.

WANTED—Upright piano. Will pay good cost price. Tel. Back Bay 1228-W.

GARRITY sells beautiful upright pianos, $45 to $95. 396 Mass. av., Boston.

DANCING

FLORENCE KELLY
SCHOOL, 240 Huntington av., tel. B. B. 3158. 50c Priv. or class, latest steps, learn quickly; social Tues., Sat. eves.; call any time.

HEINEMANN HOUSE, 176 Tremont st. Summer season, special rates; private lessons, any time; all steps and dances taught. Circular.

LOOMIS SCHOOL, 93 Mass. av.—Summer course now on; price reduced; classes Monday and Friday; stage dancing taught.

YOU LEARN ballroom dancing quickly at BAY STATE, 1031 Washington st., circulars.

MUSIC

PIANOS TUNED $1
WORK guaranteed. PROFESSOR HALL, 159 Huntington av., 25 years' exp. Chickering, Steinway, expert repairing; go anywhere. Tel. Back Bay 3158.

RAGTIME IN 10 to 20 lessons; send for free booklet, UNITED SCHOOL OF POPULAR MUSIC, 80 Hunt. av.

DRAMATIC

MOVIE ACTING
OPPORTUNITY to take part in motion picture production now in preparation; slight expense; thorough training in movie acting. SILVER BELL PICTURES CORP., 480 Boylston st.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES

SUMMER SCHOOL
SECURE your seat now for the special shorthand and typewriting course; $20 pays for full 6 weeks' day term; $10 for evening term at the RELIABLE BUSINESS SCHOOL, FRANKLIN ACADEMY, 136 Boylston st., Boston.

WIGS AND TOUPEES

Highest Grade Toupee $20 Made in Boston . . .
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wigs a specialty. Call or write
T. M. MASSARO
101 Tremont St., Boston. Suite 517

STORE AND OFFICE FURNITURE

S. M. LEVIN CO.
70-72 SUDBURY ST.
OFFICE FURNITURE, store and restaurant fixtures. Boston agents for H. J. Hunt, showcases, cash registers, safes, bought, sold; cash or terms. Phone Haymarket 1508-R.

LEGAL AND PUBLIC NOTICE

Justice of the Peace, Notary
ALWAYS HOME, AL COREY, 44 Cortes st., near 210 Columbus av. (GO ANYWHERE.) Phone Beach 5216-J for appointment. NOW.

LAWYERS

ALLEN'S LAW OFFICE, 28 School st., room 81—Specialists in conducting marriage troubles and other cases very quietly in all States. For advice, call, write or phone Main 1258. Bankruptcy, Probate Court cases. Easy terms. Glad to give you advice.

DETECTIVES

BOSTON'S PROMINENT WOMAN DETECTIVE G. L. OAKES, 43 Tremont st.; Hay. 1380.

LOST AND FOUND

WILL the gentleman who picked up lady's blue silk bag on Chestnut Hill-Ipswich st. car, Saturday night, June 5, return same to owner and get reward. Room 83, 711 Boylston st., Boston.

LOST—June 7, bag of clothes from laundry wagon in vicinity of Spencer st. and Wheatland av., Dorchester. Notify WHAT CHEER LAUNDRY CO. Tel. Dorchester 133-M.

LOST—Black beaded bag containing false teeth. Tel. East Boston 942-W.

CASH REGISTERS

NEW AND SECOND-HAND REGISTERS. We buy, sell, rent, exchange and repair. FRANK T. KNIGHT, 10 Blackstone st. Branch 128 Washington st., Boston 10, Mass. Tel. Rich 2194.

FURNITURE

WANTED—Anything in the household line, furniture, ranges, dishes, bedding, clothing, etc., highest prices paid. B. R. HINES, 43 Holland st., W. Somerville; tel 2743-M.

USED CARS AND ACCESSORIES

200 Motor Cars
For Sale At All Times
Also cars bought, sold and exchanged; we are live wires, always on the job; 22 years in business, 8 years at present stand; time payments if desired; we have any kind of a car you want on hand; any bank in Boston our reference.
BAY STATE MOTOR CAR CO.,
15 Berkeley St., near corner of Tremont St.
Tel. Beach 53399
B. H. WICKES, Prop.
W. H. FORD, Mgr.

3 MACK TRUCKS
Reorganization of our business leaves three almost new Mack Trucks on our hands. To turn them into cash we are willing to make
ATTRACTIVE PRICE FOR QUICK SALE
Trucks in perfect mechanical condition. Have been driven by competent chauffeurs only, and not abused. Will sell singly or in group. Can be seen and examined by appointment.
For Full Information See
MR. W. SAXE
319 WASHINGTON STREET
BOSTON, MASS.
Fort Hill 3230

Automobiles Wanted
ALL MAKES—ALL KINDS
RUN YOUR CAR IN
BAY STATE MOTOR CAR CO.
15 Berkeley St., Boston 17, Mass.
Near Cor. Tremont St.
Tel. Beach 53399

FORDS! FORDS! FORDS
TOURING CARS, runabouts, trucks, plenty on hand, all in A1 shape; call and see; real bargains. Time payments allowed. BAY STATE MOTOR CAR CO., 15 Berkeley st., near Tremont st.; tel.

USED TIRES 300 BARGAINS
All sizes, straight side and clincher; must be sold this week. BAY STATE MOTOR CAR CO., 15 Berkeley st., near cor. Tremont; tel. Beach 53399.

Studebaker 1917 Series
LIGHT, economical 4-cylinder touring car, in fine running order, paint like new; owner wishes to dispose of same at once; price $400; will accept deferred payment of a reliable party. C. P. ROCKWELL, Inc., 640 Commonwealth av.

Fords Touring Cars, Runabouts. All in Perfect Shape. Must be seen to appreciate. All prices—$325, $350, $400 to $450, part down. Also new and used bodies. Parts of all kinds. B. W. TURNER, 43 Stanhope St., Boston.

COLUMBIA 6
1918, IN perfect mechanical condition, paint, tires and top as good as new, has done very little mileage. See Mr. Cunningham at B. F. ROSS, Inc., 839 Boylston st.

FOR SALE—Chevrolet touring car, 1917, sent for transmission and generator recently overhauled and guaranteed by Chevrolet Motor Co.; new battery, new radiator, five oversize Hood tires, paint and upholstery good condition, accessories; never driven by anyone but present owner; can be seen in Boston garage. $4.. cash. Telephone Quincy 795.

CADILLAC TRUCK
BARGAIN. Call for particulars Som. $147-W.

FORD COUPE, good mechanical condition, needs new paint job. Can be seen DORCHESTER MOTOR COMPANY, Talbot av., or phone Dorchester 7621-W; $450.

VICTOR TIRES—Peerless Storage Batteries, Ford radiators and parts, prices right. BAL-LUM'S, INC., 224 Columbus av.

GREAT BARGAIN, one-ton Studebaker truck in perfect condition. Tel. Dorchester 2194-R.

BUICK touring, model 39, price $375, electric lights, good battery, 3 spare shoes. 69 Sumner st., near Uphams Corner, Dor.

STEWART power pump, Weed chains for Dodge car, $8. Phone Medford 1617-M.

$300—OVERLAND touring car, just overhauled. Jamaica 1903-R.

CHANDLER 1917B, 7-pass., fine condition, sell cheap. Call Roxbury 5365-W.

AUTO painting, fireproof building, Adrian st., Somerville; tel. 3056-R. STAIN.

AUTOMOBILES FOR HIRE

BUICK to hire, $2 per hour, short trips. Tel. Back Bay 7315-J.

MOTOR TRUCKING

WANTED at once, a 5-ton truck for a load of furniture with player piano from Brooklyn, N. Y., to Taunton, Mass. Address AUGUST F. BRAND, care of H. O. Rogers Silver Co., 31 Court st., Taunton, Mass.

PROPOSALS

PROPOSALS for sand for fill, U. S. Engr. Office, Customhouse, Boston, Mass. Sealed proposals will be received here until 12 M., June 19, 1920, and then opened, for furnishing and delivering sand for fill at U. S. Reservation, Nahant, Mass. Information on application.

PROPOSALS for sand, stone or gravel and cement, U. S. Engr. Office, Customhouse, Boston, Mass. Sealed proposals will be received here until 12 M., June 19, 1920, and then opened, for furnishing and delivering sand, stone or gravel at U. S. Reservation, Hog Island, Boston Harbor, and cement at Boston, Mass. Information on application.

OFFICE QUARTERMASTER GENERAL, Clothing and Equipage Div., Munitions Bldg., Washington, D. C. Sealed bids in duplicate will be received here until 11 a. m., June .., 1920, and then opened for furnishing all or any part of 152,571 yards burlap. Information on request.

U. S. ENGR. OFFICE, Custom House, Boston, Mass. Sealed proposals for construction of protected switchboard room and plotting room at Fort Andrews and protected switchboard room at Fort Revere, Boston Harbor, Mass., will be received here until 12 m., June 18, 1920, and then opened. Information on application.

PICATINNY ARSENAL, Dover, N. J. Sealed proposals for alteration and extension of manufacturing buildings at this arsenal will be received until one o'clock, p. m., June 11th, 1920. Address Commanding Officer.

PROPOSALS FOR DREDGING—U. S. Engr. Office, Custom House, Boston, Mass.—Sealed proposals will be received here until 12 m., June 10, 1920, and then opened, for dredging in Malden River, Mass. Further information on application.

ADOPTION

PERSONAL

WANTED for adoption, boy of 8 or ..; must be mentally and physically sound; ... of care and educational opportunities. ... Boston American.

EDITORIAL PAGE OF THE

BOSTON AMERICAN

Largest Evening Circulation in New England

JUNE 8, 1920
BOSTON.

MEASURES THAT WOULD CURE MOST OF THE TROUBLES AND TENDENCIES WHICH DISTRESS AND ALARM US TODAY

(1) To nominate for the Presidency by direct nomination and to elect by popular vote.
(2) To elect the Cabinet officers and make them responsible to Congress.
(3) To deprive the President of the power of patronage; to put all public offices as nearly as possible under Civil Service, and have appointments made by a committee of Congress.
(4) To elect Federal Judges, including the Supreme Court Justices, by popular vote.
(5) To apply the Initiative, the Referendum and the Recall to national matters.

Coolidge Among the Leaders in Presidential Race

Fortune seems to be smiling upon Governor Coolidge's candidacy for President. The events of the last few weeks apparently have advanced his candidacy well up among the leaders.

The old guard is against Johnson and so are the great financial interests. Sometimes the Republican convention is not entirely controlled by the financial interests, but rarely, if ever, has it defied the financial interests since Abraham Lincoln was nominated.

No party in control of a nation at war has ever yet kept its virtue. Witness the degradation of the Democratic party today. The Republican party's moral elevation was slain by the bullet that killed Lincoln.

The Civil War debauched the party and Lincoln's authority alone kept it straight.

Unless the unexpected happens, Senator Johnson's strength is likely to make the interests scurry about for a less obnoxious candidate who has not been branded with money bags in the recent investigation.

So the nomination is in the laps of the gods and the Massachusetts delegates can do a great deal towards bringing the nomination to Massachusetts if they are really sincere for Governor Coolidge. But to vote for him and at the same time to talk about somebody else will be fatal. Let the delegates vote for Coolidge and talk for Coolidge and for nobody else if they want Coolidge. There should be no second choice for any delegate who is out propaganding for Coolidge.

THINGS IN GENERAL

Canadian Candy, Successful Worker, Strange Brutality and Other Things

Copyright, 1920, Star Company.

Canada reports exports of candy amounting to $80,097,979 in eleven months, as compared with $2,645,479 in the twelve months preceding. Someone in Canada is thinking more about sugar for Canadians than about self-determination for Mesopotamia.

The Canadians bought more than one-seventh of the last total Cuban sugar crop, and will get more of the next crop. We might send a commission to learn how the Canadian government finds time to think about the natives.

President Wilson accuses the Republican Congress of doing nothing, and that describes it, except that the Republicans obliged the country by saving it from the Peace League idiocy.

It was not a Republican Congress, however, that failed to secure the Cuban sugar crop and 12-CENT SUGAR for the United States.

Would it not be a good idea for the President of the United States, this time and always, before a Presidential election to say: "All Cabinet members running for the Presidency, openly or secretly, please resign and come back after the nominations and the fund raising"?

The people ought to know which of their employes are working for the people and which for the Presidency.

Morgan Watkins, working as a mason fifteen years ago, is now professor of French at the University of South Wales.

Huxley helped a British dock laborer to buy a microscope and learn how to use it. That laborer became a valuable scientific worker. Many good brains are under rough caps. Workers will observe, however, that the men mentioned, and others that succeeded, did not concentrate on the problem, "How little work can I do for my pay and still get it."

During the war you read about German "Huns" cutting off the hands of children, etc. Northcliffe, of the London Times, who probably knows, has declared these stories of the war and other stories of men crucified alive by the Germans to be false.

There is, however, in the brutal human mind, and here in America, a capacity for cruelty inconceivable and unbelievable. An actor is sent to jail for cruelly beating and maiming his daughter year after year. A woman, middle aged, is found "taking care" of a baby while its mother worked. This "foster mother" is accused of breaking both arms and both thighs of the unhappy infant.

Being no longer supplied with the favorite mental food, "Hun brutality," that pleased us for some years, we might now examine our own home-made brand of brutality, including burning men alive and the legal whipping of convicts in prison camps to get from them the last fragment of horsepower.

More Russian victories reported, while the nations in Europe ask themselves: "Shall we recognize Russia?" If they wait too long, their next question may be: "Will Russia recognize us?" The English, that look ahead, are first and most energetic in negotiating with Russia, not liking Russia a speedy travelling toward the capital of Persia, now British.

The French, naturally, hold out against Bolshevism, for every other French peasant and business man owns Russian bonds that Bolshevism has repudiated. Before the war began thousands of millions of those bonds had been bought by France. Other billions have been bought since.

Some of our foolish financiers, tempted by "respectable financial graft," bought a few millions of the same bonds. Even as all a purchase as ours seems to make considerable difference. Russia is still mourning for the Czar.

The Uniform

He Cannot Put That Collar on Senator Johnson

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Help Crippled Children by Lending Your Auto

All owners of automobiles who have a soft place in their hearts for children may do a kind deed tomorrow by lending their cars for the annual outing of crippled and orphan children to Nantasket.

This event, an annual affair conducted by the Boston Automobile Dealers' Association under the personal direction of Chester I. Campbell, is a bright spot in the calendar of these little unfortunates. A day of pleasure in the open air—the long ride, sports and bathing on the beach, a square meal, music and entertainment—these things are so rare in their restricted lives that they are long anticipated and long remembered.

To include all the little ones who by physical infirmity or friendlessness are entitled to an invitation, many more automobiles are necessary than are at present available. Owners, will you lend your cars for the purpose? Will you give these little ones one-three-hundred-and-sixty-fifth of the pleasure which the possession of your car gives you yearly? The kindness will prove an investment paying large returns in generous satisfaction.

Offers of cars may be sent to Mr. Campbell at No. 5 Park square, Boston.

Once-Overs

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HELPING THOSE WHO NEED IT

In your efforts to help some one else do you reach down and pick up, or do you walk in on the same plane and hold up the hands of the one who needs it?

The world has had enough of the sweet dispensers of things which they do not need, and which they hand out with such self-sacrificing spirit.

If you want to help the world, get out and help the ones your good sense and understanding show as needing help.

Help in the way it is wanted, not in the way you want.

Don't teach people to want things they cannot have.

But don't set yourself in judgment as to whether they can have or cannot have certain things which may look to you as luxuries in their position as you see it.

Do what you can for the betterment of society and to make living conditions more wholesome, but don't plant dissatisfaction with existing conditions which cannot be helped.

In other words, be constructive in help and not destructive in criticism.

Don't pull any one or anything to pieces till you have something better to put in its place.

When you see a movement to better conditions, instead of waiting to see what they are going to do, join hands and help.

Ye TOWNE GOSSIP

Registered U. S. Patent Office.

By K. C. B.

DEAR K. C. B.—Jevver find yourself at a party or an "evening" when sooner or later the inevitable lull came—it's bound to—that dull, deadly moment when the hostess desperately does the expected and picks on some one to do parlor stunts? I was one of the guests at a recent informal affair, and during an appreciable slump in the conversation market a certain young woman was entreated, nay elected, to sing. Now this young woman has a thin, fibred voice of what is known as the parlor variety, the kind calculated to carry a "tune" or an "air," provided the given distance be limited. Be it to her debit or credit, it was best adapted to the Alice Ben Bolts and sob stuff of the same vintage. She bravely, though reluctantly, came through. Nothing escaped her from "The Spanish Cavalier" to "My Country 'Tis"—reserving for the grand finale that stirring inspiration, "Rock of Ages."

The guests were good scouts—didn't flicker the proverbial eyelash, but they were bored, unspeakably and insufferably so, and the girl was miserable with embarrassment and all in from the ordeal. She had "flatted" and knew it, and she hated everybody and wanted to run away and hide or cry or something. I speak with authority, because I was the goat.

Now you have perhaps more influence on the public than you know, and I'm sure a word from you will help. Won't you do your darndest to abolish this social evil? Couldn't a law be passed making it a misdemeanor to pull parlor pomes? Tell 'em to play cards if they're that desperate, or bring on the ouija—but for the love o' Mike make 'em lay off ballad bleating in public.

Yours for the cause,
EILEEN BURROWS.

Los Angeles, Cal.

MY DEAR Eileen.
* * *
YOU SAID, a page full.
* * *
AND I'M with you.
* * *
AND it's law.
* * *
THAT WE'LL try to have passed.
* * *
I WANT your consent.
* * *
TO HAVE included.
* * *
THE NICE little boy.
* * *
OR THE nice little girl.
* * *
WHO HAS learned to recite.
* * *
AND WHEN company comes.
* * *
IS DRAGGED into the house.
* * *
AND STOOD in a corner.
* * *
AND MADE to relate.
* * *
THE THRILLING experience.
* * *
OF PAUL Revere.
* * *
OR WHATEVER it is.
* * *
IT'S A terrible thing.
* * *
AND I can recall.
* * *
A MOTHER I knew.
* * *
AND HER little girl.
* * *
WHO HAD long brown curls.
* * *
AND HOWEVER she learned them.
* * *
I NEVER could tell.
* * *
BUT SHE knew more "pieces."
* * *
THAN ROBERT Mantell.
* * *
AND AFTER dinner.
* * *
WHEN COMPANY was there.
* * *
SHE'D SAY them all.
* * *
AND SHE'S grown up now.
* * *
AND I saw her last Spring.
* * *
AND THE minute I saw her.
* * *
I SAID to my wife.
* * *
"IF SHE starts reciting.
* * *
"I THINK I'll choke her."
* * *
AND I ask you, Eileen.
* * *
IF IT wouldn't be better.
* * *
TO STOP them by law.
* * *
THAN TO have to choke them.

I THANK YOU.

THE NEW YORK EVENING MAIL prints the following article by its publisher, Henry L. Stoddard, setting forth the reasons which made necessary its advancing the price of its paper to three cents a copy.

THE NEW PRICE OF PRINT PAPER

Reflects the Profligacy of Big Sundays and Dailies

By Henry L. Stoddard

Many newspaper publishers seem amazed—or is it dazed?—by the announcement of the Canadian Export Company that it proposes to charge two cents a pound more for print paper—one cent more beginning July 1 and another cent October 1. The new scale is 5½ cents at first and 6½ cents later on. The International Paper Company's new price is 5⅝ cents for the next three months—and you are left to guess whether it will be under or over 6½ cents thereafter. But do not waste time guessing; just figure it "over."

In the new figures you have a definite outline of print-paper prices for the remainder of the year—indeed for more than a year.

It means millions of additional dollars out of newspaper coffers and, with other increased costs, puts the industry as a whole perilously close to red ink for a long time to come.

Why newspaper publishers should express surprise and anger over the news is in itself surprising. What else had they to expect. What else have they by their profligate use of paper forced?

For at least five years—and most urgently the past two years—they have been beseeched to have some thought of the forest devastation their increasing demands for paper were making. Every paper manufacturer in the country warned publishers in the frankest language that they were forcing a famine condition—that between disappearing forests and towering costs for labor and materials there was no possibility that enough print paper could be produced to go around; and then only at staggering increases in price.

Not a publisher heeded the counsel. Sunday papers bulged beyond their former sizes; morning and evening papers expanded to thirty and forty page editions; nowhere was there even an inclination to put on the brakes.

Since armistice day in 1918 there has been a perfect orgy of paper consumption. Manufacturers pleaded in the purpose they talked of the increasing peril, only to be scoffed at. So long as publishers lived and published their papers in the cities they knew nothing of the destruction they were creating back in the woods, and cared less; if there was to be a day of reckoning they would await its dawn—and then let the devil take the hindmost.

So advertising was jammed into columns that should be devoted to news for readers; advertising rates were jacked up to cover the loss caused by selling papers at less than paper cost—and publishers became so delirious counting their profits that they did not realize that they were cutting away the very foundations on which their business rested. Never were profits more falsely won than those that newspapers piled up in 1919—never did riches so completely blind men to the realities and perils of the situation.

Even when 1920 opened, with the fact of a heavy print paper shortage plainly in sight, the serenity of the "big fellows" seemed only intermittently disturbed. The smaller publishers out in the bushes felt the pinch and knew the fate in store for them, but the city publishers were confident that it was all a manufacturers' mare's nest and that the so-called era of high prices for paper would not last long.

Every boost in paper cost could be made to justify a boost in advertising rate, the big fellows argued, and so they went on with the orgy. The bulky Sundays lost none of their bulk, until at last the plight of the small dailies and weeklies through the country shamed the big Sundays into a temporary reduction.

Just one big publisher, Mr. Hearst (and he alone), had the vision and the courage to meet the situation by cutting down his Sunday papers drastically and permanently in six cities. If every Sunday newspaper had followed the Hearst example four months ago there would be a surplus of print paper in the market today instead of a more serious scarcity than ever before, and no price increases would be announced by the mills. Nearly every big publisher has refused to seek safety because he feared that other publishers might continue to prefer unsafety! It seems absurd, but such is the fact.

So one of the greatest industries in the country—and the newspaper business ranks high in invested capital and payrolls—today faces a profitless future largely because of its own greed for big profits last year and the eagerness of every newspaper always to have more pages than its rivals, cost what it may. No thought of a tomorrow seems to have entered into the calculations of publishers; no day of atonement has been on their calendar.

Even persistent warnings by the Government Forest Service Bureau at Washington have not entered their minds on the fundamental trouble—that there is not the timber standing to supply the demand. Only last Thursday Secretary of Agriculture Meredith told the Senate that "three-fifths of the original timber of the United States is gone, and we are using timber four times as fast as we are growing it."

This statement is not new, other government officials have made it over and over again. Gifford Pinchot in his recent interview in the Mail, presented statistics that proved it. Yet publishers persist in ignoring it and in placing the blame elsewhere. Now that the bill for their profligacy has to be paid, we are beginning to hear talk of conspiracy. In the aspirators, however, are the newspapers that have persisted in wasting print paper on the theory that, whatever the cost, advertisers could be forced to pay it. I doubt whether that theory will stand the test of the prices just announced.

Talk of three-cent newspapers! Five-cent newspapers are not a year away!

Letters to the Editor

Water Service

Editor Boston American:

From articles appearing lately in a daily paper we may understand that the introduction of the high-pressure water service is decided upon and may be expected soon. The plan adopted is also given, and has, as was feared, many seriously objectionable features.

With one of the two most important services of the city out of its control, it is inconceivable that it should now voluntarily place the other in private hands. To many this will appear poor business judgment, and if the service eliminates the fire engine from the centre of the city, as it may be expected to do, a great part of the city will be with very inadequate protection. In the many plans that have been considered various obstacles have been met, usually resulting in the abandonment of the plan. Regarding the expense, probably one-half the sum mentioned can complete the present work, but it cannot be done as some of the work in the past has been, requiring a dollar's supervision to every two dollars spent.

GEORGE HENRY.

West Medford.

Pay of Firemen

Editor Boston American:

It is with pleasure I read in your paper the help you gladly gave to the postmen. Now, why not confine ourselves to our own city for a while and help the Boston firemen, who are badly misrepresented? Mayor Peters said in regard to the carmen's pay that Boston firemen got $1,400 the first year, $1,500 second years, $1,600 third year, $1,700 fourth year and then $1,800, full pay. Either Mayor Peters is badly misinformed or he does not know what he is talking about. A man is full paid at the end of four years, but there is not a man on the fire department today getting more than $1,400, unless he is on four years or longer. I represent a number of men on over two years and some three years and eight months and all we get is $26.85 a week. It costs us as much to live as anybody else.

A FIREMAN